

CIN: U74900TZ2016PLC033423

Corp Office: #19/4, Sair Bagh'' Building, 4th Floor, Cunningham Road, Vasanth Nagar, Dr.Ambedkar Veedhi Bengaluru, Karnataka- 560001

NOTICE OF 9TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Ninth Annual General Meeting of Jana Holdings Limited will be held on **Friday, June 13, 2025** at **12 Noon IST** through video conferencing ("VC") at the registered office of the Company, #3rd Floor, Sri Krishna Towers, Sy. No./25B1, Krishnagiri Bye-Pass Road, Hosur East, Hosur, Krishnagiri–635109, Tamil Nadu (Deemed Venue), to transact the following businesses:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To consider and adopt the standalone and consolidated financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, together with the Board's Report and Auditors' Reports thereon.
- 2. Appointment of **Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy** (DIN: 08080999) who retires by rotation in terms of section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and, being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.
- 3. Appointment of Rao & Emmar, Chartered Accountants as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a term of three years.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an ORDINARY RESOLUTION

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 and 142 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, and in accordance with the circular dated April 27, 2021 issued by the Reserve Bank of India on Guidelines for Appointment of Statutory Auditors of NBFCs ("RBI Circular"), including any statutory amendment(s), modification(s) thereto or reenactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force, the Company hereby appoints, Rao & Emmar, Chartered Accountants (ICAI Firm Registration number: 003084S) who have confirmed their eligibility as per Section 141 of the Act and RBI Circular, be appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company to hold office for a term of 3 (three) consecutive years from the conclusion of Ninth Annual General Meeting ("AGM") till the conclusion of Twelfth AGM.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors (including any Committee thereof), be and is hereby authorised to decide and finalise the terms and conditions of appointment, including the remuneration of the Joint Statutory Auditors and to do all other acts, matters, deeds and things as may be deemed necessary or expedient to give effect to this resolution and for the matters connected therewith or incidental thereto."

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

4. Fixing an overall limit of the remuneration payable per annum to Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy, MD and CEO, till the completion of his tenure.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution with or without modification as a **SPECIAL RESOLUTION**:

"**RESOLVED THAT**, pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 198, 203 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Schedule V to the Act, and Regulation 17 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the overall limit on the remuneration payable to Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy (DIN: 08080999), Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, be and is hereby fixed at Rs. 2,00,00,000 (Rupees Two Crores only) per annum, for the remainder of his tenure ending on September 30, 2026, on the same terms and conditions as previously approved.



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RESOLVED FURTHER THAT in the event of absence of or in adequacy of profits in any financial year during the aforesaid period, Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy, Managing Director and CEO shall be entitled to the same salary, commission, perquisites and other benefits subject to the limits and conditions specified under Section II (A) of Part II of Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT any one Director of the Company, Chief Financial Officer of the Company and Company Secretary of the Company, be and are hereby severally authorised to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be deemed necessary, proper or expedient for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto including but not limited to complying with any regulatory requirements.

5. Approval for payment of remuneration to Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy, for the remaining tenure as a Managing Director of the Company:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution with or without modification as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 196, 197, read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable enactment, as amended from time to time, approval of the members of the Company be and is hereby accorded for payment of the Remuneration to Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy as Managing Director, for the remaining part of the tenure that is till September 30, 2026, with effect from April 1, 2025 on such terms and conditions as mentioned hereunder :

Particulars	Amt (Rs.) per Annum	
Fixed Compensation		
Basic	54,41,877	
HRA	27,20,939	
Special Allowance	31,04,123	
Misc. Allowance	23,38,551	
Employer PF	-	
Gross Salary(A)	1,36,05,489	
Perquisites	Nil	
Driver Salary	Nil	
Total Perquisites (B)	Nil	
Total (A) + (B)	1,36,05,489	
Variable Pay	20,15,628	
GRAND TOTAL	1,56,21,117	

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT in the event of absence of or in adequacy of profits in any financial year during the aforesaid period, Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy, Managing Director and CEO shall be entitled to the same salary, commission, perquisites and other benefits subject to the limits and conditions specified under Section II (A) of Part II of Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.



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RESOLVED FURTHER THAT any of the Directors of the company be and is hereby severally authorized to do such acts, deeds and to execute all such documents as may be required to give effect to the above resolution."

By Order of the Board of Directors of Jana Holdings Limited

Krishi Jain Company Secretary Membership No. A57527 Date: June 10, 2025 Place: Tamil Nadu



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Notes:

- 1. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), setting out the material facts relating to the business stated under Item No. 1, is annexed hereto.
- 2. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has vide various circulars issued from time to time has permitted convening the Annual General Meeting ("EGM") through Video Conferencing ("VC") or Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"), without the physical presence of the members at a common venue. The deemed venue for the AGM will be the Registered Office of the Company.
- 3. In compliance with the provisions of the Act read with <u>the</u> aforesaid MCA Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC via Microsoft Teams.
- For any technical assistance before or during the meeting, the following person may be contacted:-Name:- Krishi Jain Phone: +91 9819814262 Email: krishi,jain@janaholdings.co.in
- 5. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his / her behalf and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, pursuant to the MCA Circulars, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence, the Proxy Form, Attendance Slip and route map of the AGM are not annexed to this Notice. Since the AGM will be held through VC, the route map of the venue of the Meeting is not annexed hereto.
- 6. Corporate Members intending to appoint their authorised representatives to attend the AGM are required to send a certified copy (PDF Format) of its Board or Governing body Resolution/Authorization, etc., to the Company at the following email id krishi,jain@janaholdings.co.in.
- 7. The Notice is being sent to all the Members whose names appeared in the Register of Members as on the close of business hours on June 9, 2025.
- 8. Members who have not yet registered their email addresses are requested to register the same with their Depository Participants ("DPs").
- Notice of the AGM is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depositories. Members may note that the Notice of the meeting will also be available on the Company's website <u>https://www.janaholdings.co.in/</u>.
- 10. The Members are requested to click on the link sent to their registered email id for participating in the AGM. The facility for joining the AGM through VC will open 15 minutes before the scheduled time of the commencement of the AGM and will be kept open till the expiry of 15 minutes after the scheduled time of AGM.
- 11. The Members attending the AGM through VC shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
- 12. The relevant documents referred to in this Notice will be available for inspection by the Members without any fee, at the Registered Office and at the Corporate of the Company during normal business hours on any working day (except Saturday and Sunday) and also during the Meeting. The Members can send a request to the Company at krishi,jain@janaholdings.co.in to inspect the same.

In case a Poll on any item is demanded by the Members at the AGM, the Members shall cast their votes only by sending e-mails through their registered e-mail addresses to the following designated e-mail id krishi.jain@janacapital.co.in.



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EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

The Explanatory Statement, as required under section 102 of the companies Act, 2013 are as follows:

Item No. 4 & 5

Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy was appointed with effect from 1st October 2018 for a period of 5 years as MD and CEO of the Company which expired on 30th September 2023. Thereafter, he was re-appointed as MD and CEO for a further period of 3 years with effect from 1st October 2023 to 30th September 2026 with an overall CTC of Rs. 1,07,50,000 per annum.

Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy has been an invaluable asset for the Company handling various regulatory matters effectively. Considering his roles and responsibilities undertaken, job profile, qualifications, dedication, commitment, and hard work. The Board of Directors on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee have proposed an overall limit on the remuneration Rs.2,00,00,000 (Rupees Two crore) per annum payable him upto the completion of his tenure i.e. upto September 30, 2026, subject to the approval of the shareholders. The annual increments payable shall be recommended by the NRC and approved by the Board from time to time within the said overall limits. It is clarified that this item is only to fix the limits of remuneration payable to Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy for the approval of the members and does not intend to increase the remuneration. The annual increments will be at the discretion of NRC and the Board for taking up in the respective years appropriately within this overall limit.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors at the meeting held on 09th May 2025, as part of the annual performance evaluation, deliberated on the performance of Mr.Rajamani Muthuchamy. The Board noted from the records of the Company that Mr. Rajamani has been discharging his duties and responsibilities to the utmost satisfaction of the Board. The Board also noted that, given the current state of the Company, he has spared no effort to help the Company navigate through the troubled waters.

The Board recommended payment of 12.5% increment on the existing CTC of Rs. 1,20,93,768 per annum on the basis of his performance during 2024-25. The increment shall be subject to the overall limit to be approved by the Shareholders as mentioned in Agenda item no. 4 i.e. Rs.2,00,00,000 per annum (Rupees Two crore only per annum).

Name of the Director	Mr. Raja	amani Muthuchamy	1
Date of Birth/age	04/05/1958		
	67 years	6	
Qualifications	M.Sc. in Agricultural Extension and Served in Indian		
	Adminis	trative Service.	
Date of appointment on the Board	October	1, 2018	
Remuneration last Drawn (FY-2024-25)	Period Remuneration		
		1 st October	Rs. 66,15,000 per
		2018 onwards	annum
		1 st April 2021	Rs. 86,00,000 per
		onwards	annum

Details pursuant to clause 1.2.5 of SS-2 and as per Schedule V are as follows:



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	1 st April 2023 Rs. 1,07,50,000 per onwards annum 1 st April 2024 Rs. 1,20,93,768 Per
Experience/Brief Profile	onwards annum Mr. Rajamani belongs to 1982 batch of Indian
Experience/Brief Profile	Mr. Rajamani belongs to 1982 batch of Indian Administrative Service. He is a Post-Graduate in Agricultural Extension. He served in several administrative positions in the State of Orissa for about 20 years till November 2002. He was on Central Deputation to the Government of India as Joint Secretary in the Ministry of Urban Development from December 2002 to November 2007 during which period he was one of the key persons in designing and launching of Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission (JNNURM), the largest reform- linked flagship programme of the Government of India for improving cities. He became Mission Director of JNNURM and put it on a firm footing. He also functioned as Joint Secretary in-charge of Administration of Ministry of Urban Development and Ministry of Housing and urban Poverty Alleviation, Ex- officio Chairman of Town and Country Planning Organization and Joint Secretary in-charge of Central Public Health Engineering and Environmental Organization through which water supply and sanitation programmes of the Government of India were implemented throughout the country.
	Mr. Rajamani has vast administrative experience spanning over 29 years. He served as District Magistrate and Collector of Kalahandi district of Orissa, that forms part of naxal corridor of the country He had taken several initiatives for the district's all- round development, particularly education, rura connectivity, irrigation, drought proofing, afforestation and agriculture. He made a significant contribution to poverty reduction in the district that was once internationally infamous for abject poverty. He also functioned as, inter alia, Vice Chairman of Bhubaneswar Development Authority, Administrator of Bhubaneswar Municipal Corporation, Secretary in the Department of Agriculture, Special Secretary in the Department of Mines and Managing Director of Orissa Mining Corporation in the State Government of Orissa.
	He joined Janaadhar India Private Limited, a pureplay affordable housing company, in 2012 as Senior Vice

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> President (Policy Advocacy) after his voluntary retirement from Indian Administrative Service in 2011. During his stint with the Company, he reviewed the Government of India's policy on affordable housing, attended the meetings of Task force set up by the Ministry of Housing and Poverty Alleviation for revamping the affordable housing policy and provided inputs for shaping the policy on affordable housing. He also worked on the affordable housing policies of the State governments of Karnataka, Gujarat and Rajasthan to make them more attractive and doable on the ground.

> He then moved to Janalakshmi Financial Services, an NBFC-MFI, and started Public Finance Vertical that focused on financing of urban infrastructure Projects in Tier-II towns. The Sectors financed by the Vertical include Affordable Housing, Education, Healthcare, Logistics, Renewable Energy, Transport and Roads and Water & Sanitation. He headed the Vertical from 2015 to 2017. In 2018 when Janalakshmi Financial services became Jana Small Finance bank, he acted as consultant to Bank till he became MD & CEO of Jana Holdings Limited in October 2018. Jana Holdings Limited is a Non-operative Financial Holding Company (NOFHC) that holds 42.08% stake in Jana Small Finance Bank. He was also appointed as MD & CEO of Jana Capital Limited in February 2020. Jana Holdings Limited is wholly Owned Subsidiary of Jana Capital Limited. He is currently MD & CEO of Holding Company and its Wholly Owned Subsidiary. He has, thus, acquired 12 years of experience working in the Private Sector in the areas of affordable housing, micro-finance, and Banking. Both Holding Company and NOFHC are registered with the RBI and were required to be set up as per the licensing conditions of the RBI for establishing Small Finance Banks in the Private Sector. The core function of both the companies is to hold the investment of the Promoter in Jana Small Finance Bank and raise money from the market to adequately capitalize Jana Small Finance bank. Companies are required to meet the regulatory requirements of the RBI, SEBI and MCA.

> Mr. Rajamani has acquitted himself very well in Indian Administrative Service and has acquired skills in planning, policy formulation, implementation and monitoring of projects and programmes during his

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	Mining, Municipal Admin Development.	eneral Administration, istration and Urban	
Terms and conditions of appointment / re- appointment	The main terms and conditions are as follows: Period - From 1 st October 2023 to 30 th September		
	2026 (unchanged)		
	Remuneration	a follows:	
	Break up of remuneration is a	as ionows.	
	Encashment of leave at the e		
	included in the computation of		
		Revised (after 12.5% p.a. increment)	
	Particulars	Amt (Rs.) per Annum	
	Fixed Compensation		
	Basic	54,41,877	
	HRA	27,20,939	
	Special Allowance	31,04,123	
	Misc. Allowance	23,38,551	
	Employer PF	-	
	Gross Salary(A)	1,36,05,489	
	Perquisites	Nil	
	Driver Salary	Nil	
	Total Perquisites (B)	Nil	
	Total (A) + (B)	1,36,05,489	
	Variable Pay GRAND TOTAL	20,15,628	
	GRANDTOTAL	1,56,21,117	
	Nature of Duties –		
	He shall devote his whole ti	me and attention to the	
	business of the Company in a		
	duty as MD and CEO of the Holding Company and carry	-	
	be entrusted to him by the B	•	
	and separately communica	ted to him and such	
	powers as may be assign	=	
	superintendence, control and in connection with and in the		
	business of the Company a		
	one or more of its associa	ated companies and/or	
	subsidiaries, including perform	ming duties as assigned	

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	by the Board from time to time by serving on the boards of such associated companies and/or subsidiaries or any other executive body or an committee of such company. Other terms of Appointment Other terms and conditions of appointment shall be		
	as contained in the appo	pintment letter.	
Directorship held in other Companies (excluding foreign companies) as on date	Blackbuck Finserve Private Limited Jana Holdings Limited (Managing Director and CEO) Zinka Logistics Solutions Limited Spinny Capital Private Limited		
Memberships of committees across companies (only Statutory Committees as required to be constituted under the Act considered)	He also holds the position of MD and CEO of Jana Capital Limited (JCL) as permitted under Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013. He is a member/chairman in the following committees in the Jana Holdings Limited.		
	Name of the	Whether	
	Committee	Member/Chairman	
	Risk Management	Member	
	Asset & Liability Committee	Chairman	
	IT strategy committee	Member	
	Outsourcing Committee	Chairman	
	Stakeholders Relationship Committee	Member	
	Audit Committee	Member	
	Follow up and Monitoring of Frauds Committee	Chairman	
	He is a member/Chairman in Jana Capital Lim (Holding Company) in the following committees: Name of the Whether		
	Committee	Member/Chairman	
	Audit committee	Member	
	Risk Management Committee	Chairman	
	Asset & Liability Committee	Chairman	
		NA	
	IT strategy committee	Member	

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	Stakeholders		Member		
	Relationship		Member		
	committee				
		Diale	Member		
	Group	Risk	wember		
	Management				
	Committee		<u>.</u>		
	Follow up	and	Chairmar	1	
	Monitoring of Fr	auds			
	Committee				
Shareholding in the Company (Equity)	10 shares held on	behalf	of Jana C	apital Limited	
Relationship with other Directors / Manager	Nil				
/ Key Managerial Personnel					
Number of Board meetings attended during	8 out of 8 meeting	s held			
the FY 2024-25					
Nature of Industry	Non-Deposit takin	g Non-	Operating	Financial Holdin	ng
	Company.				
Date or expected date of commencement of	Not applicable as				
commercial production:	operations except	invest	ment in gr	oup Companies.	
In case of new companies, expected date of	Not Applicable				
commencement of activities as per project					
approved by financial institutions appearing					
in the prospectus					
Financial performance	Particulars	2024	-25	2023-24	
Financial performance	Particulars Gross Revenue	2024 0.23	-25	2023-24 1123.30	
Financial performance	Gross Revenue Profit / (Loss)			1123.30	
Financial performance	Gross Revenue	0.23			_
Financial performance	Gross Revenue Profit / (Loss) Before Tax Less: Provision	0.23		1123.30	-
Financial performance	Gross Revenue Profit / (Loss) Before Tax	0.23 (186. -	01)	1123.30	-
Financial performance	Gross Revenue Profit / (Loss) Before Tax Less: Provision	0.23 (186.	01)	1123.30	
Financial performance	Gross Revenue Profit / (Loss) Before Tax Less: Provision for Taxation	0.23 (186. -	01)	1123.30 (460.41) -	_
Financial performance	Gross Revenue Profit / (Loss) Before Tax Less: Provision for Taxation Net Profit/	0.23 (186. -	01)	1123.30 (460.41) -	-
Financial performance	Gross Revenue Profit / (Loss) Before Tax Less: Provision for Taxation Net Profit/ (loss) after	0.23 (186. - (186.	01) 01)	1123.30 (460.41) - (460.41)	
	Gross Revenue Profit / (Loss) Before Tax Less: Provision for Taxation Net Profit/ (loss) after Tax	0.23 (186. - (186.	01) 01)	1123.30 (460.41) - (460.41)	
	Gross Revenue Profit / (Loss) Before Tax Less: Provision for Taxation Net Profit/ (loss) after Tax	0.23 (186. - (186. gn inve	01) 01)	1123.30 (460.41) - (460.41)	
Foreign investments or collaborations, if any	Gross Revenue Profit / (Loss) Before Tax Less: Provision for Taxation Net Profit/ (loss) after Tax There are no forei	0.23 (186. - (186. gn inve	01) 01)	1123.30 (460.41) - (460.41)	
Foreign investments or collaborations, if any Recognition or awards	Gross RevenueProfit / (Loss)Before TaxLess: Provisionfor TaxationNetProfit/(loss)afterTaxThere are no foreiMentioned in pointConsideringconsideringtheeducationalquadratic	0.23 (186. - (186. gn inve t (f). kno alificati	01) 01) estments c wledge, on of	1123.30 (460.41) - (460.41) r collaborations. experience ar Mr. Rajama	nd
Foreign investments or collaborations, if any Recognition or awards	Gross RevenueProfit / (Loss)Before TaxLess: Provisionfor TaxationNetProfit/(loss)afterTaxThere are no foreiMentioned in pointConsideringConsideringtheeducationalquadMuthuchamy the	0.23 (186. - (186. gn inve t (f). kno alificati Board	01) 01) estments c wledge, on of of Directo	1123.30 (460.41) - (460.41) or collaborations. experience ar Mr. Rajama rs on the basis	nd ini of
Foreign investments or collaborations, if any Recognition or awards	Gross RevenueProfit / (Loss)Before TaxLess: Provisionfor TaxationNetProfit/(loss)afterTaxThere are no foreiMentioned in pointConsideringConsideringtheeducationalquaMuthuchamy therecommendation	0.23 (186. - (186. gn inve t (f). kno alificati Board of Nor	01) 01) estments c wledge, on of of Directo nination a	1123.30 (460.41) - (460.41) r collaborations. experience ar Mr. Rajama rs on the basis nd Remuneratio	nd ini of on
Foreign investments or collaborations, if any Recognition or awards	Gross RevenueProfit / (Loss)Before TaxLess: Provisionfor TaxationNetProfit/(loss)afterTaxThere are no foreiMentioned in pointConsideringconsideringtheeducationalquadMuthuchamytherecommendationCommitteehave	0.23 (186. - (186. gn inve t (f). kno alificati Board of Nor re-app	01) 01) estments of wledge, on of of Directo nination a ointed hin	1123.30 (460.41) - (460.41) or collaborations. experience ar Mr. Rajama rs on the basis nd Remuneration n as the MD ar	nd ini of on nd
Foreign investments or collaborations, if any Recognition or awards	Gross RevenueProfit / (Loss)Before TaxLess: Provisionfor TaxationNetProfit/(loss)afterTaxThere are no foreiMentioned in pointConsideringconsideringtheeducationalquadMuthuchamy therecommendationCommitteehaveCEO with effect from	0.23 (186. - (186. gn inve t (f). kno alificati Board of Nor re-app om 1 st	01) 01) estments c wledge, on of of Directo nination a ointed hin October 2	1123.30 (460.41) - (460.41) or collaborations. experience ar Mr. Rajama rs on the basis nd Remuneration n as the MD ar 023 for a period	nd ini of on nd of
Foreign investments or collaborations, if any Recognition or awards	Gross RevenueProfit / (Loss)Before TaxLess: Provisionfor TaxationNetProfit/(loss)afterTaxThere are no foreiMentioned in pointConsideringConsideringtheeducationalquadMuthuchamy therecommendationCommitteeCommitteeAveCEO with effect from3 years and his a	0.23 (186. - (186. gn inve t (f). kno alificati Board of Nor re-app om 1 st appoint	01) 01) estments of of Directo nination a ointed hin October 2 ment was	1123.30 (460.41) - (460.41) or collaborations. experience ar Mr. Rajama rs on the basis nd Remuneration n as the MD ar 023 for a period approved by th	nd ini of on nd of
Foreign investments or collaborations, if any Recognition or awards	Gross RevenueProfit / (Loss)Before TaxLess: Provisionfor TaxationNetProfit/(loss)afterTaxThere are no foreiMentioned in pointConsideringconsideringtheeducationalquadMuthuchamy therecommendationCommitteehaveCEO with effect from	0.23 (186. - (186. gn inve t (f). kno alificati Board of Nor re-app om 1 st appoint	01) 01) estments of of Directo nination a ointed hin October 2 ment was	1123.30 (460.41) - (460.41) or collaborations. experience ar Mr. Rajama rs on the basis nd Remuneration n as the MD ar 023 for a period approved by th	nd ini of on nd of
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Foreign investments or collaborations, if any Recognition or awards Job profile and his suitability Comparative remuneration profile with	Gross RevenueProfit / (Loss)Before TaxLess: Provisionfor TaxationNetProfit/(loss)afterTaxThere are no foreiMentioned in pointConsideringConsideringtheeducationalquadMuthuchamy therecommendationCommitteeCeO with effect from3 years and his amembers at the AThe remuneration	0.23 (186. - (186. gn inve t (f). kno alificati Board of Nor re-app om 1 st appoint GM he propos	01) 01) estments of of Directo nination a ointed hin October 2 ment was Id on 13 th	1123.30 (460.41) - (460.41) or collaborations. experience ar Mr. Rajama rs on the basis nd Remuneration n as the MD ar 023 for a period approved by the July 2023.	nd ini of on of ne te
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CIN: U74900TZ2016PLC033423

Corp Office: #19/4, Sair Bagh'' Building, 4th Floor, Cunningham Road, Vasanth Nagar, Dr.Ambedkar Veedhi Bengaluru, Karnataka- 560001

Pecuniary relationship directly or indirectly with the company, or relationship with the managerial personnel or other director, if any:	Besides the remuneration proposed to be paid to Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy, he does not have any other pecuniary relationship with the Company or relationships with any other managerial personnel and Directors.
Expected increase in productivity and profits in measurable terms:	Increase in productivity is not applicable as the Company has no operations. The Company cannot measure any profits currently.

In accordance with the provisions contained in Section 196, 197, 198 and 203 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Schedule V and applicable rules, approval of the Members is requested by way of a **Special Resolution** for the revised terms of remuneration of Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy, as stated in the resolution at Item No. 4 and 5.

Except for Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy, none of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and/or their relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out in Item No. 4 and 5.

The Board of Directors of the Company recommends the Resolution to be passed as a Special Resolution as set out in Item No. 4 and 5 in the accompanying Notice for the approval of the members.

By Order of the Board of Directors of Jana Holdings Limited

Krishi Jain Company Secretary Membership No. A57527 Date: June 10, 2025 Place: Tamil Nadu



JANA HOLDINGS LIMITED NINETH ANNUAL REPORT FY 2024-25

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors:

Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy Mr. S. V Ranganath Mrs. Rajalakshmi Ambady Mr. Abraham Chacko

- Non-Executive Chairman and Director
- MD and CEO

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-

- Independent Director
- Independent Director
- Independent Director

Statutory Auditors

Murali & Venkat, Chartered Accountants, Address: #1605A, 28th Main Road, Road, Kalina, 29th Cross, Banashankari 2nd Stage, Santacruz (East). Bangalore, KA- 560070

Registered Office

3rd Floor, Sri Krishna Towers, Sy. No./25B1, Krishnagiri Bye-Pass Road, Hosur East, Hosur, Krishnagiri – 635109, Tamil Nadu

Ph: +91 98453 65595; Website: http://janacapital.co.in

Corporate Office

#19/4, Sair Bagh" Building, 4th Floor, Cunningham Road, Vasanth Nagar, Dr. Ambedkar Veedhi Bengaluru, Karnataka - 560001

Ph: +91 98453 65595; Website: http://janacapital.co.in

Bankers

HDFC Bank Limited, Federal Bank Limited, Jana Small Finance Bank Limited

Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management

Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy, MD and CEO Mr. Srinivas N R, Chief Financial Officer Ms. Krishi Jain, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Registrar and Share transfer agent

KFin Technologies Pvt. Ltd. Selenium Tower B, Plot 31 & 32, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally Mandal, Hyderabad - 500 032, Telangana. Email: einward.ris@kfintech.com; web: https://www.kfintech.com

Debenture Trustees

Catalyst Trusteeship Limited. Address: Office No. 604, 6th floor, Windsor, C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Santacruz (East), Mumbai 400098

The Members of Jana Holdings Limited,

Your Directors are pleased to present the 9th Annual Report on the business and the state of affairs of the Company together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2025.

	Standalone		
Particulars	Year ended March 31,	Year ended March 31,	
	2025	2024	
Interest Income	2,293.13	494.14	
Gain from purchase of	0.00		
securities		0.00	
Total Revenue from	2,293.13	494.14	
Operations			
Other Income	0.00	1,12,32,514.50	
Total Income	2,293.13	1,12,33,008.64	
Total Expenditure	18,62,427.66	1,58,37,179.52	
Profit/(Loss) before	(18,60,134.53)	(46,04,170.88)	
Taxation			
Tax expenses	0.00		
Profit/(Loss) after Taxation	(18,60,134.53)	(46,04,170.88)	
Surplus/(deficit) carried to	(18,60,134.53)	(46,04,170.88)	
the Balance Sheet			

1. Financial Highlights based on the Standalone and Consolidated financials of the Company: (Rs. in Thousands)

	Consolidated		
Particulars	Year ended March 31, Year ended March 31,		
	2025		
Interest Income	2,293.13	494.14	
Gain from purchase of	0.00	0.00	
securities			
Total Revenue from	2,293.13	494.14	
Operations			
Other Income	0.00	1,12,32,514.50	
Total Income	2,293.13	1,12,33,008.64	
Total Expenditure	18,34,348.31	81,69,364.98	
Profit/(Loss) before	(18,32,055.17)	30,63,643.65	
Taxation			
Tax expenses	0.00	0.00	

	Consolidated			
Particulars	Year ended March 31, Year ended March 31, 20			
	2025			
Share of Profit/(loss) of the	1,71,098.06	25,06,276.87		
associate accounted for				
using equity method				
Profit/(Loss) after Taxation	(16,60,957.11)	55,69,920.53		
Surplus/(deficit) carried to	(16,60,957.11)	55,69,920.53		
the Balance Sheet				

2. State of Company affairs:

The Company is a Non-Operative Financial Holding Company (NOFHC) which holds the investment in Jana Small Finance Bank Limited, Associate Company. The Company does not have any other operations except holding the Investments in its Associate Company. The Company is registered with the RBI as NBFC-ND-SI. The Company falls under base layer as per the Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company –Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023.

3. Dividend:

During the year under review, the Company has not proposed any dividend as the Company has suffered losses.

4. Amount proposed to be carried to reserves:

No amount was carried to reserves during the year under review in view of losses as stated above.

5. Share Capital:

The Authorised share capital of the Company as on 31st March 2025 was Rs. 50,00,00,000/-(Rupees fifty crores only) consisting of 3,50,00,000 equity shares having face value of Rs.10 each amounting to Rs. 35,00,00,000/- and 1,50,00,000 preference shares of face value of Rs. 10 each amounting to Rs. 15,00,00,000/-.

The Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital of the Company stood at Rs. 22,90,98,960 /- comprised in 22,909,896 equity shares of Rs. 10 face value each as on 31st March 2025.

During the year under review, there was no change in the Authorised, Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up capital of the Company.

6. Registered Office of the Company:

During the year, the Company shifted its registered office from #19/4, Sair Bagh" Building, 4th Floor, Cunningham Road, Vasanth Nagar, Dr. Ambedkar Veedhi Bengaluru, Karnataka- 560001 to 3rd Floor, Sri Krishna Towers, Sy. No./25B1, Krishnagiri Bye-Pass Road, Hosur, Tamil Nadu 635109 with the consent of the Regional Director, South-East Region, Hyderabad.

During the year, the Company designated #19/4, Sair Bagh" Building, 4th Floor, Cunningham Road, Vasanth Nagar, Dr. Ambedkar Veedhi Bengaluru, Karnataka- 560001 as its Corporate Office.

During the year, the Company has changed the place of keeping and maintaining books of accounts of the Company and other documents to #19/4, Sair Bagh" Building, 4th Floor, Cunningham Road, Vasanth Nagar, Dr. Ambedkar Veedhi Bengaluru, Karnataka- 560001, the Corporate Office of the Company.

7. RBI Compliance:

The Company continues to comply with the RBI regulations as applicable to it. The Company being a NOFHC has not accepted any deposits from the public during the year under review and shall not accept any deposits from the public without obtaining prior approval of the RBI.

Further, the Company being an NBFC, disclosure requirements under Chapter V of the Act read with Rule 8(5)(v) and 8(5)(vi) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company.

The Company has also complied with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and other applicable rules/regulations/guidelines, issued from time to time.

8. Debentures:

During the year under review, the Company has not issued any Debentures.

9. Change in Directors & Key Managerial Personnel:

The composition of the Board is in compliant with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, ("Act") and the rules framed thereunder, guideline(s) issued by the Reserve Bank of India, SEBI (Listing and Obligations Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and other applicable laws.

During the year, there was no change in the composition of the Board of Directors.

During the year, the changes in the Key Managerial Personnel(s) of the Company is as stated below:

Sr.	Name of the KMP	Designation	Nature of	Effective Date
No.			Change	
1.	Ms. Vidya Sridharan	Company	Resignation	Closing of business
		Secretary and		hours of July 29, 2024
		Compliance Officer		
2.	Mr. S. Gopalkrishnan	Chief Financial	Resignation	July 4, 2024
		Officer		

Sr.	Name of the KMP	Designation	Nature of	Effective Date
No.			Change	
3.	Ms. Krishi Jain	Company	Appointment	August 1, 2024
		Secretary and		
		Compliance Officer		
4.	Mr. Srinivas N R	Chief Financial	Appointment	July 4, 2024
		Officer		

10. Policy on Appointment of Directors and Senior Management Personnel:

In terms of Section 178 of the Act read with rules framed thereunder and the RBI Master Directions, the Board has adopted, 'Policy on Fit & Proper Criteria for appointment of Directors. The said policy has been updated on the website (https://www.janaholdings.co.in) of the Company.

11. Board of Directors:

The constitution of the Board of Directors of the Company as on 31st March 2025 was as follows:

Sr.	Name of the Director	Designation
No.		
1.	Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan	Chairman and Non-Executive Director
2.	Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	Managing Director and CEO
3.	Mr. Sakalespur Visweswaraiya Ranganath	Independent Director
4.	Mr. Abraham Chacko	Independent Director
5.	Mrs. Rajalakshmi Ambady	Independent Director

The composition of the Board is in accordance with the provisions of Section 149 of the Act and Regulation 17 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), with an appropriate combination of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors.

As on the date of this report, the Board of Directors of the Company comprises 5 directors comprising 3 Independent Directors (including 1 woman director), 1 Non-executive Non-Independent Director and 1 Executive Director.

12. Declarations from the Directors:

Based on the declarations and confirmations received in terms of the applicable provisions of the Act, circulars, notifications and directions issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the Act, none of the Directors of the Company are disqualified from being appointed as Directors of the Company. The Company has received necessary declarations from the Independent Directors, affirming compliance with the criteria of independence stipulated under Section 149(6) of the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations.

13. A statement regarding Independent Directors:

All Independent Directors have submitted the declaration of independence, pursuant to the provisions of Section 149(7) of the Act and Regulation 25(8) of the Listing Regulations, stating that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act and Regulations 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exist or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact his/her ability to discharge his/ her duties with an objective independent judgment and without any external influence.

Further the terms and conditions of appointment of Independent Directors are available on the website of the Company viz. (https://www.janaholdings.co.in). The Board is of the opinion that the Independent Directors of the Company possess requisite qualifications, experience and expertise and hold highest standards of integrity

14. Declaration of compliance with the Code of Conduct for the Directors and Members of Senior Management Personnel and Fit and Proper Criteria:

Each of the Directors of the Company has confirmed that they satisfy the "fit and proper" criteria as prescribed under Chapter XXIII of RBI Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023 (as amended from time to time) and that they are not disqualified from being appointed/ continuing as Directors in terms of section 164(2) of the Act. Further, all the Directors and Senior Management of the Company have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct of the Company.

15. Director(s) retiring by rotation:

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read along with the applicable Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy retires by rotation and being eligible, offered himself for re-appointment.

16. Key Managerial Personnel:

During the year under review, following were the changes in the Key Managerial Personnel(s) of the Company as per Section 203 of the Act:

Ms. Vidya Sridharan resigned as the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company w.e.f. closure of business hours of July 29, 2024, due to career growth and advancement.

Mr. S. Gopalkrishnan resigned as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company w.e.f. July 4, 2024, due to personal commitments and age factor.

Ms. Krishi Jain who was the Chief Compliance Officer of the Company was re-designated as the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company w.e.f. August 1, 2024.

Mr. Srinivas N R was appointed as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company w.e.f. July 4, 2024.

17. Board Diversity:

The Company recognises and embraces the importance of a diverse Board. The Company believes that a truly diverse Board will leverage differences in thought, perspective, knowledge, skills, regional and industry experience, cultural and geographical backgrounds, age, ethnicity, race, gender that will help us retain our competitive advantage.

The policy regarding diversity of the Board forms part of Policy on appointment of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel, remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Employees, approved by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Board of Directors is displayed on the website of the Company at (https://www.janaholdings.co.in).

18. Subsidiaries / Joint Venture / Associate Companies:

Jana Small Finance Bank Limited (JSFB) continues to be the Associate Company in accordance with the provisions of the Act. The Company holds 22.28% equity shares in JSFB as on March 31, 2025. Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of Associate Company in Form AOC-1 is attached as Annexure-1.

Brief contribution and performance of Jana Small Finance Bank Limited, Associate Company are as follows:

The total income increased from Rs.4684.05 crores (FY 2023-24) to Rs. 5485.65 crores (FY 2024-25). The total expenditure increased from Rs. 3490.74 crores (FY 2023-24) to Rs. 4259.28 crores (FY 2024-25). The Net profit decreased from Rs. 669.54 crores (FY 2023-24) to Rs. 501.42 crores (FY2024-25).

19. Transfer of Unclaimed Dividend to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF):

Since there was no amount lying with respect to the unpaid/unclaimed Dividend, the provisions of Section 125 of the Act, do not apply.

20. Compliance Monitoring System:

In terms of provisions of Section 134(5)(f) of the Act, the Company has right resources for effectively monitoring to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

21. Amalgamation:

The Board at its meeting held on October 21, 2019, and December 09, 2019, approved fast-track method for merging Jana Holdings Limited (JHL), being the wholly owned Non-Operative Financial Holding Company (NOFHC), with its Holding as well as Core Investment Company, Jana Capital Limited after receiving the In-principle approval from the RBI on 10th August 2020. As per the existing guidelines, the requirement of having a NOFHC has been dispensed with by the RBI for setting up small finance Banks and Universal Banks. Further, such a merger of the wholly owned subsidiary with the Holding Company will simplify the compliances to be reported to various Regulatory Authorities, besides resulting in lower operating costs. After the receipt of the

in-principle approval from the RBI, the Board of Directors of the transferor and the Transferee Companies met on 24th August 2020 and approved the Scheme of Amalgamation of Jana Holdings Limited (Wholly Owned subs1dlary) with Jana capital Limited (Holding Company).

Jana Capital limited, transferee Company submitted necessary application to the Regional Director, South-East Region, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Hyderabad, on 6th November 2020 for obtaining approval of Amalgamation under Section 233 of the Companies Act, 2013. Regional Director, Ministry of Company Affairs, Hyderabad vide letter dated 26th March 2021 rejected the application filed on 6th November 2020 for the merger of JHL with JCL, since JHL had obtained consent from the creditors to the extent of 82.78% in value as against the minimum threshold of consent from 90% of the creditors in value as required under Section 233 of the Companies Act, 2013 and, as such, the provisions of Section 233(1)(d) could not be fully complied with. The Board of Directors considered the aforesaid rejection order and resolved to file the fresh merger application subject to the approval of the Scheme by the Board of Directors, Shareholders, Creditors, and such other authorities as may be required. Accordingly, the Board of directors of both Jana Holdings Limited and Jana Capital Limited on November 14, 2022, have once again approved the scheme of amalgamation and resolved to apply afresh for the merger of the company with Jana Capital Limited, the Holding Company. In line with the decision of the Board of Directors, the company has taken steps to obtain affidavit in the prescribed Formats from the creditors and shareholders for the merger.

However. the Company, in the meanwhile, received a request from Jana Small Finance Bank Limited (JSFBJ regarding the merger and, due to certain commercial considerations, the Company has decided to put the merger on hold till the listing process of the Jana Small Finance Bank Is completed. JSFB shares are already listed with effect from 14th February 2024.

The Company received the In-principle approval afresh from RBI on July 29, 2024.

Further, in order to mitigate the stamp duty implications associated with the approval of the merger scheme by the NCLT, the Company shifted its registered office from the State of Karnataka to the State of Tamil Nadu w.e.f. January 24, 2025, basis the approval of the Regional Director South East Region, Hyderabad, Ministry of Corporate Affair and other regulatory approvals and consequently the Clause II of the Memorandum of Association of the Company was altered to that extent.

The Board re-approved the draft scheme of amalgamation on February 3, 2025, as the previous approval was dated.

The Company has obtained the consent from all the shareholders and debenture holders in the prescribed format.

The Company has applied to the BSE for its in-principle approval and the same has been further commended to SEBI for its approval. The Company has responded to the queries raised by SEBI and the in-principle approval is awaited.

22. Credit Rating:

The following ratings were given by India Ratings and Research Pvt Ltd during the year under review:

Sr. No.	Rating date	Rating Agency	Rating
1.	January 31, 2025	India Ratings and Research	IND BB/Stable
		Pvt Ltd	

23. Particulars of Deposits:

The Company has been granted Certificate of Registration by the RBI to carry on the business of non-banking financial Institution without accepting public deposits. Accordingly, the provisions of Section 73 and Section 74 of the Act read with Rule 8(5)(v) & (vi) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, are not applicable to the Company.

During the year under review, the Company had neither accepted nor held any deposits from the public and shall not accept any deposits from the public without obtaining prior approval from the Reserve Bank of India.

24. Extracts of the Annual Return:

In accordance with the notification by MCA dated 28th August 2020, the Company is not required to attach the extract of the Annual return with the Board's report in form MGT-9, if the web link of such annual return has been disclosed in the Board's report in accordance with sub-section (3) of Section 92 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the Company having the website has uploaded its Annual Return and the same can be accessed from the website (http://janaholdings.co.in) of the Company.

25. Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties:

During the period under review, there was no new contract entered with the related party. Details of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 are given in **Form AOC-2** forming part of **Annexure-2** of this Report.

Related Party Transaction Policy is placed on the website of the Company and the same can be accessed from the website ((http://janaholdings.co.in)) of the Company.

26. Particulars of Loans, Guarantees and Investments:

During the year under review, the following investments were made:

Sr.	Name of Company	Amount	Date	of	Particulars
No.		invested	Investment		
		Nil			

The provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 pertaining to granting of loans to any persons or body corporate and giving of guarantees or providing security in connection with the loan to any other body corporate or persons are not applicable to the Company, since the Company is a Non-Banking Financial Company, registered with Reserve Bank of India.

27. Internal Financial Control Systems:

Pursuant to Section 134(5)(e) your Company has a proper and an adequate system of Internal Financial Control, commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. To maintain its objectivity and independence, the Company has appointed Ramesh Ashwin & Karanth, Chartered Accountants as Internal Auditor who conducted the Internal Audit of the Company for the Financial Year 2024-25 on a voluntary basis as the said provision is not applicable to the Company as per rule 2A of Companies (Specification of definitions details) Rules, 2014 with effect from 1st April 2021. The Internal Auditor, appointed as aforesaid, monitors and evaluates the efficacy and adequacy of internal financial control system in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies of the Company. Based on the internal audit report, process owners undertake corrective action in their respective areas and thereby strengthen the controls. Significant audit observations and corrective actions, if any, are presented to the Audit Committee of the Board. During the year under review, such controls were tested by the Internal Auditors of the Company and no material weaknesses in the design or operations were observed.

28. Conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo:

A. Conservation of Energy

Your Company, with a view to conserving energy wherever possible and practicable, has implemented suitable devices. As far as possible, natural light is used during the daytime. CFL/LED lamps/ monitors are used to save power consumption. Further, awareness is also created among the employees on the need to conserve the energy in their workplace. There was no capital investment in this regard.

B. Technology Absorption

Your Company being Core Investment Company does not have any operation except for holding investment in Jana Holdings Limited (JHL). As such the Company has updated technology to work effectively as far as the extent and scope for which the Company is concerned.

C. Research & Development Activities (R & D)

Since the Company does not have operations on its own no research and development activities are carried out.

D. Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo

There were no foreign exchange earnings and outgo during the year under review.

29. Risk Management:

The Company has constituted a Risk Management Committee ("RMC") in terms of the requirements of Regulation 21 of the Listing Regulations and RBI. The details of the same are disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report.

The Company has a risk management framework and Board members are informed about risk assessment and minimisation procedures and periodical review to ensure management controls risk by means of a properly designed framework.

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise debt securities and sundry payables. The Company's financial liabilities arise mainly due to the borrowings for the purpose of making investments in its operating entity. The Company's principal financial assets include investments in associate company, cash and cash equivalents, balances in banks other than cash and cash equivalents.

The Company, as it advances towards its business objectives and goals, is often subjected to various risks. Credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk and operational risk are some of the risks that the Company is exposed to and details of the same are provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report as appended to the Directors' Report.

30. Nomination and Remuneration policy:

Disclosure of remuneration & particulars of employees

In terms of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, your Board has adopted a 'Nomination and Remuneration Policy' setting out the criteria for deciding remuneration of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors, Key Management Personnel, Senior Management and Other employees. The said Policy is available on the website (http://janaholdings.co.in) of the Company.

In terms of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014, the disclosures with respect to the remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Employees of the Company are not applicable to the Company w.e.f. 1st April 2021 pursuant to rule 2A of Companies (Specification of definitions details) Rules, 2014 as the Company is not covered under the definition of listed Company.

The Board hereby confirms that the remuneration paid to the Directors is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

31. Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR"):

The CSR committee was formed as per the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. Section 135(9) of the Companies Amendment Act, 2020 notified on 28th September 2020 effective

from 22nd January 2021 provides that, if the amount to be spent by a company under Section 135(5) for CSR activity, does not exceed fifty lakh rupees, then the Company is not required to constitute the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and the functions of such Committee provided under this section shall be discharged by the Board. Accordingly, the CSR committee was dissolved by the Board on March 4th, 2021. The CSR policy formulated by the Company pursuant to Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been placed on the website (http://janaholdings.co.in) of the Company.

The guiding principles of this policy are to reach out to underprivileged and underserved communities to address fundamental challenges in our society, thereby generating opportunities for better livelihood and building a more inclusive society. We shall mainly focus on the following areas which are aligned to Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013:

- Education and skill development
- Environmental sustainability including water and sanitation, green energy, afforestation
- Livelihood
- Health & Nutrition

During the year under review, the Company was not required to spend any amount towards CSR expenditure.

32. Whistle Blower / Vigil Mechanism:

Pursuant to the provisions of section 177(9) & (10) of the Act, the Company has established a vigil mechanism for directors, employees, and other external stakeholders to report genuine concerns. The vigil mechanism forms a part of the Whistleblower Policy, which has been approved by the Board of Directors and is displayed on the website of the Company at (http://janaholdings.co.in)

The Vigil Mechanism Framework empowers all levels of employees including top management to raise voice against actual/ suspected violations. The framework ensures protection to the whistleblower to avoid any sort of unfair or prejudicial employment practices. The Chairperson of the Audit Committee has direct access to all complaints raised through the framework. At the Audit Committee, a brief update is presented to the Members for their review. The Committee takes necessary actions to maintain confidentiality within the organisation on matters brought to its attention.

The mechanism framed by the Company is in compliance with the requirements of the Act and Listing Regulations.

During FY 2024-25, no case was reported under this mechanism.

33. Management Discussions and Analysis:

The Management Discussion and Analysis is annexed herewith as **Annexure 3** to this Report.

34. Maintenance of cost records:

The Company is not required to maintain cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, such accounts and records are not made and maintained.

35. Compliance with Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

The Board of Directors have adopted POSH policy. The Company is not required to constitute Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 since the number of employees are less than 10.

During the year under reporting, the Company has not received any complaint of Sexual harassment, and no complaints were disposed of during the period under review.

36. Secretarial Standards:

In terms of provisions of Section 118 of the Act, the Company is in compliance with Secretarial Standards on meetings of the Board of Directors and Secretarial Standards on General Meeting issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

37. Meetings of the Board of Directors and Committees:

The Board is required to meet at periodical intervals and the gap between two Board meetings does not exceed 120 days as required under the Companies Act, 2013. During the financial year 2024-25, the Company held the following meetings of the Board of Directors as per Section 173 of Companies Act, 2013 as mentioned below:

Sr. No.	Date of Board meeting	No. of Directors eligible to attend	No. of Directors attended the
		the meeting	meeting
1.	May 17, 2024	5	5
2.	June 19, 2024	5	5
3.	July 26, 2024	5	5
4.	October 11, 2024	5	5
5.	October 24, 2024	5	5
6.	February 3, 2025	5	5
7.	February 26, 2025	5	5
8.	March 18, 2025	5	5

The Company has constituted mandatory committees as required under the Companies Act, 2013, RBI regulations and Listing Regulations such as Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Risk Management Committee, Asset and Liability Management Committee, IT strategy committee, Outsourcing Committee and

Committee for follow up and monitoring of frauds. The details of said committees are provided below:

Audit Committee

Sr. No.	Date of Audit committee Meeting	No. of Members eligible to attend the meeting	
1.	May 17, 2024	3	3
2.	June 19, 2024	4	4
3.	July 26, 2024	4	4
4.	October 24, 2024	4	4
5.	February 3, 2025	4	4

Risk Management Committee

Sr. No.	Date of Risk management Committee Meeting	No. of Members eligible to attend the meeting	
1.	May 17, 2024	5	5
2.	July 26, 2024	5	5
3.	October 24, 2024	5	5
4.	February 3, 2025	5	5

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Sr. No.	Date of Nomination and	No. of Members	No. of Members
	Remuneration Committee	eligible to attend	attended the
	Meeting	the meeting	meeting
1.	May 17, 2024	3	3
2.	June 19, 2024	3	3
3.	July 26, 2024	3	3
4.	October 24, 2024	3	3

Asset and Liability Management Committee Meeting

Sr. No.	Date of Asset and Liability	No. of Members	No. of Members
	Management Committee	eligible to attend	attended the
	Meeting	the meeting	meeting
1.	May 17, 2024	5	5
2.	July 26, 2024	5	5
3.	October 24, 2024	5	5
4.	February 3, 2025	5	5

IT strategy committee Meeting

Sr. No	Date of	IT	strategy	No.	of	Μ	embers	No.	of	Members
	committee M	/leeting	Ş	eligi	ble	to	attend	atter	ıded	the
					the meeting			mee	ting	
1.	June 19, 2024	1		4				4		

2.	September 24, 2024	4	4
3.	February 3, 2025	4	4

Outsourcing Committee Meeting

Sr. No.	Date	of	Outsourcing	No.	of	Members	No.	of	Members
	Commi	ttee Me	eting	eligi	eligible to attend the		atter	ıded	the
				meeting			mee	ting	
1.	March 2	21, 2025		2			2		

Stakeholders' Relationship Committee Meeting

Sr. No.	Date of Relationship	Stakeholders Committee		Members to attend		Members the
	Meeting		the meet	ting	meeting	
1.	October 24, 2024		3		3	

Committee for Follow up and Monitoring of Frauds

Sr. No.	Date of S Committee for Follow up and Monitoring of Frauds Meeting		
1.	March 21, 2025	2	2

The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary of all the aforementioned Committees. The Board of Directors and the Committees also take decisions by circular resolutions, which are noted by the Board / respective Committees of the Board at their next meetings.

The Board notes the minutes of meetings of all Committees at regular intervals. The details of formation, constitution, terms of reference, meetings held, and attendance of the Members are disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report appended to this report.

38. Meeting of Independent Directors:

The Company held meeting of the Independent Directors on February 3, 2025.

39. Performance Evaluation:

The Board acknowledges its intention to establish and follow "best practices" in Board governance to fulfil its fiduciary obligation to the Company. The Board is committed to assessing its own performance as a Board to identify its strengths and areas in which it may improve its functioning. The Company has laid down an Evaluation Policy for Board Evaluation setting the criteria based on which the Board has carried out an annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the individual directors as well as the evaluation of its various Committees.

The evaluation was conducted based on a structured questionnaire which comprises performance criteria such as performance of duties and obligations, independence of judgement, level of engagement and participation, their contribution in enhancing the Board's overall effectiveness, etc. The Board has expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

40. Statutory Auditors:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder, Murali and Venkat, Chartered Accountants, Bangalore (Firm Registration number 003084S) are acting as the statutory auditors of the Company from the conclusion of the 6th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") to the conclusion of the 9th AGM i.e. from financial year 2022-23 to 2024-25. Accordingly, their tenure as Statutory Auditor of the Company shall end upon conclusion of the ensuing 9th (Ninth) Annual General Meeting.

In compliance with Reserve Bank of India (RBI)'s Guidelines issued vide its circular No. DoS.CO.ARG/SEC.01/08.91.001/2021- 22 dated April 27, 2021 for appointment of Statutory Auditors (SAs) of Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs) ("RBI Guidelines") and pursuant to the provision of Section 139, 142, and other applicable provisions of the Act read with Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 and on the recommendation of the Audit Committee the Board of Directors at its meeting held on May 9, 2025 has appointed Rao & Emmar, Chartered Accountants (ICAI Firm Registration number: 003084S) as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of three years till the conclusion of 12th AGM, subject to approval of Members in the ensuing AGM.

The Company has received a letter from Rao & Emmar, Chartered Accountants (ICAI Firm Registration number: 003084S) that they are not disqualified from appointing as the Statutory Auditors of the Company.

41. Qualification made by the Statutory Auditor's Report in the standalone financial statement:

Following are the qualifications/observations made by the statutory Auditors in the Statutory Audit report on Standalone financial statements for the Financial Year 2024-25.

- i. Deficit of Net Owned Funds of Negative Rs. 67778.75 Lakhs below the regulatory minimum of Rupees 200 lakhs as per Section 45-IA of the RBI Act 1934 and Master Direction DNBR. PD.008/03.10.119/2016-17 dated September 1, 2016.
- ii. Leverage ratio of 2.82 times on a standalone basis is higher than the regulatory threshold stipulated in the RBI guidelines.

Our reply:

The above-mentioned qualifications appeared in the previous year's Auditors' report as well. It is pertinent to note that the Company has been facing this issue as it has invested in the operating entity from out of its borrowings to help the operating entity sustain its business operations and meet regulatory requirements. As the three-tier structure is no longer a requirement for the Small Finance Banks, the Company has decided to merge with Jana Capital Limited, its Holding Company. The merger process is underway. The requirement of Net owned funds is not a requirement for Core Investment Company. Thus, with the amalgamation of Jana Holdings Limited (JHL) with Jana Capital Limited (JCL), the issue of net owned funds will be addressed automatically.

42. Qualification made by the Statutory Auditor's Report in the Consolidated financial statement:

The qualification made by the Statutory Auditor in the Consolidated financial Statement and the reply is mentioned below:

- i. Deficit of Net Owned Funds of Negative Rs. 67778.75 Lakhs below the regulatory minimum of Rupees 200 lakhs as per Section 45-IA of the RBI Act 1934 and Master Direction DNBR. PD.008/03.10.119/2016- 17 dated September 1, 2016.
- ii. Leverage ratio of 2.82 times on a standalone basis is higher than the regulatory threshold stipulated in the RBI guidelines.

Our reply:

The above-mentioned qualification appeared in the previous year's Auditors' report as well. It is pertinent to note that the Company has been facing this issue as it has invested in the operating entity from out of its borrowings to help the operating entity sustain its business operations and meet regulatory requirements. As the three-tier structure is no longer a requirement for the Small Finance Banks, the Company has decided to merge with Jana Capital Limited, its Holding Company. The merger process is underway. The requirement of Net owned funds is not a requirement for Core Investment Company. Thus, with the amalgamation of Jana Holdings Limited (JHL) with Jana Capital Limited (JCL), the issue of net owned funds will be addressed automatically.

43. Details of fraud(s):

Pursuant to Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 Board of Directors, to the best of their knowledge and ability, confirm that no offence of fraud has been committed in the Company or by its officers or employees.

44. Internal Auditors:

In terms of provisions of Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable laws, Ramesh Ashwin & Karanth, Chartered Accountants, Firm Registration No. 010680S were appointed as the Internal Auditors of the Company for the FY 2024-25. The Internal Audit reports were reviewed by the Audit Committee.

45. Report on Corporate Governance:

The Company recognises its role as a corporate citizen and endeavors to adopt practices and standards of corporate governance through transparency in business ethics, accountability to its customers, government and various stakeholders for building the strong foundation the Company. Thus, in accordance with terms of the Act 2013, Listing Regulations (to the extent applicable) and RBI regulations, Report on Corporate Governance of the Company forms an integral part of this report as Annexure 4.

46. Secretarial Auditors:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Act and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and Listing Regulations, the Company has appointed Nagendra. D. Rao, Practising Company Secretary, Bangalore to conduct the secretarial audit for the financial year ended March 31, 2025. The Report of the Secretarial Auditor is provided as **Annexure 5** to this Report.

Further, in terms of the provisions of the Circular No. CIR/CFD/CMD1/27/2019 dated February 8, 2019, issued by SEBI, Nagendra D. Rao, Practising Company Secretary has issued the Annual Secretarial Compliance Report, confirming compliance by the Company of the applicable Listing Regulations and circulars / guidelines issued thereunder.

There is no adverse remark, qualification, reservation or disclaimer in the Secretarial Audit Report.

47. Change in nature of business:

During the period under review, there was no change in the nature of business of the Company.

48. Material changes and commitments if any, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report:

There have been no material changes and commitments, which affect the financial position of the company that have occurred between the end of the financial year to which the financial statements relate and the date of this Report.

49. Material adverse orders, if any:

The Company had Suo motu filed adjudication application with the Registrar of Companies, Karnataka, for violation of provisions of Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Rules (as amended from time to time) on August 26, 2024.

In response to which, the Company received the Order of Adjudication of Penalty vide order no. ROC(B)/Adj.Ord.454-203/Jana Holdings/Co. No.086838/2024 dated December 4, 2024, under Section 454 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Adjudication of Penalties) Rules, 2014 for violation of provisions of Section 203 of the Act.

Further, an appeal in this regard was filed with the RD, Chennai. The RD has disposed of the appeal by passing necessary orders basis which the penalty amount was revised to as stated below:

Name of the Payee	Penalty Amount (in Rs.)	
Jana Holdings Limited	2,50,000	
Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan	1,50,000	
Mr. R. Srinivas	50,000	
Mr. R Ramdas	20,000	

Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	75,000
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Apart from the order mentioned above, there are no significant and material orders passed by the Reserve Bank of India or the Ministry of Corporate Affairs or Courts or Tribunals or other Regulatory/ Statutory authorities which will have an impact on the going concern status of the Company and Company's operations in future.

50. Directors' responsibility statement:

To the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them, your Directors make the following statements in terms of Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013:

(a) That in the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year under review, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any.

(b) The directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the company for that period.

c) The directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.

(d) The directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis.

(e) The directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively and

(f) The directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

51. The details of difference between amount of the valuation done at the time of One-Time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institutions along with the reasons thereof:

There was no instance of one-time settlement with any Bank or Financial Institution.

52. The details of application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (31 of 2016) during the year along with their status as at the end of the financial year:

The Company has not filed any application, nor any proceeding is pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (31 of 2016), during the year.

53. The names of companies which have become or ceased to be its Subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year:

Nil

Acknowledgement

The Directors express their sincere gratitude to RBI, Securities and Exchange Board of India, National Stock Exchange of India Limited, BSE Limited, Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, National Company Law Tribunal, Registrar of Companies, other government and regulatory authorities, lenders, financial institutions, and the Company's bankers for the ongoing support extended by them. The Directors also place on record their sincere appreciation for the continued support extended by the Company's stakeholders and trust reposed by them in the Company. The Directors sincerely appreciate the commitment displayed by the employees of the Company across all levels, for exhibiting outstanding performance during the year

For and on behalf of board of directors of Jana Holdings Limited

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Rajamani Muthuchamy MD & CEO (DIN: 08080999) Place: Bangalore Date: 30/05/2025

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Abraham Chacko Independent Director (DIN: 06676990) Place: Bangalore Date: 30/05/2025

Annexure-1

Form AOC-1

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of Subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

	Part-A	rt-A		
Sr. No	Particulars	Name of Subsidiary (Rupees in thousands)		
1	Name of the Subsidiary Company			
2	Reporting period for the Subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period			
3	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant FY in case of foreign subsidiaries			
4	Share Capital	Not Applicable		
5	Reserves & Surplus			
6	Total Assets			
7	Total Liabilities			
8	Investments			
9	Turnover			
10	Profit/(Loss) before taxation			
11	Provision for taxation			
12	Profit/(Loss) after taxation			
13	Proposed Dividend			
14	% of shareholding			

Notes:

- 1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations:- NA
- 2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year-NA

For and on behalf of Board of directors of Jana Holdings Limited

Mainão

Muthuchamy

(DIN: 08080999)

Place: Bangalore Date: 30/05/2025

MD & CEO

Rajamani

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Abraham Chacko Director (DIN: 06676990) Place: Bangalore Date: 30/05/2025

Part-A

Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

Sr. No.	Name of Joint Ventures /Associates	Jana Small Finance Bank Limited
1	Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31 st March, 2025
2	Shares of Associate held by the company on the year end	2,34,09,790
	Amount of Investment in Associates/ Joint	Rs. 952.89 crores
	Extent of Holding %	22.28%
3	Description of how there is significant influence	Shareholding
4	Reason why the associate is not consolidated	Not applicable
5	Net worth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	Rs. 18.05 Crores
6	Profit / Loss for the year	
i	Considered in Consolidation	Rs. (166.10) Crores
ii	Not Considered in Consolidation	Rs. (183.21) Crores

1. Names of associates or joint ventures which are yet to commence operations - NA

2. Names of associates or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year - NA

For and on behalf of board of directors of Jana Holdings Limited

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Rajamani Muthuchamy MD & CEO (DIN: 08080999) Place: Bangalore Date: 30/05/2025

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Abraham Chacko Independent Director (DIN: 06676990) Place: Bangalore Date: 30/05/2025

FORM NO. AOC -2

[Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transaction under third proviso thereto:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details	
1.	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship		
2.	Nature of contracts /arrangements /transaction		
3.	Duration of the contracts /arrangements /transaction	Nil	
4.	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any		
5.	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions'		
6.	Date of approval by the Board		
7.	Amount paid as advances, if any		
	Date on which the special resolution was passed in General meeting as required under first proviso to section 188		

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis:

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details	Details
1	Names(s) of the related party & nature of relationship	Vidya Sridharan & her relative	Jana Urban Space Foundation
2	Nature of contracts /arrangements /transaction	Renting of property	Renting of property
3	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transaction	Started from 15 th September 2021 and revised from 16 th August 2022 until June 15, 2024	Ongoing. Since June 15, 2024 and

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details	Details
4	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	Rs. 12,500 per month, subject to 5% increase every 11 months.	Rs. 5,000 per month plus applicable taxes*
5	Date of approval by the Board	6 th August 2022 (for revised rent)	June 15, 2024
6	Amount paid as advances, if any	Nil	Nil

Note:

The Company shifted its registered office from 2nd Floor, No. 80, 5th Cross, 4th Main, Maruthi Extension, Bangalore – 560021 to #19/4, Sair Bagh'' Building to 4th Floor, Cunningham Road, Vasanth Nagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka- 560052 at a rent of Rs. 10,000 + GST w.e.f June 16, 2024. Further, the Company shifted its registered office to Hosur and designated 4th Floor, Cunningham Road, Vasanth Nagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka- 560052 at a rent of Rs. 10,000 + GST w.e.f June 16, 2024. Further, the Company shifted its registered office to Hosur and designated 4th Floor, Cunningham Road, Vasanth Nagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka- 560052 at a rent of Rs. 10,000 + GST as its corporate office at a rent of Rs. 5,000 + GST w.e.f December 26, 2024.

For and on behalf of board of directors of Jana Holdings Limited

Majano

Rajamani Muthuchamy MD & CEO (DIN: 08080999)

Place: Bangalore Date: 30/05/2025

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Abraham Chacko Independent Director (DIN: 06676990)

Place: Bangalore Date: 30/05/2025

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

a) About the Economy

Global growth is projected at 3.3 percent both in 2025 and 2026, broadly unchanged from the October 2024 World Economic Outlook (WEO) forecast. The International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the World Bank have cut India's growth forecasts for FY26 to 6.2% and 6.3%, respectively, from earlier projections of 6.5% and 6.7%. The Reserve Bank of India maintains its projection of 6.5% growth for the FY25. Other organisations such as the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). and Fitch Ratings have revised their projections to 6.4%, while S&P estimates 6.5% growth. Moody's Analytics has projected a more conservative estimate of 6.1% for CY25.

The Indian economy is estimated to have grown 6.5% in FY24. Despite the potential for the US economy to slip into recession and China's growth being significantly impacted, India is expected to remain the fastest-growing major economy. The Asian Development Bank has revised its projection for India's growth to 6.7% for FY25, down from 7%. However, domestic constraints, particularly weak consumer sentiment, may limit the government's ability to offset the impact of tariffs, potentially causing growth to slip to 4% or less this year.

"The global economy has shown some real resilience, with growth remaining steady and inflation moving downwards. However, some signs of weakness have emerged, driven by heightened policy uncertainty The Outlook highlights a range of risks, starting with the concern that further trade fragmentation could harm global growth prospects.

The Outlook also draws attention to the risk of macroeconomic volatility. An unexpected downturn, policy change or deviation from the projected disinflation path could trigger market corrections, significant capital outflows, and exchange rate fluctuations, particularly in emerging markets. High public debt levels and elevated asset valuations further heighten these risks.

Given these challenges, Outlook highlights key policy priorities. Central banks should remain vigilant given heightened uncertainty and the potential for higher trade costs to push up price pressures. Provided inflation expectations remain well anchored, and trade tensions do not intensify further, policy rate reductions should continue in economies in which underlying inflation is projected to moderate and aggregate demand growth is subdued.

Decisive fiscal actions are needed to ensure debt sustainability, preserve room for reacting to future shocks and generate resources to meet large impending spending pressures. Stronger efforts are needed to reallocate spending towards activities that support longer-term growth, set within credible medium-term adjustment paths tailored to country-specific circumstances.

With potential output generally weakening across both advanced and emerging economies since the global financial crisis, ambitious structural reforms are needed. Governments must enact reforms to improve productivity and enhance the adoption of new technologies by boosting market competition and eliminating excessive regulatory burdens on firms.

Enhancing education and skills development and reducing constraints in labour and product markets that impede investment and labour mobility will be key. Artificial Intelligence (AI) presents a unique opportunity to revive productivity.

The outlook for the global economy in the financial year 2024-25 is influenced by a range of factors, including economic policies, geopolitical tensions, technological advancements, and environmental challenges. Here's a brief overview:

1. US economic exceptionalism: a global growth leader and disruptor:

The US economy will remain the global growth leader in 2025 driven by solid income growth, procyclical productivity growth, accommodating fiscal policy and easing monetary policy. Trade policy, in particular, is likely to have an outsized impact on the global economy in late 2025 and 2026 with tariffs and other protectionist measures that could push the global economy into "stagflation" if pursued to their fullest extent. US exceptionalism will also bring challenges to global markets, as resulting US dollar strength could exacerbate inflationary pressures worldwide and disrupt capital and investment flows to emerging markets.

2. Trade and geopolitics: derisking in a fragmented universe:

Governments will continue to blend national security priorities with strategic competitive goals using industrial policy and trade protectionism to support their objectives. The fragmentation of global trade, exacerbated by tensions between the US and mainland China, and the rise of geoeconomic blocs will continue to redefine supply chain dynamics. geopolitical hotspots – Ukraine, the Middle East and Taiwan – will remain potential disruptors to global supply chains, given their strategic importance in energy, technology and trade routes. These geopolitical challenges underscore the fragility of global supply networks in an increasingly fragmented and volatile world.

3. Price volatility: easing inflation pressures but supply fragilities:

Inflation will only gradually converge toward central bank targets across regions, with upside risks stemming from structural supply fragilities, geopolitical tensions and volatile commodity prices. The five D's of structurally higher inflation - demographics, debt, de-risking, decarbonization and digitalization, will remain in place. Aging populations requiring more private and public spending; elevated levels of public expenditure on domestic and industrial policy; a growing focus on de-risking and building resilience in a geopolitically fragmented world; the greening of the global economy via greater outlays to reduce carbon emissions; and capital investment to develop generative artificial intelligence (GenAI) will likely mean that central banks' inflation targets represent a floor rather than a ceiling in most economies over the medium term.

4. Monetary policy: reasons to recalibrate but recalibrate with caution:

Generally easing inflation should continue to favor monetary policy recalibration in the near term. But while central banks will find plenty of reasons to pursue their policy easing cycle, they will almost certainly recalibrate with caution given the risks from inflation volatility tied to trade, wages, energy and food cost pressures. As a result, global monetary policy will be desynchronized as central bankers respond to divergent domestic and international conditions and may even be forced to tighten policy amid resurgent inflationary and exchange rate pressures.

5. Labor in flux: talent scarcity, productivity and AI:

The future of global labor markets will be shaped by the intricate interplay of economic pressures, demographic shifts and rapid technological advancements. Advanced economies, grappling with cyclical headwinds and slower employment growth have so far benefited from labor supply rebounds fueled by immigration. However, mounting populist opposition to immigration threatens to exacerbate talent shortages in aging societies, further straining already fragile labor markets. In addition, some economies face the dual challenge of subdued productivity growth and declining competitiveness, compounded by rigid labor markets and slower adoption of innovative technologies.

6. Fiscal policy: a delicate balancing act:

Fiscal policy in 2025 is set against a backdrop of high public debt, elevated interest rates and competing political and economic priorities. Global public debt is forecast to remain at 91% of GDP, creating an environment where governments face rising borrowing costs and reduced fiscal flexibility. The high-interest rate environment compounds the challenge, as debt servicing increasingly absorbs resources that could otherwise support growth-oriented investments. Rising populist pressures for social spending, tax cuts and subsidies further complicate fiscal management, particularly in politically unstable regions where short-term appeasement often takes precedence over structural reforms.

On the upside, looser fiscal policy than necessary and assumed in projections could raise economic activity in the short term, although risking more costly policy adjustment later. Inflation could fall faster than expected amid further gains in labour force participation, allowing central banks to bring easing plans forward. Artificial intelligence and stronger structural reforms than anticipated could spur productivity. As the global economy approaches a soft landing, the near-term priority for central banks is to ensure that inflation touches down smoothly, by neither easing policies prematurely nor delaying too long and causing target undershoots. At the same time, as central banks take a less restrictive stance, a renewed focus on implementing medium-term fiscal consolidation to rebuild rooms for budgetary maneuver and priority investments, and to ensure debt sustainability, is in order. Cross-country differences call for tailored policy responses. Intensifying supply-enhancing reforms would facilitate inflation and debt reduction, allowing economies to increase growth toward the higher prepandemic era average and accelerate convergence toward higher income levels. Multilateral cooperation is needed to limit the costs and risks of geoeconomic fragmentation and climate change, speed the transition to green energy and facilitate debt restructuring.

b) Industry structure and developments.

The Company, being a Non-Operating Financial Holding Company (NOFHC) and registered as NBFC with the RBI, has no operations of its own except investment in its Associate company. The Company does not accept deposits from the public. However, the performance of the Operating entity, i.e., Jana Small Finance Bank (JSFB), will impact on the investments made into it by the Company. The microfinance segment of small finance business has been facing some headwinds and the operating entity is expected to tide over this slowdown with its pan-India presence and strong technology base with increasing digitalization at the core. The JSFB was listed on the stock exchanges in 2024.

c) Opportunities and Threats.

Risks to the global outlook are now broadly balanced. On the downside, new price spikes stemming from geopolitical tensions, including those from the war in Ukraine and the conflict in Gaza and Israel, could, along with persistent core inflation where labor markets are still tight, raise interest rate expectations and reduce asset prices.

A divergence in disinflation speeds among major economies could also cause currency movements that put financial sectors under pressure. High interest rates could have greater cooling effects than envisaged as fixed-rate mortgages reset and households contend with high debt, causing financial stress. In China, without a comprehensive response to the troubled property sector, growth could falter, hurting trading partners.

Amid high government debt in many economies, a disruptive turn to tax hikes and spending cuts could weaken activity, erode confidence and sap support for reform and spending to reduce risks from climate change. Geoeconomic fragmentation could intensify, with higher barriers to the flow of goods, capital, and people implying a supply-side slowdown.

Climate change has begun to play out in the form of rising global temperatures and increased frequency of extreme weather events like droughts, cyclones, heat waves, and flooding. According to Cross Dependency Initiative, which specializes in climate risk analytics for companies, banks, and regions, the vast majority (80%) of 50 provinces facing the highest climate risk to their physical infrastructure by 2050 are in China, the US, and India. These developments may have implications for India's food security

d) Segment-wise or product-wise performance.

The Company is Non-Operating Financial Holding Company (NOFHC) having investment in the Associate Company and has classified this as its business segment and accordingly there are no separate reportable segments. Since the Company does not have any other operations on its own or any product on its own, product-wise performance is not applicable for the Company.

e) Outlook

As mentioned above, the Company being a NOFHC does not have any other operations except holding the investment in Jana Small Finance Bank Limited ("Bank"), Associate Company. There has been a significant improvement in the performance of the Bank during the Financial Year 2024-25 when compared to the previous years as envisaged in the Audited Financial Statements of the Bank. Your Directors hope that such progressive improvement in the Associate entity will help the Company to maintain investment value.

f) Risks and concerns

The Company faces some inherent risks which may include, among others, business aspects, equity market, bond market, interest rate, market volatility, economic, political, regulatory risks and any combination of these and other risks. Some of the risks are briefed hereunder:

- i. **Credit Risk:** The Company seeks financial data from the target company on an on-going basis to keep a close watch on its performance parameters that form part of financial covenants that the Company has undertaken to ensure while borrowing money through the issuance of NCDs.
- ii. **Strategic Risk**: Risk related to overall business plans and associated economic / business environment. The Company does not have any operation of its own. Hence no strategic risk.
- iii. **Operational Risk:** The company doesn't have operations of its own. However, the company has funds for meeting the corporate expenses. The Company has trained workforce and external agencies for internal audit on contract to prevent failure, fraud, and error. The Company has also enlisted the services of an IT expert to prevent risks, if any, arising out of technology failure. It, therefore, does not anticipate any operational risk.
- iv. Financial Risk: These risks include movement in interest rates and liquidity risks inherent to the business. The Company has no interest rate risk as the liabilities and assets of the Company are non-sensitive to market interest rates. There is a financial risk on the NCDs which are to be repaid in the short-term. The company is conscious of the same and efforts are being made to meet the commitments.
- v. **Reputational Risk**: The Company does not apprehend any such risk as the practices followed by the Company are in alignment with industry standards. The Company has redeemed all the NCDs that fell due on the maturity dates. The Company keeps a close eye on the various regulations that are applicable and endeavours to fulfil the requirements with limited resources available.
- vi. **Regulatory & Compliance Risk**: The Company has a full-time Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, and an Accountant besides the external agencies to ensure that it complies with various regulatory requirements unfailingly. Regarding the applicability of PCA framework, the Company sought a second opinion from another consultant who also confirmed that the Company being a NOFHC falls under the Base layer and hence the PCA framework is not applicable to the Company currently. Notwithstanding this, the RBI can give directions for bringing any Company under the purview of the PCA framework as it may deem fit

Risk management implies controlling potential future events that may adversely impact business operations and functioning. It is about adopting a proactive approach instead of being reactive. Risk management forms a vital part of your Company's businesses, and the Company is cognizant of the prominent role it plays in its long-term success. Your Company is often subjected to various risks. Credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk, fraud risk, cyber risk, operational risk etc., are some of the risks that your Company is exposed to. With this as the backdrop, your Company has in place a Board-approved Risk Management Framework.

The Risk Management Committee (RMC) heads and supervises the efficiency of this framework periodically. Stress tests are conducted by your Company, which help assess the durability of the balance sheet. It provides useful insights to the management regarding a better understanding of the nature and extent of any vulnerabilities, quantifies the impact and develops plausible business-as-usual mitigating actions. Moreover, your Company has taken cognisance of the newer emerging risks such as reputational and sustainability risks.

g) Internal control systems and their adequacy.

Your Company has an efficient Internal Control System, commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. To maintain its objectivity and independence, the Company has appointed the Internal Auditors of the Company for the year under review. The Internal Auditor appointed, as aforesaid, monitors and evaluates the efficacy and adequacy of internal control system in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies of the Company. Based on the internal audit report, process owners undertake corrective actions in their respective areas and thereby strengthen the controls. Significant audit observations and corrective actions, if any, are presented to the Audit Committee of the Board. The Company has right number of resources having specialized knowledge in their respective fields which helps the Company keep abreast of the developments in the constantly changing environment.

h) Discussion on financial performance with respect to operational performance.

The Company's financial performance and operational performance is dependent upon the performance of the Bank. There has been considerable improvement in the performance of the Bank as compared to that of the previous year and the Bank is optimistic to continue the same in the years to come.

i) Material developments in Human Resources / Industrial Relations front, including number of people employed.

Your Company has required number of human resources having requisite knowledge, skills and experience for efficiently discharging his/her duties and responsibilities. The Company has well defined roles and responsibilities for each employee in executing their functions and thus enables the Company to maintain effective Corporate Governance.

j) Details of significant changes (i.e., change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year) in key financial ratios, along with detailed explanations therefore, including

Sr. No.	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024	% of Change between two years
1	Debtors Turnover	NA	NA	NA
2	Inventory Turnover	N.A	N.A	N.A
3	Interest Coverage Ratio	N.A	N.A	N.A
4	Current Ratio *	118.88%	78.57%	40.31%
5	Debt Equity Ratio [#]	2.82	1.21	1.61

Sr. No.	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024	% of Change between two years
6	Operating Profit Margin	N.A	N.A	N.A
7	Net Profit Margin	N.A	N.A	N.A
8	Sector Specific Ratios:			
	(a) Capital Requirement (CRAR) ^{\$}	13.73%	15.94%	2.21%
	(b) Gearing Ratio^	0.74	0.55	0.35
	(c) Net Owned Fund [#]	(67,77,875.30)	(48,59,415.89)	39.48%
9	details of any change in Return on Net Worth as compared to the immediately previous financial year along with a detailed explanation thereof [%]	N.A	N.A	N.A

* Decrease in current ratio is on account of decrease in liabilities of the Company during the year. # Positive Debt Equity ratio and Net owned fund is due to the reduction in the NCD borrowing and increase in equity capital during the year. \$ Increase in the Consolidated CAR is due to performance of the Associate company.

[^]increase in Gearing ratio is on account decrease in the outside liabilities.
[%] Not applicable as the Company does not have operations on its own.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

[Pursuant to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Scaled Based Regulations issued by Reserve Bank of India]

A. Jana Holdings Limited ("the Company") - Philosophy on Corporate Governance

At Jana Holdings Limited ("JHL") we believe that corporate governance is a continuous journey towards sustainable value creation for all the stakeholders, which is driven by our values and built on the foundation of assurance. JHL believes that effective governance is essential for achieving long-term success and creating value for its shareholders and stakeholders. Our Corporate Governance principles are a reflection of our culture, our policies, our relationship with stakeholders and our commitment to our core values viz.- Pride, Integrity, Discipline and Ambition. Our philosophy encompasses Transparency, Integrity and Ethics, Accountability, Stakeholder Engagement, Board Effectiveness and Compliance and Risk Management as key elements.

By adhering to our corporate governance philosophy, we strive to build trust, foster sustainable growth and create long-term value for all our stakeholders. The Board of Directors ("Board") helps to ensure that we have appropriate governance in place, both to support our operations and protect our stakeholders' interest.

The Board continuously evaluate and refine the governance practices to ensure that they align with best practices and evolving expectations. The requirements under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") mandated by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") have been fully complied with. A report on compliance with the SEBI Listing Regulations as prescribed by SEBI is given below

B. Board of Directors

The Board of Directors plays a crucial role in providing strategic guidance and help build governance structure to drive the overall success and growth of the Company. Comprising a diverse group of highly experienced professionals, the Board brings together a wealth of knowledge, expertise, and industry insights.

Our esteemed Board members are selected based on their extensive backgrounds in various sectors and their ability to provide valuable perspectives and leadership. They possess a deep understanding of our industry landscape, market dynamics, and emerging trends, which enables them to make informed decisions in the best interest of the Company and its stakeholders.

As stewards of corporate governance, the Board ensures that the Company operates with integrity, transparency, and adherence to legal and ethical standards. They oversee the formulation and implementation of effective policies, risk management strategies, and long-term strategic plans. Through their collective wisdom and experience, they provide guidance to the executive management team, offering valuable insights and oversight to steer the organization towards sustainable growth.

At JHL, leadership, vision, and commitment of the Board of Directors are instrumental in guiding our organization towards achieving its goals, driving innovation, and creating sustainable value for all the stakeholders.

1. Composition of Board

The composition of Board is in compliance with the provisions of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and Regulation 17 of SEBI Listing Regulations. The Board comprises a balanced combination of Executive and Non-executive Directors. As on the date of this Report, the Board consists of 5 (Five) Directors comprising of 3 (three) Independent Directors (including 1(One) Women Independent Director), 1 (One) Non-Executive Director and one Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy (DIN: 08080999) is the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The Board consists of eminent personalities from diverse fields: private sector / public sector, social sector / commercial sector, banking / non-banking sector.

A well composed Board of Directors is diverse and brings together individuals with a range of expertise, skills and background. The composition of Board of your Company is commensurate with the size of the Company, complexity and nature of various underlying businesses, and represents an optimal mix of professionalism, knowledge and experience and enables the Board to discharge its responsibilities and provide effective leadership to the businesses of the Company.

All the Independent Directors have confirmed to the Board that they meet the criteria for independence in terms of the definition of 'Independent Director' stipulated under Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Section 149(6) of the Act. These confirmations have been placed before the Board. Further, the Managing Director and CEO of the Company is serving as an Independent Director in 1 (One) company.

None of the Director is a Director in more than Seven (7) Listed Companies or Ten (10) Public Limited Companies or acts as an Independent Director in more than Seven (7) Listed Companies. Further, none of the Directors are the members of more than ten committees or Chairman of more than five Committees in Public Listed Companies in which they are Directors. Necessary disclosures have been obtained from all the Directors regarding their Directorships and have been taken on record by the Board.

2. Board Procedure:

The Board meets at regular intervals and the Board meetings (including Committee meetings) serve as a forum for Board/ Committee members to come together and deliberate on critical matters related to the organization's strategy, operations, financial performance, and governance. These meetings of the Company as well as its subsidiaries are held at regular intervals.

However, in case of a special and urgent business need, separate special Board / Committee meetings are held or the approval is taken by passing resolution(s) by circulation, as permitted by law, which is noted in the subsequent meeting.

Matters of policy and other relevant and significant information are furnished regularly to the Board. To provide better corporate governance and transparency, your Board has constituted an Audit Committee, a Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, a Nomination and Remuneration Committee, a Risk Management Committee, an Assets and Liabilities Management Committee, IT strategy Committee, Risk Management Committee, Fraud Monitoring Committee and Outsourcing Committee. The composition and scope of each of the committees is in accordance with the provisions of the Act, Listing Regulations and RBI requirements. The committees regularly look into various aspects, for which they have been constituted. There are no relationships between Directors inter-se.

The Board members receive detailed agendas including relevant materials, such as reports, financial statements and other necessary documents, in advance of the meetings enabling them to review and prepare for discussions.

During the meeting, the board engages in structured discussions, allowing each member to share insights, ask questions, and express their viewpoints.

Where it is not practicable to circulate any document in advance or if the agenda is of a confidential nature, the same is placed at the meeting. In special and exceptional circumstances, consideration of additional or supplementary items is taken up with the approval of the Chair and majority of Directors. Senior management personnel is invited to the Board / Committee meeting(s) to provide additional inputs for the items being discussed by the Board / Committee(s).

Pursuant to section 173 of the Act, some of the Board / Committee meetings in Financial Year 2024-25 were normally held through video conferencing. The credentials for joining the meetings through video conference were shared with the Directors along with the notice of the meeting. Necessary infrastructural support was provided to the Directors, to ensure seamless attendance in all meetings. The proceedings of the meetings are recorded and stored in accordance with the requirements of the Act.

The draft minutes of the proceedings of the meetings of the Board and Board Committee(s) are circulated to all the members of the Board or the Committee for their perusal, within fifteen days from the date of the conclusion of the meeting. Comments, if any, received from the Directors are incorporated in the minutes. Minutes of the Committee are regularly placed before the Board.

3. Meeting of Independent Directors:

Section 149(8) of the Act read with Schedule IV of the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations require the Independent Directors of the Company to hold at least one meeting as per regulatory requirements without the attendance of non-independent directors and members of the management. In view of the aforesaid requirements, the Independent Directors of the Company met on February 3, 2025.

4. Meetings and Attendance:

During the financial year ended March 31, 2025, 8 (Eight) Board meetings were held on May 17, 2024, June 19, 2024, July 26, 2024, October 11, 2024, October 24, 2024, February 3, 2025, February 26, 2025 and March 18, 2025. The meetings of the Board are generally held through electronic mode (i.e., audio-visual means) or at Hotel Conrad, Level 2, 25/3, Kensington Road, Halasuru, Someshwarpura, Bengaluru-560008, Karnataka),

The details of attendance of the members of the Board at the meetings held during the year and at the last AGM and also the number of other Directorships and Memberships / Chairpersonships of Committees held by them as on March 31, 2025 are as follows:

Name of the Director	DIN	Director Since	Nature of Directorshi p	Board Meeting s held / conduct ed during the tenure of Director / year	No. of Board Meetin gs attende d	Attendan ce at last AGM	No. of Directorshi ps in other companies (1)	Member	sonships Ig in	No. of Independe nt Directorshi ps (including in Company) (³)
Mr. Ramesh Ramanatha n	001632 76	26/03/20 15	NED - C	8	8	Yes	6	4	0	0
Mr. Sakalespur Visweswara	003237 99	22/05/20 18	ID	8	8	Yes	5	3	1	1

Name of the Director	DIN	Director Since	Nature of Directorshi p	Meeting s held / conduct ed during the	No. of Board Meetin gs attende d	Attendan ce at last AGM	No. of Directorshi ps in other companies	Members	rsonships Ig in	No. of Independe nt Directorshi ps (including
				tenure of Director / year				member	n	Company) (3)
iya Ranganath										
Mr. Abraham Chacko	066769 90	14/02/20 20	ID	8	8	Yes	6	2	1	1
Mrs. Rajalakshmi Ambady	104213 07	25/03/20 24	ID	8	8	Yes	1	2	2	0
Mr. Rajamani Muthucham V	080809 99	14/02/20 20	MD & CEO	8	8	Yes	4	3	0	1

C - Chairperson NED – Non-Executive Director ID – Independent Director MD & CEO – Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer

Notes:

(1) Excludes Directorship in foreign company and Section - 8 company

(2) Memberships include Chairmanships. Only memberships of Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee are considered. This includes memberships in deemed public company and excludes memberships in high value debt listed entities

(3) Only equity listed companies are considered

The details pertaining to the directorships held by a Director in listed companies other than the Company as on March 31, 2025 is as follows:

Name of the Director	Name of the listed entity ⁽¹⁾	Nature of Directorship
Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan	Jana Small Finance Bank	Non-executive Director
Mr. Sakalespur Visweswaraiya Ranganath	Nil	Nil
Mr. Abraham Chacko	Muthoot Finance Limited	Independent Director
Ms. Rajalakshmi Ambady	Nil	Nil
Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	Zinka Logistics Solutions Limited	Independent Director

*Only equity listed companies are considered.

The details regarding the change in composition of the Board during the current and previous financial year is as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of Director	Capacity	Nature of Change	Effective Date	Reason for change
1	Ms. Rajalakshmi Ambady	Independent Director	Appointment	March 25, 2024	-

The details regarding the change in the senior management during the current and previous financial year is as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of Personnel	Capacity	Nature of Change	Effective Date	Reason for change
1	Ms. Vidya Sridharan	Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	Resignation	July 29, 2024	Career growth and advancement
2	Ms. Krishi Jain	Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	Re-designation from Chief Compliance Officer to Company	August 1, 2024	-

Sr. No.	Name of Personnel	Capacity	Nature of Change	Effective Date	Reason for change
			Secretary and Compliance Officer		
3	Mr. S. Gopalkrishnan	Chief Financial Officer	Resignation	July 4, 2024	Personal commitments and age factor
4	Mr. Srinivas NR	Chief Financial Officer	Appointment	July 4, 2024	-

5. Information to the Board:

The Board of Directors has access to the information within the Company, which inter alia includes:

- Quarterly results of the Company;
- Minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors and Committees of the Board;
- Non-compliance of any regulatory, statutory nature or listing requirements

6. Post-meeting Internal communication system:

The important decisions taken at the Board/ Committee meetings are communicated to the departments concerned promptly to enable timely action, if required. Necessary action taken report is also placed at the meeting(s).

7. Board-skills / expertise / competencies:

The core skills / expertise / competencies identified by the Board pursuant to Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations and available with the Board.

Name of	Designati					Expertis	e			
the Director	on	Leaders hip qualities	Industry knowled ge and experien ce	ce and exposur	Understandi ng of relevant laws, rules, regulation and policy	Corporate Governanc e	Financial expertise	Risk Managemen t	Global Experience/ Internationa I Exposure	Informati on Technolo gy
Mr. Ramesh Ramanatha n	NED - C	V	V	V	\checkmark	V	\checkmark	V	V	V
Mr. Sakalespur Visweswara iya Ranganath	ID		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		7	\checkmark	V
Mr. Abraham Chacko	ID	V	V	V	V	V	\checkmark	V	V	\checkmark
Ms. Rajalakshm i Ambady	ID	\checkmark	\checkmark	V	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark
Mr. Rajamani Muthucham y	MD & CEO	\checkmark	\checkmark	V	\checkmark	V	V	\checkmark	-	V

8. Performance Evaluation:

The NRC has approved a policy for evaluation of the Board, its Committees and Directors and the same has been approved by the Board of the Company. The process for the aforesaid evaluation as required under the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations and is given in the Board's Report.

9. Succession Planning:

To ensure the long-term sustainability and continued success of your Company, the Company has a mechanism in place for ensuring orderly succession for appointments to the Board and to Senior Management by identification of talent and further development process, to build a pipeline of talent to meet future leadership needs. The NRC is responsible for overseeing the succession planning for the Board and Senior Management Personnel as per the NRC policy of the Company.

10. Familiarization Programme:

Your Company has designed a familiarization program to introduce/ induct all new Independent Directors. This program plays a vital role in enabling the Board Members to understand the organization, its operations, culture, governance practices and also their roles, responsibilities, and expectations, thereby facilitating their effective contribution to the Board's work.

Your Company provides its directors with training opportunities keeping in mind the requirement of the Company, both during the induction process and periodically (including during Board Meetings).

The Board members hold meetings to exchange perspectives and insights, enabling the management to benefit from the Directors' experience and enhance your Company's operations.

Systems and resources are made available to the members of the Board.

The details relating to the familiarization programme are available on the website of the Company at https://www.janaholdings.co.in/

11. Confirmation of Independent Directors:

In the opinion of the Board, Independent Directors fulfill the conditions required for independent directors as per the provisions of the Act, the SEBI Listing Regulations and all other applicable laws and are independent of the management.

C. Board Committees

Board level committees are essential for effective governance and efficient decision making within a Company. Board level committees provide a structured approach to address specific areas of operations, governance, allowing Board Members to focus on other issues in more depth. By delegating certain responsibilities to committees, the Board can leverage the expertise and specialized knowledge of committee members, leading to better informed decisions. Establishing Board level committees also ensures a checks and balances system within the Company, with committees independently reviewing and evaluating key aspects of operations and decision making. Overall, Board level committees enhance governance practices, strengthen board effectiveness, and contribute to the long-term success of the Company. The Board is regularly briefed about the deliberations, including summary of discussions and minutes of the committee meetings. The business transacted by the committees of the Board is placed before the Board for noting / recommendation / approval as applicable.

The Board has currently constituted the following Committees including pursuant to the provisions of the Act, SEBI Listing Regulations and Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") regulations:

- Audit Committee;
- Nomination and Remuneration Committee;
- Stakeholders Relationship Committee;
- Asset Liability Management Committee;
- Risk Management Committee;
- IT Strategy Committee;
- Outsourcing Committee;
- Committee for Follow up and Monitoring of frauds

1. Audit Committee ("AC")

Terms of Reference:

The Audit committee reviews information as per the role stated in the Listing Regulations and the Companies Act, 2013. The broad role of the said Committee is to review:

- i. financial reporting process;
- ii. adequacy of internal control systems;
- iii. the financial statements for approval of the Board;
- iv. the performance of statutory and internal auditors;
- v. review as per mandatory requirement stated in the Listing Regulations.

Composition as on March 31, 2025:

Name of the Member	Designation in the Committee	Nature of Directorship	Member of Committee Since	No. of shares held in the Company
Mr. Sakalespur Visweswaraiya Ranganath	Member	ID	May 20, 2023	Nil
Mr. Abraham Chacko	Chairperson	ID	March 8, 2018	Nil
Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan	Member	NED and Chairman of the Board	March 8, 2018	10
Mrs. Rajalakshmi Ambady	Member	ID	May 17, 2024	Nil

Meetings and Attendance during FY25:

The AC met 5 (Five) times during the financial year on May 17, 2024, June 19, 2024, July 26, 2024, October 24, 2024 and February 3, 2025. The details of attendance of the Members at the meetings are as follows:

Name of the Member	No. of Meetings held / conducted during the tenure of the Member / year	No. of Meetings attended
Mr. Sakalespur Visweswaraiya Ranganath	5	5
Mr. Abraham Chacko	5	5
Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan	5	5
Mrs. Rajalakshmi Ambady	5	4

All the members of the AC are financially literate and have accounting or related financial management expertise. The Company Secretary is the Secretary to the Committee.

2. Nomination & Remuneration Committee ("NRC")

Terms of Reference:

The role of the NRC includes the following:

- i. Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;
- ii. Formulation of criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board;
- iii. Devising a policy on Board diversity;
- iv. Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal;
- v. Whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, based on the report of performance evaluation of independent directors;
- vi. Recommend to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.

Name of the Member	Designation in the Committee	Nature of Directorship	Member of Committee since	No. of shares held in the Company
Mr. Sakalespur Visweswaraiya Ranganath	Chairperson	ID	May 20, 2023	Nil
Mr. Abraham Chacko	Member	ID	March 8, 2018	Nil
Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan	Member	NED-C	March 8, 2018	10

Composition as on March 31, 2025:

Meetings and Attendance during FY25:

The NRC met 4 (four) times during the financial year on May 17, 2024, June 19, 2024, July 26, 2024 and October 24, 2024. The details of attendance of the Members at the meetings are as follows:

Name of the Member	No. of Meetings held / conducted during the tenure of the Member / year	No. of Meetings attended
Mr. Sakalespur Visweswaraiya Ranganath	4	4
Mr. Abraham Chacko	4	4
Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan	4	4

Performance evaluation criteria for independent directors.

Your Company understands the requirements of an effective Board evaluation process and accordingly conducts the Performance Evaluation every year in respect of the following:

- i. Board of Directors as a whole
- ii. Committee of Board of Directors
- iii. Individual Directors including Chairman of the Board of Directors

Remuneration Policy:

The remuneration of the Board members is based on the Company's size, its economic and financial position, industrial trends and compensation paid by peer companies. The compensation reflects each Board member's responsibility and performance. While the Company pays

remuneration to Executive Director(s) by way of salary, perquisites, retirement benefits (fixed components), the Non-Executive Directors ("NEDs") are paid remuneration by way of sitting fees. The remuneration to NEDs is based on the recommendations of the NRC and approval of the Board, to the extent required as per regulatory requirements.

None of the NEDs have any pecuniary relationship with the Company.

As required under Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the criteria for payment to NEDs is available on the website of the Company at https://www.janaholdings.co.in/

Details of remuneration paid to Directors for the financial year ended March 31, 2025:

a) Remuneration to Executive Director(s)

The details of remuneration paid to Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy (DIN: 08080999), Managing Director and CEO are as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of the Director	Salary and Perquisites	Variable Remuneration ⁽¹⁾	Total
1.	Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	Rs.	Rs.10,07,814	Rs. 1,31,01,582
		1,20,93,768		

1. Based on policy formulated by the NRC and approved by the Board:

• Notice period for termination of appointment of Managing Director and CEO is 2 (two)on either side

• No severance pay is payable on termination of appointment.

The Company follows a transparent process for determining the remuneration of NEDs.

During the year the Company increased the sitting fees from Rs. 50,000 (Rupees Fifty Thousand) to Rs. 75,000 (Rupees Seventy Five Thousand only) for the meetings of the Board.

The details of remuneration to the NEDs are as follows:

Name of the Director	Sitting Fees for Board and Committee Meetings (in Rs.)	Sitting fees for Committee Meetings	Total
Mr. Sakalespur Visweswaraiya Ranganath	5,75,000	-	5,75,000
Mr. Abraham Chacko	5,75,000	-	5,75,000
Ms. Rajalakshmi Ambady	5,75,000	-	5,75,000

Details of shares / convertible instruments, if any, held by the NEDs as on March 31, 2025 are as follows:

Name of the Member	No. of Equity Shares
Mr. Sakalespur Visweswaraiya Ranganath	Nil
Mr. Abraham Chacko	Nil
Ms. Rajalakshmi Ambady	Nil
Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan	10

Performance evaluation criteria for independent directors.

Your Company understands the requirements of an effective Board evaluation process and accordingly conducts the Performance Evaluation every year in respect of the following:

- i. Board of Directors as a whole
- ii. Committee of Board of Directors
- iii. Individual Directors including Chairman of the Board of Directors

3. Stakeholders Relationship Committee ("SRC")

Terms of Reference:

The role of the SRC includes the following:

- i. Resolving the grievances of the security holders including complaints related to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc;
- ii. Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders;
- iii. Review of adherence to the service standards adopted in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent;
- iv. Review of the various measures and initiatives taken for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the company.

Name of the Member	Designation in the Committee	Nature of Directorship	Member of Committee since	No. of shares held in the Company
Ms. Rajalakshmi Ambady	Chairman	ID	May 17, 2024	Nil
Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan	Member	NED – C	May 12, 2022	10
Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	Member	MD & CEO	May 12, 2022	10

. Composition as on March 31, 2025:

Meetings and Attendance during FY25:

The SRC met once during the financial year on October 24, 2024. The details of attendance of the Members at the meetings are as follows:

Name of the Member	No. of Meetings held / conducted during the tenure of the Member / year	No. of Meetings attended
Rajalakshmi Ambady	1	1
Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan	1	1
Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	1	1

Details of Shareholders' requests / complaints:

The Company resolves investor grievances expeditiously. The Company / its Registrar and Share Transfer Agents received the following complaints from SEBI / Stock Exchanges and queries from the shareholders, which were resolved within the time frame laid down by SEBI:

Particulars	Opening	Received	Resolved	Pending
Complaints:	0	0	0	0
SEBI / Stock Exchanges	0	0	0	0
Others	0	0	0	0

Total	0	0	0	0

Mrs. Krishi Jain, Company Secretary, is the Compliance Officer / Investor Relations Officer, who deals with matters pertaining to Shareholders' grievances.

4. Asset Liability Management Committee ("ALCO")

Terms of Reference:

The role of the ALCO includes the following:

- i. Monitoring market risk management systems, compliance with the asset liability management policy and prudent gaps and tolerance limits and reporting systems set out by the Board of Directors and ensuring adherence to the RBI Guidelines issued in this behalf from time to time;
- ii. Monitoring the business strategy of the Company (on the assets and liabilities sides) in line with the Company's budget and decided risk management objectives;
- Reviewing the effects of various possible changes in the market conditions related to the balance sheet and recommend the action needed to adhere to the Company's internal limits;
- iv. The Composition, and frequency and of the meetings shall be in accordance with the RBI Guidelines. Quorum for the committee shall be 1/3rd or two whichever is higher;
- v. The Committee may also pass the resolutions by circulation subject to the compliance with the Act in this regard;
- vi. The Committee may invite non-members and such other persons as it may deem appropriate to be present at its meetings.

Name of the Member	Designation in the Committee	Nature of Directorship	Member of Committee since	No. of shares held in the Company
Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	Chairman	MD & CEO	March 20, 2020	10
Mr. Abraham Chacko	Chairman	ID	March 08, 2018	Nil
Mr. Sakalespur Visweswaraiya Ranganath	Member	ID	May 20, 2023	Nil
Ramesh Ramanathan	Member	NED – C	March 08, 2018	10
Mr. Srinivas N R	Member	Chief Financial Officer	October 11, 2024	10

Composition as on March 31, 2025:

Meetings details during FY25:

The ALCO met 4 (Four) times during the financial year on May 17, 2024, July 26, 2024, October 24 2024 and February 3, 2025:

The details of attendance of the Members at the meetings are as follows:

Name of the Member	No. of Meetings held / conducted during the tenure of the Member / year	No. of Meetings attended
Mr. Abraham Chacko	4	4
Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	4	4

Name of the Member	No. of Meetings held / conducted during the tenure of the Member / year	No. of Meetings attended
Mr. Sakalespur Visweswaraiya Ranganath	4	4
Ramesh Ramanathan	2	2
Mr. S. Gopalakrishnan (1)	2	2

(1) Ceased to be a member w.e.f October 11, 2024

5. Risk Management Committee ("RMC")

Terms of Reference:

The RMC shall ensure in identifying, assessing and prioritizing the major risks faced by the Company and developing strategies to minimize, monitor, and control the probable impact of risks Fuether, the role of the RMC includes the following:

- i. overseeing the risk management function including identification, monitoring and measurement of the risk profile of the Company;
- ii. identifying the element of risk;
- iii. overseeing its integrated risk measurement system;
- iv. Suggest ways to mitigate risk and improve internal controls to prevent recurrence of risk events;
- v. performing such other act, including the acts and functions stipulated by the Board of Directors, the Companies Act, the Reserve Bank of India and any other regulatory authority, as prescribed from time to time.

Composition as on March 31, 2025:

Name of the Member	Designation in the Committee	Nature of Directorship	Member of Committee since	No. of shares held in the Company
Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan	Chairman	NED – C	March 08, 2018	10
Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	Member	MD & CEO	March 20,2020	10
Mr. Abraham Chacko	Member	ID	March 08, 2018	Nil
Mr. Sakalespur Visweswaraiya Ranganath	Member	ID	May 20, 2023	Nil
Mr. Srinivas N R	Member	CFO	October 11, 2024	10

Meetings details during FY 2024-2025:

The RMC met 4 (Four) times during the financial year on May 17, 2024, July 26, 2024, October 24 2024 and February 3, 2025.

The details of attendance of the Members at the meetings are as follows:

Name of the Member	No. of Meetings held / conducted during the tenure of the Member / year	No. of Meetings attended
Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	4	4
Mr. Abraham Chacko	4	4
Mr. Sakalespur Visweswaraiya Ranganath	4	4
Mr. Šrinivas NR	2	2
Mr. S. Gopalakrishnan ⁽¹⁾	2	2

(1) Ceased to be a member w.e.f October 11, 2024

6. IT strategy Committee

Terms of Reference:

The role of the IT Strategy Committee is to oversee and review IT related issues and IT related policies and gives its inputs. Further the role of the ITS Committee includes the following:

- i. Ascertaining that management has implemented processes and practices that ensure that the IT delivers value to the business;
- ii. Ensuring IT investments represent a balance of risks and benefits and that budgets are acceptable;
- iii. Monitoring the method that management uses to determine the IT resources needed to achieve strategic goals and provide high level direction for sourcing and use of IT resources;
- iv. Ensuring proper balance of IT investments for sustaining NBFC's growth and becoming aware about exposure towards IT risks and controls.

Name of the Member	Designation in the Committee	Nature of Directorship	Member of Committee since	No. of shares held in the Company	
Mr. Abraham Chacko	Chairman	ID	June 29, 2022	Nil	
Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	Member	MD & CEO	March 20,2020	10	
Mr. Srinivas NR	Member	Chief Financial Officer	October 11, 2024	10	
Mr. Babu Thomas	Member	IT-in Charge	March 20,2020	Nil	

Composition as on March 31, 2025:

Meetings details during FY 2024-2025:

The IT Strategy Committee met three (three) times during the financial year on June 19, 2024, September 24, 2026 and March 3, 2025. The details of attendance of the Members at the meetings are as follows:

Name of the Member	No. of Meetings held / conducted during the tenure of the Member / year	No. of Meetings attended
Mr. Abraham Chacko	3	3
Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	3	3
Mr. Srinivas NR	2	2
Mr. Gopalakrishnan S. (1)	1	1
Mr. Babu Thomas	3	3

(1) Ceased to be a member w.e.f October 11, 2024.

7. Outsourcing Committee

Terms of Reference:

The role of the Outsourcing Committee includes the following:

- Evaluating the risks associated with the existing and prospective outsourcing of financial activities;
- Deciding on the financial activities of material nature that require outsourcing, and approving such arrangements;
- Undertaking regular review of outsourcing strategies and arrangements for their continued relevance, and safety and soundness;

- Evaluating capability of the service providers;
- Monitoring of outsourced activities and ensuring that contingency plans based on realistic and probable disruptive scenarios are in place and tested;
- Undertaking periodic review of outsourcing arrangements to identify new material outsourcing risks as they arise.

Composition as on March 31, 2025:

Name of the Director	Name of the Director Designation in the Committee		Member of Committee since	No. of shares held in the Company	
Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	Chairperson	MD & CEO	March 20, 2020	10	
Mr. Srinivas NR	Member	Chief Financial Officer	October 11, 2024	10	

Meetings details during FY 2024-2025:

The Outsourcing Committee met once during the financial year on March 21, 2025. The details of attendance of the Members at the meetings are as follows:

Name of the Director	No. of Meetings held / conducted during the tenure of the Member / year	No. of Meetings attended		
Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	1	1		
Mr. Gopalakrishnan. S ⁽¹⁾	1	1		

(1)Ceased to be a member w.e.f October 11, 2024.

D. Directors on Board of Material Subsidiaries

Not applicable as company has no subsidiary.

E. Other Information

1. Training of Directors:

All Directors of the Company are aware and are also updated as and when required, of their roles, responsibilities and liabilities.

2. Information to Directors:

The Directors have access to the information within the Company, which inter alia, includes items as mentioned in point no. B5 of the Corporate Governance Report. Presentations are made regularly to the Board and its Committees, where Directors get an opportunity to interact with the management. Discussions are held with the Management on a regular basis. Independent Directors have the freedom to interact with the Company's management.

3. Statutory Auditors:

Murali and Venkat, Statutory Auditors of the Company has signed the Audit Report for FY 2024-2025.

4. Code of Conduct:

The Company has laid down a Code of Conduct for all the Board members including Independent Directors and senior management personnel. The Code of Conduct is available on the website of

the Company at <u>https://www.janaholdings.co.in/</u>. The declaration of Managing Director and CEO is given below:

To the Members of Jana Holdings Limited
Sub: Compliance with Code of Conduct
I hereby declare that all the Board members and senior management personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct of the Company as adopted by the Board of Directors.
Rajamani Muthuchamy (DIN: 08080999) Managing Director and CEO
Date: May 9, 2025 Place: Bangalore

5. Vigil Mechanism Framework / Whistle Blower Mechanism:

The Company has formulated a vigil mechanism framework for Directors, employees and service providers (agency, vendor, contractor or any outsourced partner) ("collectively known as stakeholders") to report their concerns. The objective of the is to maintain a redressal system which can process all complaints concerning questionable accounting practices, internal controls, or fraudulent reporting of financial information. The Vigil Mechanism Policy empowers all levels of employees including top management and service providers to raise voice against actual / suspected violations. The implementation of the framework is monitored through the Audit Committee which meets on a regular basis and all cases are discussed in detail. It addresses all concerns raised on questionable practices. The framework ensures protection to the Whistle-blower to avoid any sort of unfair or prejudicial employment practices.

The details of establishment of such mechanism have been disclosed on the website of the Company at https://www.janaholdings.co.in/

During FY2024-2025, the Company received no complaints under the Vigil Mechanism Framework. During the year, no person has been declined access to the Audit Committee, wherever desired.

6. General Body Meetings:

The details of AGM of the Company for the previous three years are as under:

Year	Date	Time	Venue / Mode of conducting the meeting		Special Resolution Passed
2023-24	July 9, 2024	11.00 AM-11.30 AM	Video Conferencing	1) 2) 3)	Appointment of Mrs. Rajalakshmi Ambady as an Independent Director of the Company. Fixing an overall limit of the remuneration payable per annum to Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy, MD and CEO, till the completion of his tenure. Approval of an annual performance increment to Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy, MD and CEO.
2022-23	July 13, 2023	11.00 AM-11.15 AM	Video Conferencing	1)	Appointment of Mr. Sakalespur Visweswaraiya Ranganath as an

				 Independent Director of the Company 2) Re-appointment of Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy, MD and CEO for a period of 3 years and approval of remuneration. 3) Alteration of Articles of Association of the Company.
2021-22	September 21, 2022	11.00 AM to 11.20 AM	Video Conferencing	 Increase in remuneration to Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy, MD and CEO of the Company. Related Party Resolution entered by the Company. Modification of existing Related party transaction entered by the Company. Re-appointment of Mr. Abraham Chacko as an Independent Director of the Company for the second term of five consecutive years. Re-appointment of Mrs. Saraswathy Athmanathan as an Independent Director of the Company for the second term of five consecutive years.

Postal Ballot:

The Company had not passed any resolution through Postal Ballot during FY 2024-25. Further, currently, there is no proposal which is envisaged to be passed through Postal Ballot. If a Resolution is passed by way of Postal Ballot, the Company will follow the process as per regulatory requirements.

Other Disclosures:

- During the year, there were no transactions of material nature with the Directors, management, their relatives or the subsidiaries, which had potential conflict with the interests of the Company.
- Details of all related party transactions form a part of the Financial Statements as required under Ind AS-24 and the same forms part of the Annual Report.
- The Company has followed all relevant Accounting Standards notified by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time while preparing the Financial Statements.
- Details of non-compliance by the listed entity, penalties, strictures imposed on the listed entity by stock exchange(s) or the board or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years.

S.No.	Particulars	Fine (in Rupees)	Status
1	Reg 60- delay in record date intimation	10,000	Paid
2	Fine under regulation 50(1)- delay in furnishing intimation about the Board Meeting	5000	Paid
3	Reg 60- delay in record date intimation	10000	Paid
4	Reg 60- delay in record date intimation	10000	paid
5	Listing Delay	1597808	Paid to investor

Fine/Penalty Details

- The Company is exempt from compliance of Corporate Governance requirements specified in Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) of the SEBI Listing Regulations for the financial year 2024-25, however, the Company has voluntarily complied with regulations as/or required.
- The web link with respect to the policy for determining 'material subsidiaries' and policy on dealing with related party transactions are mentioned in the Board's Report.
- Commodity price risks and commodity hedging activities-Not applicable.
- Details of the establishment of vigil mechanism/whistle-blower policy, and affirmation that no personnel has been denied access to the audit committee- Whistle Blower policy was formulated by the Board of Directors at the meeting held on March 30, 2020, and thereafter reviewed on timely basis. No person has been denied access to the audit committee during the year.
- Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32(7A); Regulation 32(7A) is not applicable to the Company.
- Where the board had not accepted any recommendation of any committee of the board, which is mandatorily required, in the relevant financial year, the same to be disclosed along with reasons thereof: Nil
- The corporate governance report shall also disclose the extent to which the discretionary requirements as specified in Part E of Schedule II have been adopted- As regards Discretionary Requirements specified in Part E of Schedule II of the SEBI Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the company has complied with items D of the said Schedule.
- Declaration signed by the chief executive officer stating that the members of board of directors and senior management personnel have affirmed compliance with the code of conduct of board of directors and senior management - We declare that all Board Members and Senior Management personnel have affirmed compliance with the code of conduct for the Financial Year 2024-25
- Compliance certificate from either the auditors or practicing company secretaries regarding compliance of conditions of corporate governance shall be annexed with the directors' report - Certificate from Practicing Company Secretary is enclosed.
- As on March 31, 2025, there were no funds unutilized requiring disclosure as specified under SEBI Listing Regulations.
- Nagendar D Rao, Practicing Company Secretary has certified that none of the Directors of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as a Director of the Company by SEBI or Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any other statutory authority. The said certificate forms part of this report.
- During FY2024-2025, the total consolidated fees of Rs. 4,05,000 was paid to the Statutory Auditors of the Company.
- There were no complaints of sexual harassment of women at workplace received by the Company during FY2024-2025.
- The Board of Directors confirm that during the year, it has accepted all mandatory recommendations received from its committees.
- For disclosure pertaining to credit ratings, please refer the Board's Report.
- There were no loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms / companies in which directors are interested in.
- Breach of covenants Nil

Means of Communication:

- Quarterly Results are communicated through Newspaper Advertisements in prominent national daily like Business Standard.
- The financial results, official news releases and presentations are also displayed on the website of the Company at https://www.janaholdings.co.in/.
- The Annual Report is circulated to all the Members, Statutory Auditors, Secretarial Auditor, Debenture Trustee, Directors and such other persons who are entitled to receive the Annual Report.
- Management Discussion and Analysis forms a part of the Annual Report is sent to the Members of the Company.

General Shareholders' Information:

Annual General Meeting	Day, date, time and mode yet to be decided
Financial Year	April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025
Date of Book Closure	-
Dividend Payment	Nil
Listing on Stock Exchanges (Equity Shares)	Nil
Listing of Preference Shares	Nil
Listing of Non Convertible Debentures ("NCDs")	Unsecured, Redeemable, Non Convertible Debentures issued by the Company on private placement basis till date are listed on BSE Limited.
Stock Code (Equity)	Nil
Stock Code (Preference)	Nil
Stock Code (NCDs)	As on March 31, 2025, the Company has 2 active ISINs listed on Stock Exchanges INE628V08158 INE628V08166
CIN	U74900TZ2016PLC033423
In case the securities are suspended from trading, the Board's Report shall explain the reason thereof	Not Applicable
Registrar and Share Transfer Agent("RTA")	KFin Technologies Private Limited Address: Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32, Gachibowli, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Hyderabad – 500 032 Contact person: Chakka Jagannadh Tel No: 9642222997 Email: jagannadh.chakka@kfintech.com Website: http://www.kfintech.com

Distribution of Shareholding as on March 31, 2025:

Not Applicable

Categories of the Shareholders as on March 31, 2025:

Category	No. of Shares	%
Promoters	22,909,846	100
Financial Institutions	-	-
Foreign Institutional Investors, Foreign Portfolio Investors & Alternate Investment Funds	-	-
Mutual Funds	-	-
Foreign Corporate Bodies	-	-
Directors & Relatives	-	-
Resident Individuals & Others	6	0.00
Banks	-	-
Non-Resident Indians	-	-
TOTAL	22,909,906	100

Dematerialization of Shares:

The Company's shares are not listed and traded on any stock exchange. However, the Company's equity share capital are dematerialized as on March 31, 2025 except the shares held by individual nominee shareholders. Under the Depository System, the International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) allotted to the Company's Equity shares is INE682V01013.

Code of Conduct for prevention of Insider Trading:

The Company has framed the Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading and Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information in line with the requirements of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015. The objective of the Code is to prevent purchase and / or sale of listed securities of the Company by an Insider on the basis of unpublished price sensitive information. Under this Code, Designated Persons are prohibited from dealing in the listed securities of the Company during the closure of Trading Window. Further, SEBI has mandated every listed entity to maintain a Structured Digital Database (SDD) containing details of persons with whom any Unpublished Price Sensitive Information (UPSI) is shared. As per the SEBI (PIT) Regulations 2015, this database must be secured through adequate internal controls such as time stamping and audit trails so as to prevent any kind of tampering.

The above mandate was primarily introduced with a view to maintain a trail of information and aid SEBI in investigations pertaining to insider trading by establishing a link between insiders and persons who communicate and trade on the basis of such UPSI. Thus, the Company has availed SDD AMAZE SOFTWARE from Amaze Fintech Private Limited so as to comply with the said requirement.

Secretarial Audit:

The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on October 24, 2024 had appointed Nagendar D Rao, Practicing Company Secretary as the Secretarial Auditor of the Company for FY2024-25.

Debenture Trustee:

The Debenture Trustee of the Company is:

Catalyst Trusteeship Limited Address: 901, 9TH Floor, Tower B, Peninsula Business Park, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel (W), Mumbai- 400013. Contact person: Deesha Srikkanth Tel No: +91 (22) 4922 0555 Email: ComplianceCTL-Mumbai@ctltrustee.com

For Jana Holdings Limited

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Rajamani Muthuchamy MD & CEO (DIN: 08080999) Place: Bangalore Date: 30/05/2025

Abraham Chacko Independent Director (DIN: 06676990) Place: Bangalore Date: 30/05/2025

To, The Members, Jana Holdings Limited, 3rd Floor, Sri Krishna Towers, Sy. No./25B1, Krishnagiri Bye-Pass Road, Hosur East, Krishnagiri, Hosur, Tamil Nadu 635 109.

My report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on my audit.

2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.

3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.

4. Wherever required, I have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.

5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is responsibility of management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.

6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the further viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Nagendra D. Rao

Practising Company Secretary Membership No. FCS – 5553 Certificate of Practice – 7731 Peer Reviewed Unit Peer Review Certificate No.: 672/2020 UDIN: F005553G000517328

Place : Bengaluru Date : May 30, 2025

Form No. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31STMARCH, 2025

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014]

To, The Members, Jana Holdings Limited, 3rd Floor, Sri Krishna Towers, Sy. No./25B1, Krishnagiri Bye-Pass Road, Hosur East, Krishnagiri, Hosur, Tamil Nadu 635 109.

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of the applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Jana Holdings Limited** (hereinafter called the company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in the manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of the secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on <u>31st March, 2025</u> complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31^{st} March, 2025 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder.
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder.
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Byelaws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings.
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'): -
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 [Not Applicable];
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;

[&]quot;Vagdevi", 543/A, 7th Main, 3rd Cross, S.L. Bhyrappa Road, Hanumantha Nagar, Bengaluru - 560 019. Telephone: 080-2650 9004, Mobile: 99451 75787, E-mail : nagendradrao@gmail.com GSTIN : 29ADAPRO287M1Z2 MSME Reg. No. : UDYAM-KR-03-0262388

- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations,2018 [Not Applicable];
- (d) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 [Not Applicable];
- (e) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with clients [Not Applicable].
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021. [Not Applicable]; and
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy-back of Securities) Regulations,2018 [Not Applicable].
- (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 [Only Chapters III, IV (Regulations 16 to 27) and V are applicable]
- (vi) The Laws as are applicable specifically to the Company are as under:
 - a) The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) Act 1934.
 - b) The Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2007.
 - c) Prevention of Money-Laundering Act (PMLA), 2002 and The Prevention of Money- Laundering (Maintenance of Records, etc.) Rules, 2005.
 - d) RBI Master Direction on Non-Banking Financial Company Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions 2016.
 - e) Monitoring of Frauds in NBFCs (Reserve Bank) Directions 2016.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards with respect to Meetings of Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) The SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above except as stated below:

a) The company has not filed Outcome of the Board meeting dated May 17, 2024 with BSE limited within 30 minutes of the closure of the Board meetings as required under Schedule III Part B of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 read with Regulation 51(2).

I further report that

The Board of Directors of the company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of



Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

As per the Minutes of the Board of Directors duly recorded and signed by the Chairman, the decisions were unanimous and no dissenting views were required to be recorded.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations, and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period the following specific events have taken place:

- The Board of Directors at its meeting held on February 3, 2025, had re-approved the draft scheme of amalgamation of the Company with Jana Capital Limited under the fast-track route as per Section 233 and/or under Section 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). As on the date of this report, the Company has obtained consent affidavits from all the Shareholders confirming the proposed scheme of Merger.
- The Reserve Bank of India vide their letter dated July 29, 2024 has granted in principle approval for the Merger of Jana Holdings Limited (Transferor Company) with Holding Company i.e., Jana Capital Limited (Transferee Company). The Company has received No Objection letter from BSE Limited with respect to the above proposed merger on May 22, 2025.
- 3. The Company have received order of Adjudication of penalty under Section 454 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Adjudication of penalties) Rules. 2014 for violation of provisions of Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013, vide their order dated 04.12.2024 imposing penalty on the Company, Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan, Mr. Raghunath Srinivasan, Mr. Kousalya Srinivasan Ramdas and Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy.
- 4. The Company has preferred an appeal before the Regional Director for waiving off the amount of penalty levied by the Registrar of Companies, Karnataka for the violation of Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Regional Director, Ministry of Corporate Affairs based on the Company's appeal reduced the quantum of penalty amount. As on the date of this report, the reduced penalty amount has been paid by the Company and the above officers named therein.
- During the period under review, The Company has complied with the RBI Master Direction on Non-Banking Finance Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions 2016 read with Section 45IA of the RBI Act, 1934 with the following exception were,
 - a. The net owned fund of the Company as on 31st March 2025, is in deficit of Rs. 67778.75 Lakhs, which is below the regulatory minimum of Rs. 200 Lakhs.
 - b. The Company had a leverage ratio of 2.82 times which is above the regulatory norm of 1.25 times of its paid up capital and free reserves.



I further report that during the audit period the company has, in compliance with the Act, passed the below special resolutions

(A) Annual General Meeting held on July 09, 2024:

- 1. Appointed Mrs. Rajalakshmi Ambady as an Independent Director of the Company.
- 2. Fixed an overall limit of the remuneration payable per annum to Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy, MD and CEO, till the completion of his tenure.
- 3. Approved the annual performance increment to Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy, MD and CEO.

(B) Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on July 11, 2024:

 Approved the Shifting of Registered Office of the Company from the State of Karnataka to State of Tamil Nadu.

FCS: 5553 Nagendra D. Rao

Practising Company Secretary Membership No. FCS – 5553 Certificate of Practice – 7731 Peer Reviewed Unit Peer Reviewed Unit Peer Review Certificate No.: 672/2020 UDIN: F005553G000517328

Place : Bengaluru Date : May 30, 2025

Practising Company Secretary

<u>Secretarial Compliance Report of Jana Holdings Limited having Corporate Identification</u> <u>Number U74900TZ2016PLC033423 ('the listed entity') for the financial year ended 31st March,</u> <u>2025.</u>

I have examined:

(a) all the documents and records made available to us and explanation provided by Jana Holdings Limited ("the listed entity").

(b) the filings/ submissions made by the listed entity to the stock exchanges.

(c) website of the listed entity.

(d) any other document/ filing, as may be relevant, which has been relied upon to make this Report, for the year ended 31st March, 2025 ("Review Period") in respect of compliance with the provisions of:

(a) the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ("SEBI Act") and the Regulations. circulars. guidelines issued thereunder: and

(b) the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act. 1956 ("SCRA"), rules made thereunder and the Regulations, circulars, guidelines issued thereunder by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI");

The specific Regulations, whose provisions and the circulars/ guidelines issued thereunder, have been examined, include: -

(a) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015; [Only chapter III, IV (Regulation 16 to 27) And V are Applicable]

(b) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations. 2018 [Not Applicable]:

(c) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations. 2011 [Not Applicable]:

(d) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations. 2018 [Not Applicable]:

(e) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations. 2021: [Not Applicable]:

(f) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations. 2021;

(g) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations. 2015;

and circulars and guidelines issued thereunder.

and based on the above examination. I hereby report that, during the Review Period:

1

Sr	Com-	Regu-	Deviatio	Actio	Туре	oſ	Details	Fine	Obser-	Man-	Re-
-	pliance	lation/	ns	n	Action		of	Amou	vations/	age-	mar
Ν	Requir	Circul		Take	(Advisor	y/	Violati	nt	Remarks of	ment	ks
0	ement	ar No.		n by	Clarificat	ti	on		the	Re-	
	(Regu-				on/				Practicing	spon	
	lations/				Fine/Sho	W			Company	se	
	circular				Cause				Secretary(P		
	s/				Notice				CS)		
	guide-				/Warning	<u>.</u>					
	lines				etc.)						
	includi										
	ng										
	specific		0			- 1					
	clause)										
					As per An	inex	are - I				

(a) The listed entity has complied with the provisions of the above Regulations and circulars/ guidelines issued thereunder. except in respect of matters specified below:

(b) The Listed entity has taken the following actions to comply with the observations made in previous reports.

Sr.	Observations/	Observations	Compliance	Details of	Remedial	Comments
No.	Remarks of the	made in the	Requirement	violation /	actions. if	of the PCS
	Practicing	secretarial	(Regulations/	deviations	any, taken	on the
	Company	compliance	circulars/	and actions	by the	actions
	Secretary in the	report for the	guidelines	taken /	listed	taken by the
	previous	year ended	including	penalty	entity	listed entity
	reports) (PCS)	March 31, 2024	specific clause)	imposed, if		
				any. on the		
	-			listed entity		
As per Annexure - II						

I hereby report that, during the review period the compliance status of the listed entity with the following requirements:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Compliance Status (Yes/No/ NA)	Observations /Remarks by PCS*
1	Secretarial Standards:		
	The compliances of the listed entity are in accordance with the applicable Secretarial Standards (SS) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI).	Yes	-
2	Adoption and timely updation of the Policies:		
	• All applicable policies under SEBI	Yes	ORA

	Regulations are adopted with the approval of board of directors of the listed entities.		
	• All the policies are in conformity with SEBI Regulations and have been reviewed & updated on time. as per the regulations/ circulars/guidelines issued by SEBI	Yes	-
3	Maintenance and disclosures on Website:		
	• The Listed entity is maintaining a functional website	Yes	-
	• Timely dissemination of the documents/ information under a separate section on the website	Yes	×
	 Web-links provided in annual corporate governance reports under Regulation 27(2) are accurate and specific which re- directs to the relevant document(s)/ section of the website 	Yes	-
4	Disqualification of Director(s):		
	None of the Director(s) of the Company is/are disqualified under Section 164 of Companies Act. 2013 as confirmed by the listed entity.	Yes	-
5	Details related to Subsidiaries of listed entities have been examined w.r.t.:		
	(a) Identification of material subsidiary companies	NA	The Company does not have any material subsidiaries.
	(b) Disclosure requirement of material as well as other subsidiaries	Yes	-
6	Preservation of Documents:		
	The listed entity is preserving and maintaining records as prescribed under SEBI Regulations and disposal of records as per Policy of Preservation of Documents and Archival policy prescribed under SEBI LODR Regulations. 2015.	Yes	- Nor
			ALT.
		3	CANY SECSS

7.	Performance Evaluation:		
	The listed entity has conducted performance evaluation of the Board, Independent Directors and the Committees at the start of every financial year/during the financial year as prescribed in SEBI Regulations.	Yes	7
8	Related Party Transactions:		
	(a) The listed entity has obtained prior approval of Audit Committee for all related party transactions: or	Yes	
	(b) The listed entity has provided detailed reasons along with confirmation whether the transactions were subsequently approved/ratified/rejected by the Audit Committee.	NA	-
9	Disclosure of events or information:		
	The listed entity has provided all the required disclosure(s) under Regulation 30 along with Schedule III of SEBI LODR Regulations. 2015 within the time limits prescribed thereunder	Yes	-
10	Prohibition of Insider Trading:		
	The listed entity is in compliance with Regulation 3(5) & 3(6) SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.	Ycs	~
11	Actions taken by SEBI or Stock Exchange(s), if any:	2	
	No action(s) has been taken against the listed entity/ its promoters/ directors/ subsidiaries either by SEBI or by Stock Exchanges (including under the Standard Operating Procedures issued by SEBI through various circulars) under SEBI Regulations and circulars/ guidelines issued thereunder (or) the action taken against the listed entity/its promoters/directors/subsidiaries either by SEBI or by Stock Exchanges are specified in the last column.	Yes	
		4	A SEC.

12	Resignation of statutory auditors from the listed entity or its material subsidiaries:		
	In case of resignation of statutory auditor from the listed entity or any of its material subsidiaries during the financial year. the listed entity and / or its material subsidiary (ies) has / have complied with paragraph 6.1 and 6.2 of section V-D of chapter V of the Master Circular on compliance with the provisions of the LODR Regulations by listed entities.	NA	-
13	Additional Non-compliances, if any: No additional non-compliance observed for any SEBI regulation/circular/guidance note etc. except as reported above.	Yes	-

I further, report that disclosure requirements of Employee Benefits Scheme Documents in terms of regulation 46 (2) (za) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is <u>not applicable to the Company</u>.

Assumptions & Limitation of scope and Review:

1. Compliance of the applicable laws and ensuring the authenticity of documents and information furnished, are the responsibilities of the management of the listed entity.

2. Our responsibility is to report based upon our examination of relevant documents and information. This is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion.

3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial Records and Books of Accounts of the listed entity.

4. This Report is solely for the intended purpose of compliance in terms of Regulation 24A (2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations. 2015 and is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the listed entity nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the listed entity.



Nagendra D. Rao Practising Company Secretary Membership No. FCS – 5553 Certificate of Practice – 7731 Peer Reviewed Unit Peer Review Certificate No.: 672/2020 UDIN : F005553G000430879

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2025

As _I)er	Annexure	– I
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Sr. No	Compliance Require- ment (Regu- lations/ circulars/ guidelines including specific clause)	Regulation/ Circular No.	Deviations	Action Taken by	Type of Action (Advisory/ Clarification/ Fine/Show Cause Notice /Warning, etc.)	Details of Violation	Fine Amount	Observations/ Remarks of the Practicing Company Secretary	Management Response	Remarks
1	Outcome of the Board meeting shall be filed with the stock exchange within thirty minutes of the closure of the Board meeting.	Regulation 51(2). Schedule III Part B of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations. 2015 read with Regulation	Delayed filing of Outcome of the Board meeting dated May 17. 2024 with the BSE limited.	Nonc	Nil	Delaycd filing of Outcome of, the Board meeting dated May 17, 2024 with the BSE limited.	Nil	Outcome of the Board meeting filed after thirty minutes after the closure of the meeting	Outcome of the Board meeting filed after thirty minutes after the closure of the meeting	Outcome of the Board mecting filed after thirty minutes after the closure of the meeting



Annexure – II

Sr. No.	Observations/ Remarks of the Practicing Company Secretary (PCS) in the previous reports – March 31, 2024	Observations made in the secretarial compliance report for the year ended March 31, 2024	Compliance Requirement (Regulations/ circulars/ guidelines including specific clause)	Detailsofviolation/deviationsandactionstakenpenaltyimposed,ifany,onlistedentity	Remedial actions, if any, taken by the listed entity	Comments of the PCS on the actions taken by the listed entity
1	The company has paid the fine of Rs. 5.900/- levied on the Company on 05 th February. 2024 on the delay cd filing.	The company has paid the fine of Rs. 5,900/- levied on the Company on 05 th February, 2024 on the delay ed filing.	Regulation 50(1) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.	Non-Submission of intimation about Board Meeting (For Quarter ended 31 December. 2023)	Delayed filing and the company has paid the fine of Rs. 5.900/- levied on the company on 05 th February, 2024.	The Finc has been paid
2	The company has paid the fine of Rs. 11,800/- levied on the company on 03 rd January, 2024 on the delayed submission of the notice of Record Date.	The company has paid the fine of Rs. 11.800/- levied on the company on 03 rd January, 2024.	Regulation 60(2) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.	Delay in submission of the notice of Record Date.	The company has paid the fine of Rs. 11,800/- levied on the company on 03 rd January, 2024	The Finc has been paid



3	The company has paid the fine of Rs. 23,600/- levied on the company on 20 th March. 2024 on the delayed submission of the notice of Record Date.	paid the fine of Rs. 23,600/- levied on the company on 20 th March, 2024	Regulations, 2015.	Delay in submission of the notice of Record Date	The company has paid the fine of Rs. 23,600/- levied on the company on 20th March, 2024	The Fine ha
4	The company has paid the fine of Rs. 11.800/- levied on the company on 05 th February, 2024 on the delayed submission of the notice of Record Date.	The company has paid the fine of Rs. 11,800/- levied on the company on 05 th February, 2024	Regulation 60(2) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.	Delay in submission of the notice of Record Date	The company has paid the fine of Rs. 11.800/- levied on the company on 05 th February. 2024.	The Fine ha
5	The company could not provide for adequate notice to the BSE for holding Board meetings on May 05, 2023, May 18, 2023, and December 12,2023 (rescheduled to December 18, 2023, relating to items of restructuring and fresh borrowing of Non-Convertible Debentures (NCD)	The company could not provide for adequate notice to the BSE for holding Board meetings on May 05, 2023. May 18, 2023. and December 12,2023 (rescheduled to December 18, 2023, relating to items of restructuring and fresh borrowing of Non-Convertible Debentures (NCD)	Regulation 50(1) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.	The company could not provide for adequate notice to the BSE for holding Board meetings on May 05, 2023, May 23,18, 2023, and December 12, 2023 (rescheduled to December 18, 2023, relating to items of restructuring and fresh borrowing of Non-Convertible Debentures (NCD)	-	-

6	As per Regulation 15	As per Regulation		Non-appointment	-	The Company has	
	of SEBI (LODR)	15 of SEBI (LODR)	the SEBI (LODR)	of women director		taken the note of	
	Regulations. 2015.	Regulations, 2015.	Regulations, 2015.	from 20 th July.		the same in their	
	Regulation 16 to	Regulation 16 to		2023 till March 24.		Board Minutes	
	Regulation 27 have	Regulation 27 have		2024 as required		dated October 25.	
	been made applicable	been made		under Regulation		2023. The	
	to the company on a	applicable to the		17(1) of SEBI		Company needs	
	'comply or explain'	company on a		(LODR)		to explain the	
	basis until March 31.	`comply or explain'		Regulations, 2015		same, in the	
	2024. Accordingly,	basis until March 31.				quarterly	
	the company needs to	2024. Accordingly,				compliance report	
	explain the reasons	the company needs				on Corporate	
	with regards to non-	to explain the				Governance.	
	appointment of	reasons with regards					
	Women Director in	to non-appointment					
	place of Mrs.	of Women Director					
	Saraswathy	in place of Mrs.					
	Athmanathan who	Saraswathy					
	resigned from the	Athmanathan who					
	Board of the	resigned from the					
	Company with effect	Board of the					
	from July 19th, 2023.	Company with effect					
		from July 19th,					
		2023.					
7	As per Regulation 15	As per Regulation	Regulation 19(3) of	The chairperson of	_	The Company has	
	of SEBI (LODR)	15 of SEBI (LODR)	the SEBI (LODR)	Nomination and		explained in the	
	Regulations, 2015.	Regulations. 2015.	Regulations, 2015.	remuneration		Half yearly	
	Regulation 16 to	Regulation 16 to		committee was not		Corporate	
	Regulation 27 have	Regulation 27 have		present at the		Governance	
	been made applicable	been made		annual general		Report for the	
	to the company on a	applicable to the		meeting held on		half year ended	
	comply or explain	company on a		13th July, 2023.		30 th September,	
	basis until March 31.	'comply or explain'		15th July, 2025.		2023.	
	2024. Accordingly.	basis until March 31,				2025.	1
	the Company needs	2024. Accordingly,					10
	to explain the reasons	the Company needs				19	
	to explain the reasons	the Company needs					N

for absence of	o explain the	
chairperson of	easons for absence	
Nomination and	of chairperson of	
Remuneration	Nomination and	
Committee in Annual	Remuneration	
General Meeting	Committee in	
	Annual General	
	Aceting	(DPA)





Certificate pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10) (i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

To, The Members, Jana Holdings Limited, 3rd Floor, Shri Krishna Towers, Sy. No./25B1, Krishnagiri Bye-Pass Road, Hosuru East, Krishangiri, Hosur - 635109, Tamil Nadu.

I have examined the relevant registers, records, forms and returns filed, notices and disclosures received from the Directors, minutes books, other books and papers of <u>Jana Holdings Limited</u> having <u>U74900TZ2016PLC033423</u> and having its present registered office at <u>3rd Floor, Sri</u> <u>Krishna Towers, Sy. No./25B1, Krishnagiri Bye-Pass Road, Hosur East, Krishnagiri, Hosur - 635 109, Tamil Nadu</u> (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before me by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter referred to as 'the LODR'), as amended from time to time.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including DIN status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the Company, its officers, <u>I hereby certify that none of the Directors who were on the Board of the Company as on 31st March, 2025 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of the Companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any other Statutory Authority.</u>

Ensuring the eligibility of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on my verification.

I have conducted necessary verification as much as is appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the eligibility or disqualification of the Directors on the Board of the Company.

This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

FCS : 5553 CP : 7731

Nagendra D. Rao Practising Company Secretary Membership No. FCS – 5553 Certificate of Practice – 7731 Peer Reviewed Unit Peer Reviewed Unit Peer Review Certificate No.: 672/2020 UDIN: F005553G000517295

Place: Bengaluru Date ; May 30th, 2025



CIN: U74900TZ2016PLC033423 Corp Office: #19/4, Sair Bagh'' Building, 4th Floor, Cunningham Road, Vasanth Nagar, Dr.Ambedkar Veedhi Bengaluru, Karnataka- 560001

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

In accordance with Regulation 17(8) Part B of Schedule II of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015

To The Board of Directors Jana Holdings Limited Tamil Nadu - 635109

Sub: Compliance Certificate under Regulation 17(8) Part B of Schedule II of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015

A. We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended March 31,

2025 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:

- i. these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
- ii. these statements together present a true and fair view of the listed entity's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the listed entity's code of conduct.
- C. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the listed entity pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the Auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- D. We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee,
 - i. Significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year.
 - ii. Significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - iii. Instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the listed entity's internal control system over financial reporting.

Minno

Rajamani Muthuchamy MD & CEO (DIN: 08080999) Place: Bangalore Date: 30/05/2025

Srinivas NR Chief Financial Officer Place: Bangalore Date: 30/05/2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

MURALI & VENKAT

Chartered Accountants

The Members Jana Holdings Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the Standalone Financial Statements of Jana Holdings Limited ('The Company') which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025, and the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Standalone Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('The Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2025, and its <u>loss</u>, changes in equity and its cashflows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

- (i) The terms and conditions of the Certificate of registration issued to the Company by the RBI vide letter no. N-02.00275 dated 27 January 2017, requires to comply with prescribed Net Owned Fund requirement in accordance with Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and RBI's Master Direction DNBR. PD.008/03.10.119/2016-17 dated 1st September 2016. In Our Opinion, The Net Owned Funds of the Company as on 31 March 2025, is in a <u>Deficit</u> of INR 67778.75 Lakhs, which is below the regulatory minimum of Rs. 200 Lakhs. The consequentialimpact of such non-compliance on the Standalone Financial Statements is presently unascertainable. (Refer note 33 to the audited Standalone Financial Statements).
- (ii) The Company is a Non-operating Financial Holding Company ('NOFHC') of Jana Small Finance Bank Limited ('JSFB' or 'the Bank'). As per the terms and conditions of the license issued to the Bank to commence small finance bank business under Section 22 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, the Company is required to comply with the provisions of paragraph 2(H)(i) of the Guidelines for Licensing of New Banks in the Private Sector dated February 22, 2013, which refers to compliance of regulatory threshold of leverage ratio on a standalone basis by the NOFHC as per RBI guidelines.

For the year ended on 31st March, 2025, the Company had a leverage ratio of 2.82 times which is above the regulatory threshold of 1.25 on a standalone basis. The consequential impact of such non-compliances on the financial results is presently unascertainable. (Refer note 33 to the audited Standalone Financial Statements).

Accordingly, we are unable to comment on the impact of adjustment if any and Consequential impact on the Statement.

The matter was also qualified in our report on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2024.

We conducted our Audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

- 1. We draw attention to Note 36 to the Audited Standalone Financial Statements describing the Listing requirement for equity shares of the Associate Company as per Small Finance Bank Licensing Guidelines by the RBI, in which the company has invested in equity holdings and the Associate Company (Bank), IPO of equity shares was completed and now the shares are listed in the stock exchanges with effect from 14th February 2024.
- 2. We draw attention to Note 31 to the Standalone Financial Statements which describe the extent to which the COVID- 19 Pandemic will impact the Associate's Standalone Financial Statements. Consequently, the impact on the Carrying Value of Investment in the Associate in the books of the Company will depend on the future developments.
- 3. We draw attention to Note No. 08 to the Statement, wherein the Company issued fresh debentures during the previous year on private placement basis to raise money mainly for redemption of debentures that were falling due. The said debentures were subscribed by the existing investors at an investor IRR of 49% to be accrued annually as agreed to in the Debenture trust deed signed between the Company and the debenture trustee. The said investor IRR agreed to is an outliner and the same is not to be found among the market rates which help discover fair value for accounting purposes.
- 4. We draw attention to Note 35 in the Standalone Financial Statements, which indicates that the Company incurred a net loss of INR 186.01 crores during the year ended 31 March 2025 and has accumulated losses amounting to INR 2122.93 crores, as of that date. Further the Company has fixed term borrowings approaching maturity with prospects of repayment currently being evaluated by the management. Further, the Company is in breach of certain regulatory financial parameters as of 31 March 2025 as stated here in above, in the Basis of Qualified Opinion section. These conditions indicate that may cast significant doubt on Company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, the Management is of the opinion that the Company was able to successfully raise further debt and equity required for maintaining sufficient liquidity and meeting its obligations and is in a position to continue its business in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared under going concern assumption. (Refer note 35 to the audited Standalone Financial Statements).

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The Other information comprises the information included in the Director's Report, but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Impairment Assessment of Investment in Equity Shares in the Associate

Refer Note 2 to the Standalone Financial Statement with respect to the disclosures of Investment in the Associate.

The Investment in the Associate is recorded at cost and is tested for Impairment annually. On 31 March 2025, Investment in the Associate amounts to INR 2,411.35 crores (Previous year 31 March 2024: INR 2,490.16 crores) against which allowance for Impairment Loss for the Year INR. 574.66 crores (Impairment Loss/ Reversal of Impairment Loss for the Last Year INR.1267.67). The provision of Impairment is provided for Rs. 1,458.45 crores as at 31 March 2025 (Previous year 31 March 2024: Rs. 1,524.50 crores).

Basis for Measurement:

Investments represent the shares invested in its associate company Jana Small Finance Bank. The IPO of equity shares of Jana Small Finance Bank Ltd was completed and now the shares are listed in the stock exchanges with effect from 14th February 2024. The fair market value of shares of Jana Small Finance Bank as on March 31, 2025 is at Rs. 407.05 and accordingly the investments are valued at fair market value as per IND AS 28-Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures and presented under Investments at Fair Value through profit or loss.

The annual Impairment testing of value of Investment in the Associate is considered to be a key audit matter due to the materiality of Investment for the Company and the fact that process and methodology for assessing and determining the recoverable amount of Investment are based on certain assumptions, that by their nature imply the use of the management's judgment and prudence, in particular with reference to identification of Impairment.

Our audit procedures in respect of this area include but are not limited to:

- i. The verification of the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls over approval, recording and monitoring of Impairment in Investments.
- ii. The Review of the management's Impairment assessment and assessed the reasonableness of judgements and assumptions used in such Impairment assessment.
- iii. The Assessment of the accuracy of the Impairment loss and evaluated the adequacy of the disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exits, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore, the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by The Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017, in our opinion, according to information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its Directors is within the limits laid down under Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act and the rules thereunder.
- 3. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report, are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) Except for the matter described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion section here in above, in our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) The matter described in Basis of Qualified Opinion section here in above and the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section of our report, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the Company.
- f) On the basis of the written representations received from the Directors as on 31 March 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the Directors are disqualified as on 31 March 2025 from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position as at 31 March 2025.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

iv. (a) The management has represented to us that to the best of their knowledge and belief that no funds (which are material either individually or in aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries. Based on reasonable audit procedures adopted by us, nothing has come to our notice that such representation contains any material misstatement.

(b) The management has represented to us that to the best of their knowledge and belief that no funds (which are material either individually or in aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(c) Based on reasonable audit procedures adopted by us, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contains any material misstatement.

- v. The Company has not declared any dividend during the Year.
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the company has used accounting software for maintaining its Books of Account for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2025 which has a feature of recording Audit Trail facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our Audit we did not come across any instances of the Audit Trail feature being tampered with.

As Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from 1 April, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on presentation of Audit Trail as per the Statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended 31 March, 2025.

For MURALI & VENKAT CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm's Registration Number: 002162S

G.SATISHCHANDRA Partner Membership Number: 027372 UDIN: 25027372BMJLIQ6678

Place: Bangalore. Date: 30-05-2025

ANNEXURE A - Statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the companies (Auditor's Report) order, 2020 ("CARO") to Independent Auditor's report of even date on the standalone of M/s. Jana Holdings Limited for the year ended 31st March 2025.

Based on the audit procedure performed for the purpose of reporting a true and fair view on the Standalone Financial Statements of Jana Holdings Limited (*"The Company"*) and taking into consideration the information and explanations given to us and the books of account and other records examined by us in a normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

(i)

- (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of its Property, Plant and Equipment. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of its intangible assets.
- (b) The Company's Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals as per a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. The Company has reported that no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification made during the year.
- (c) According to the Information and explanations given to us, there are no immovable properties and accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(i)(c) of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
- (e) We have not observed nor have we been informed of any proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder to disclose appropriately in its Standalone Financial Statements.
- (ii) The Company is Non- Banking Financial Company ('NBFC') Non- Operating Financial Holding Company ('NOFHC') and it does not hold any physical inventories. Accordingly, the reporting requirements stated in the clause 3(ii) of the order are not made.
- (iii) The Company, during the year in respect of the loans, or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured granted, investments made, or providing of guarantees by the Company to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties, including the parties covered under the provisions of Section 2(76) of the Act. Our Opinion on the matters specified as per this clause is as under:
 - (a) The Company has not granted any loans or any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties.
 and hence the reporting requirements under clause (c), (d), (e), (f) of (iii) of the Order are not made.
- (b) The company has made Investment in Equity instruments as mentioned in Note No. 2 to the financial statements and all such investments and terms & conditions of the same are not prejudicial to the interest of the company.

- (iv) The Company complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans given and investments made.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be Deposits and hence compliance with the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder are not applicable. No order has been passed by the Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal against this Company in any matter relating to the deposits.
- (vi) The Maintenance of Cost records has not been specified by the Central Government u/s.148 (1) of the Act for the business activities carried by the Company. Accordingly, the requirements under clause 3(vi) of the order are not applicable to the Company.

(vii)

- (a) According to the Information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities. There were no other undisputed amounts in respect of the above statutory dues as at March 31, 2025 outstanding for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) There were no material dues on account of disputed statutory liabilities referred to in sub-clause (a), which have not been deposited.
- (viii) The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the Books of Account in the Income Tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, as income of the Company during the year

(ix)

- (a) The Company has no loans except borrowings by way of debentures and there are no defaults in repayments of debentures including interest there on during the year to the debenture holders.
- (b) The Company is not a declared will full defaulter by any Bank or Financials Intuition or Other lenders.
- (c) The Company has taken short term loan, were applied for the purpose for which the loan was obtained and which were repaid on time.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds have been raised on short-term basis were utilized for long term purposes by the Company. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (e) The Company has raised funds by way of debentures from other parties mainly to meet the obligation of the repayment of debentures to meet the obligations which are due during the year.

- (f) There was no fresh investment made during the year in the Associate Company, The Net investment value in the Associate Company INR 952.89 crores as at the Balance Sheet date invested in Equity shares of the Associate Company. Also Refer Note 2 to the Standalone Financial Statement and our observation in the Key Audit Matters in our report here in above.
- (x)
- (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence the reporting requirements under the clause 3(x)(a) is not made.
- (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment on private placement of Equity shares during the year, the requirements of section 42 and section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.
- (xi)
- (a) In our opinion, no fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year and hence the reporting requirements under the clause 3(xi)(a) is not made and as per clause 3(xi)(b) for filing report under subsection (12) of Section 143 of the Act by the Auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government does not arise.
- (b) In our opinion, the Company has not received any whistle Blower complaints during the year as per the records maintained for the purpose and hence the impact of the same on the Standalone Financial Statements is Nil.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence compliance requirements applicable to Nidhi companies as per clause 3(xii)(a),(b) and (c) are not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion, all the transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and the details of the transactions have been disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statements as required by the applicable Accounting Standards.

(xiv)

- (a) The Company has an Internal Audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (b) We have considered the Internal Audit reports of the Company issued till date, for the period under audit.
- (xv) In our opinion, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with them and hence, the compliance with the provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable.

(xvi)

- (a) The Company is required to and has been registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 as NBFC-ND-NOFHC.
- (b) The Company has not conducted any non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities during the year.

- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the Regulations made by the RBI.
- (d) The Company's Group has one CIC (M/s Jana Capital Limited, Holding Company) as part of the Group.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses in the financial year INR.252.27 crores and in the immediately preceding financial year INR.460.22 crores. However, we observe that there is no cash out flow occurred during the year for the interest on debentures, which is the part of the cash losses for the year and is due & payable at the time of redemption of such debentures.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly, the compliance clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

For MURALI & VENKAT CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm's Registration Number: 002162S

ahan SATISHCHANDRA

Partner Membership Number: 027372 UDIN: 25027372BMJLIQ6678

Place: Bangalore. Date: 30-05-2025

ANNEXURE 'B' – The Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") to the Independent Auditor's report of even date on the Standalone Financial Statements of M/S. JANA HOLDINGS LIMITED

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements of Jana Holdings Limited ("the Company") as of 31st March 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining Internal Financial Controls based on the internal controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the Guidance Note) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Guidance Note to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements includes obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Standalone Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial control with reference to Standalone Financial Statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of Internal Financial Controls stated in the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For MURALI & VENKAT CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm's Registration Number: 002162S G. SATISHCHANDRA

Partner Membership Number: 027372 UDIN: 25027372BMJLIQ6678

Place: Bangalore. Date: 30-05-2025

JANA HOLDINGS LIMITED Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025

500				(Rs. In thousands)
			As at	As at
	Particulars	Note	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
	ASSETS			
• • •	Financial Assets			
. ,	Cash and cash equivalent	1(i)	29,353.61	54,866.03
1.1	Bank balance other than (a) above	1(ii)	-	-
(c) (d)	Derivative Financial Instruments Receivables		-	-
(u) (e)	Loans			
(e) (f)	Investments	2	95,28,955.02	96,56,643.58
(r) (g)	Other financial assets	3	1,696.50	1,711.25
	Non- Financial Assets	5	1,070.50	1,711.25
• • •	Inventories			
. ,	Current tax assets (Net)	4	- 252.59	- 44.17
	Deferred tax assets (Net)	4	232.37	44.17
. ,	Investment Property			
. ,	Property, plant and equipment	5	329.35	329.53
	Capital work-in-progress	5	-	-
• •	Intangible assets under development			-
	Goodwill		-	-
(i)	Other intangible assets	6		-
(j)	Other non financial assets		-	-
	Total Assets	-	95,60,587.07	97,13,594.56
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	=		
	LIABILITIES			
(1)	Financial Liabilities			
(a)	Derivative Financial Instruments		-	-
(b)	Payables			
	(I) Trade Payables			
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro			
	enterprises and small enterprises	7	-	-
	(II) Other Payables			
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro		-	
	enterprises and small enterprises			-
• • •	Debt Securities	8	70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90
(d)	Other financial liabilities	9	275.00	275.00
(2)	Non-Financial Liabilities			
(a)	Current tax liabilities (Net)			-
(b)	Provisions	10	1,093.01	1,393.83
(c)	Deferred tax liabilities (Net)		-	-
(d)	Other non-financial liabilities	11	806.60	69,628.74
(3)	EQUITY			
(a)	Equity share capital	12	2,29,099.06	2,29,099.06
(b)	Other equity	13	22,71,882.50	41,32,017.03
	Total Liabilities and Equity	_	95,60,587.07	97,13,594.56
	Commence of simulations the multiples	=		

Summary of significant accounting policies

See accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements 1-42

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements

As per our report of even date

For MURALI & VENKAT Chartered Accountants ICAI, Firm Begistration No.: 002162S

G. Satishchandra Partner Membership No: 027372 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Jana Holdings Limited CIN: U74900TZ2016PLC033423

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Rajamani Muthuchamy Managing Director and CEO DIN:08080999 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

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Srinivas NR Chief Financial Officer Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

Ramesh Ramanathan Chairman DIN:00163276 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025



Krishi Jain Company Secretary Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss For The Year Ended 31 March 2025

	Particulars	Note	3 months ended 31-March-2025	3 months ended 31-December- 2024	3 months ended 31-March-2024	For the year ended 31-March-2025	Previous year ended 31-March-2024
(i)	Revenue from Operations Interest Income		957.53	885.94	98.29	2,293.13	494.14
(ii)	Dividend income Rental Income	14	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) (iv)	Others		-	-	- 30,28,126.05	-	- 1,12,32,514.50
(IV) (I)	Total Revenue from Operations		957.53	885.94	30,28,224.34	2,293.13	1,12,33,008.64
(11)	Other income		-	-	-	-	
(III)	Total Income (I+II)		957.53	885.94	30,28,224.34	2,293.13	1,12,33,008.64
(111)	Expenses			003.74	30,20,224.34	2,275.15	1,12,33,000.04
(i) (ii)	Finance costs Fees and commission expense	15	4,48,562.50	4,48,562.50	14,76,917.34	17,94,250.00	30,90,331.59
(iii) (iii)	Net loss on fair value changes Net loss on derecognition of financial			-	-	-	-
(iv)	instruments under amortised cost category		-	-	-	-	-
(v)	Fair value changes on investments (Net)	16	(2,83,258.46)	43,22,617.72	1,26,76,662.00	28,079.35	1,26,76,662.00
(vi)	Cost of materials consumed		-	-	-	-	-
(vii)	Purchases of Stock-in-trade Changes in Inventories of finished goods, stock-		-	-	-	-	-
(viii)	in- trade and work-in- progress	47	-	-	-	-	-
(ix) (x)	Employee benefits expense Depreciation and amortization	17 18	4,504.85 40.23	5,885.28 35.97	3,872.04 29.68	20,373.32 135.41	18,722.73 66.93
(x) (xi)	Others expenses	19	4,477.28	1,469.16	(4,080.99)	19,589.58	51,396.27
(IV)	Total Expenses (IV)		1,74,326.40	47,78,570.63	1,41,53,400.05	18,62,427.66	1,58,37,179.52
(V)	Net Profit / (Net Loss) before exceptional items and tax (III -IV)		(1,73,368.86)	(47,77,684.69)	(1,11,25,175.72)	(18,60,134.53)	(46,04,170.88)
(VI)	Exceptional items		-	-	-	-	-
(VII)	Net Profit / (Net Loss) before tax		(1,73,368.86)	(47,77,684.69)	(1,11,25,175.71)	(18,60,134.53)	(46,04,170.88)
. ,	Tax expense:		(1,75,500.00)	(17,77,001.07)	(1,11,23,173.71)	(10,00,131.33)	(10,01,170.00)
(*****)	(1) Current tax		-	-	-	-	-
	(2) Deferred tax		-	-	-	-	-
(IX)	Net Profit / (Net Loss) for the year (VII-VIII)		(1,73,368.86)	(47,77,684.69)	(1,11,25,175.71)	(18,60,134.53)	(46,04,170.88)
(X)	Other Comprehensive Income Other Comprehensive Income			-			<u> </u>
(XI)	Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the period (IX+X)		(1,73,368.86)	(47,77,684.69)	(1,11,25,175.71)	(18,60,134.53)	(46,04,170.88)
(XII)	Earnings per equity share Basic (Rs.)	20	(7.57)	(208.54)	(485.61)	(81.19)	(200.97)
	Diluted (Rs.)		(7.57)	(208.54)	(485.61)	(81.19)	(200.97)
	Summary of significant accounting policies						

Summary of significant accounting policies See accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements

1-42

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements

As per our report of even date For MURALI & VENKAT Chartered Accountants

ICAT Firm Registration No.: 0021625

G. Satishchandra Partner Membership No: 027372 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Jana Holdings Limited CIN: U74900TZ2016PLC033423

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Rajamani Muthuchamy Managing Director and CEO DIN:08080999 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

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Srinivas NR Chief Financial Officer Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

Ramesh Ramanathan Chairman DIN:00163276 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

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Krishi Jain Company Secretary Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

Statement of Standalone Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

(Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)		
	Year ended	Year ended
	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit or (Loss) after tax	(18,60,134.53)	(46,04,170.88)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortization expenses	135.41	66.93
Other non cash items on sale of investment	693.51	-
Loss on Sale of Furniture (Miscellaneous)	46.24	-
Fair value changes on investments (Net)	28,079.35	1,26,76,662.00
Finance cost (Interest on debt securities)	17,94,250.00	27,83,549.77
FD interest income	(2,291.81)	
Operating loss before working capital changes and adjustments	(39,221.82)	1,08,56,107.82
Changes in working capital		
(Decrease) / Increase in payables	-	-
Decrease/ (increase) in other financial assets and current tax assets	(193.66)	1,091.90
(Decrease) / Increase in other financial liabilities	-	(60.00)
(Decrease) / Increase in other non-financial liabilities	(69,122.97)	65,678.54
(Decrease) / Increase in other Current assets		-
Cash from (used in) operations	(69,316.63)	66,710.44
Cash used in operations	(69,316.63)	66,710.44
Income tax paid / Current tax assets (net)		-
Net cash flows used in operating activities (A)	(1,08,538.45)	1,09,22,818.27
Cash flow from Investing activities		
Payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment	(185.98)	(337.51)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	4.50	· · · ·
Proceeds from sale of investments	98,915.70	
Interest on Fixed Deposits	2,291.81	-
Net cash flow used in Investing activities (B)	1,01,026.03	(337.51)
Cash flow from Financing activities		<u>,</u>
Proceeds from issue of shares	_	1,97,727.69
Premium on issue of shares	_	89,81,208.82
Proceeds from debt securities issued	_	37,75,000.00
Interest payment on debt security (actual)	(18,000.00)	-
Repayment of dues for debt securities	(10,000.00)	(2,38,22,715.79)
Net cash flow from financing activities (C)	(18,000.00)	(1,08,68,779.28)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(25,512.42)	53,701.46
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	54,866.03	1,164.57
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	29,353.61	54,866.03
Cash and cash equivalents comprise (Refer note 1)		
Balances with banks		
On current accounts	4,043.58	4,866.03
On deposits with Banks	25,310.03	50,000.00
Total cash and bank balances at end of the year	29,353.61	54,866.03
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See accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For MURALI & VENKAT Chartered Accountants ICAT Firm Registration No.: 0021625

G. Satishchandra

Partner Membership No: 027372 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Jana Holdings Limited CIN: U74900TZ2016PLC033423

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Rajamani Muthuchamy Managing Director and CEO DIN:08080999 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

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Srinivas NR Chief Financial Officer Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

Ramesh Ramanathan Chairman DIN:00163276 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025



Krishi Jain Company Secretary Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity For The Year Ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

A) Equity Share Capital

(1) Current Reporting Period - FY 2024-2025

IBalance at the beginning I''	Share at the due begini currer report	ning of the shar nt duri	anges in equity are capital ring the rent year	Balance at the end of the current reporting period 31-March-2025
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2) Previous Reporting Period - FY 2023-2024

Balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period 01-April-2023	Equity Share Capital due to prior	beginning of the previous reporting	Changes in equity share capital during the	Balance at the end of the previous reporting period 31-March-2024
31,371.36	-	31,371.36	1,97,727.70	2,29,099.06

B) Other Equity

(1) Current Reporting Period - FY 2024-2025

				Reserves and	l Surplus									
Particulars	lannlication	Equity component of compound financial instruments	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	Statutory Reserve	Retained Earnings	Debt instruments through Other Comprehensiv e Income	Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensiv e Income	Effectiv e portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Surnluc	on translating the financial statements of a foreign		Money receive d against share warran ts	
Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period 01-April-2024	-	-	-	2,34,70,823.61	30,339.16	(1,93,69,145.74)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,32,017.03
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period 01-Apr-2023	-	-	-	2,34,70,823.61	30,339.16	(1,93,69,145.74)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,32,017.03
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the current year	-	-	-	-	-	(18,60,134.53)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(18,60,134.53)
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on issue of shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Any other change (to be specified)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the current reporting period 31-March-2025	-	-	-	2,34,70,823.61	30,339.16	(2,12,29,280.27)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,71,882.50

JANA HOLDINGS LIMITED Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity For The Year Ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

2) Previous Reporting Period - FY 2023-2024

				Reserves and	l Surplus									
Particulars	Share application money pending allotment	Equity component of compound financial instruments	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	Statutory Reserve	Retained Earnings	Debt instruments through Other Comprehensiv e Income	Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensiv	portion of Cash	Surplus	Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	items of Other Compreh ensive Income	Money receive d against share warran ts	
Balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period 01-April-2023	-	-	-	1,44,89,614.79	30,339.16	(1,47,64,974.86)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,45,020.91)
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period 01-Apr-2022	-	-	-	1,44,89,614.79	30,339.16	(1,47,64,974.86)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,45,020.91)
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the previous year	-	-	-	-	-	(46,04,170.88)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(46,04,170.88)
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on issue of shares	-	-	-	89,81,208.82	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	89,81,208.82
Any other change (to be specified)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the previous reporting period 31-March-2024	-	-	-	2,34,70,823.61	30,339.16	(1,93,69,145.74)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,32,017.03

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial state 1 - 42

As per our report of even date

For MURALI & VENKAT Chartered Accountants ICAL Firm Registration No.: 002162S

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C. Satishchandra Partner Membership No: 027372 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Jana Holdings Limited CIN: U74900TZ2016PLC033423

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Rajamani Muthuchamy Managing Director and CEO DIN:08080999

Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

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Srinivas NR Chief Financial Officer Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

Ramesh Ramanathan Chairman DIN:00163276

Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

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Krishi Jain Company Secretary Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

JANA HOLDINGS LIMITED Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

1 Company Overview

1.1 Reporting Entity

The Company was incorporated on 10 March 2016 to carry on the business of an Investment Company and to invest, buy, sell, transfer, deal in and dispose of any shares, stocks, debentures, whether perpetual or redeemable debenture, debentures, stocks, securities of any Government, Local Authority, Bonds and Certificates. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Jana Capital Limited. The Company has received certificate of registration for Non-Banking Financial Company ('NBFC') Non Operating Financial Holding Company ('NOFHC') from Reserve Bank of India, on 27 January 2017. As per the guidelines for licensing of new banks in the private sector issued by Reserve Bank of India, the Company, a Non-Operating Financial Holding Company, holds the investment in Jana Small Finance Bank (formerly known as 'Janalakshmi Financial Services Limited').

The Board at its meeting held on October 21, 2019, and December 09, 2019, approved fast-track method for merging Jana Holdings Limited (JHL), being the wholly owned Non-Operating Financial Holding Company (NOFHC), with its Holding as well as Core Investment Company, Jana Capital Limited, after receiving the In-principle approval from the RBI on 10th August 2020. As per the existing guidelines, the requirement of having a NOFHC has been dispensed with by the RBI for setting up small finance Banks and Universal Banks. Further, such a merger of the wholly owned subsidiary with the Holding Company will simplify the compliances reported to various Regulatory Authorities, besides resulting in lower operating costs. After the receipt of the in-principle approval from the RBI, the Board of Directors of the transferor and the Transferee Companies met on 24th August 2020 and approved the Scheme of Amalgamation of Jana Holdings Limited (Wholly Owned subs1dlary) with Jana capital Limited (Holding Company).

Jana Capital limited, transferee Company, submitted necessary application to the Regional Director, South-East Region, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Hyderabad, on 6th November 2020 for obtaining approval of Amalgamation under Section 233 of the Companies Act, 2013. Regional Director, Ministry of Company Affairs, Hyderabad, vide letter dated 26th March 2021 rejected the application filed on 6th November 2020 for the merger of JHL with JCL, since JHL had obtained consent from the creditors to the extent of 82.78% in value as against the minimum threshold of consent from 90% of the creditors in value as required under Section 233 of the Companies Act, 2013 and, as such, the provisions of Section 233(1)(d) could not be fully complied with. The Board of Directors considered the aforesaid rejection order and resolved to file fresh merger

application subject to the approval of the Scheme by the Board of Directors, Shareholders, Creditors, and such other authorities as may be required. Accordingly, the Board of directors of both Jana Holdings Limited and Jana Capital Limited on November 14, 2022, have once again approved the scheme of amalgamation and resolved to apply afresh for the merger of the company with Jana Capital Limited, the Holding Company. In line with the decision of the Board of Directors, the company has taken steps to obtain affidavit in the prescribed Formats from the creditors and shareholders for the merger.

However. the Company, in the meanwhile, received a request from Jana Small Finance Bank Limited (JSFBJ regarding the merger and, due to certain commercial considerations, the Company has decided to put the merger on hold till the listing process of the Jana Small Finance Bank Is completed. JSFB shares have been listed with effect from 14th February 2024.

The Company received the In-principle approval afresh from RBI on July 29, 2024. Further, in order to mitigate the stamp duty implications associated with the approval of the merger scheme by the NCLT, the Company shifted its registered office from the State of Karnataka to the State of Tamil Nadu w.e.f. January 24, 2025, basis the approval of the Regional Director South East Region, Hyderabad, Ministry of Corporate Affair and other regulatory approvals and consequently the Clause II of the Memorandum of Association of the Company was altered to that extent.

The Board re-approved the draft scheme of amalgamation on February 3, 2025, as the previous approval was dated. The Company has obtained the consent from all the shareholders and debenture holders in the prescribed format. The Company has applied to the BSE for its in-principle approval and the same has been further commended to SEBI for approval. The Company has responded the queries raised by SEBI and the company has received the NOC from the BSE for the Merger.

1.2 Statement of compliance

These financial statements are separate financial statements prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS"), the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") (as amended). The Ind AS are prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendments Rules, 2016.

Jana Capital Limited ('the Parent Company' or 'the Holding Company') is a company incorporated in India, which holds 100% of Jana Holdings Limited ('the Company'). The Company holds 22.54% of Equity shares of Jana Small Finance Bank ('Associate').

1.3 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016. (As Amended from time to time)

The financial statements up to year ended 31 March 2018 were prepared in accordance with the accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Act, read with with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP).

The financial statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2019 were the first set of financial statements prepared in accordance with Ind AS.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

The Company is regulated by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI'). RBI periodically issues/amends directions, regulations and/or guidance (collectively "Regulatory Framework") covering various aspects of the operation of the Company, including those relating to accounting for certain types of transactions. The Regulatory Framework contains specific instructions that need to be followed by the Company in preparing its financial statements. The financial statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2025 have been prepared by the Company in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016, as amended from time to time, in this regard.

1.4 Functional and Presentation currency

These Ind AS Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts are rounded off to the nearest thousands, unless otherwise indicated.

1.5 Basis of measurement

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis.

1.6 Significant areas of estimation, critical judgments and assumptions in applying accounting policies

The preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, as well as the disclosure of contingent liabilities. The Company's management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the Financial Statements are prudent and reasonable. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of the changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Any changes in the accounting estimates are reflected in the period in which such change in circumstances are made, and if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the Financial Statements.

The key estimates and assumptions used in preparation of Financial Statements are;

i. Fair value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of Financial Instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items.

ii. Determination of the estimated useful lives of tangible assets and the assessment as to which components of the cost may be capitalized.

Useful lives of tangible assets are based on the life prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. Use of assumptions is also made by the Company for assessing whether an asset may be capitalized and which components of the cost of the asset may be

2 Significant accounting policies

The Company has applied the following Accounting Policies to all periods presented in these Financial Statements.

i. Revenue recognition

Interest on fixed deposits is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable rate. Dividend is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.

ii. Finance Cost

Interest expense on financial liabilities is recognized on an accrual basis using effective interest rate (EIR) method.

The EIR is the rate that discounts the estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial liability adjusted for upfront expenses. The interest expense is recognized on EIR method on a time proportion basis applied on the carrying amount for financial liability.

Arranger fees, stamp duty charges and other fees that are integral to the effective interest rate on a liability are included in the effective interest rate.

Other fees and expenses such are recognized as and when they are incurred.

iii. Financial assets and liabilities

a. Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Except for items at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), all financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus or minus transaction costs that are directly attributable and incremental to the origination/acquisition of the financial asset.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and

- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest outstanding on the principal amount outstanding (SPPI).

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Amortized cost is calculated by considering any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR and reported as part of interest income in the Statement of Profit or Loss. The losses if any, arising from impairment are recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is measured at FVOCI, only if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and

- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are SPPI.

The loss allowance is recognized in other comprehensive income and does not reduce the carrying value of the financial asset. When the financial asset is derecognized the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)

Any financial instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVOCI, is classified to be measured at FVTPL.

In addition, the Company may also elect to classify a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is done only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch').

Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in profit or loss.

Classification and subsequent measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at either amortized cost or fair value based on the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

b. Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Except for items at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), all financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value plus or minus transaction costs that are directly attributable and incremental to the issue of the financial liabilities.

Subsequent measurement

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost except for financial liabilities at FVTPL. Such liabilities including derivatives that are liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value.

c. De-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized when

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

On de-recognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset derecognized) and the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) shall be recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss.

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expired.

d. Modifications of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets

If the terms of a financial asset are modified, the Company evaluates whether the cash flows of the modified asset are substantially different. If the cash flows are substantially different, then the contractual rights to cash flows from the original financial asset are deemed to have expired. In this case, the original financial asset is derecognized and a new financial asset is recognized at fair value adjusted for any eligible transaction costs.

If the cash flows of the modified asset carried at amortized cost are not substantially different, then the modification does not result in derecognition of the financial asset. In this case, the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognizes the amount arising from adjusting the gross carrying amount as a modification gain or loss in Statement of profit or loss.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognized in statement of profit or loss.

e. Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the statement of financial position when the Company has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends to settle on net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

f. Fair value measurement

'Fair value' is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

When one is available, the Company measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as 'active' if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Company uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

iv. Employee Benefits

The employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid, if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably. The Short term and long term employee Benefits are disclosed based on the period pending for due.

v. Property, plant and equipment

Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss if any. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use, the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and borrowing costs on qualifying assets.

When significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognized net within the statement of profit or loss.

Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company, and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values (at 0.01% except for leasehold improvements which are fully depreciated) using the Straight-Line Method (SLM) over their estimated useful lives, and is recognized in Statement of profit or loss.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Particulars	Useful Life
Furniture and Fixtures	10 Years
Computers and Printers	3 Years

The depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

Depreciation on additions / disposals is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from / up to the date on which asset is ready for use /disposed of.

vi. Other intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets, comprising of software are amortized on the basis of written down value method over the estimated useful life of the asset.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

Particulars	Useful Life
Computer Software	3 Years

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

vii. Impairment (non-financial asset)

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit ('CGU') exceeds the recoverable amount, which is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. The fair value less costs to sell is arrived based on available data from binding sales transactions at arm's length, for similar assets. The value in use is based on a discounted cash flow (DCF) model, whereby the future expected cash flows discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.

Impairment losses are recognized in statement of profit or loss, when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit ('CGU') exceeds the estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognized in respect of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the unit (group of units) on a pro rata basis.

Non-financial assets that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

viii. Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currency of the Company at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions or at the average rate if such rate approximates the actual rate at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Foreign currency differences are generally recognized in Statement of profit or loss.

ix. Provisions and contingencies related to claims, litigation, etc.

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as finance cost.

a. Onerous contracts

A contract is considered as onerous when the expected economic benefits to be derived by the Company from the contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract. The provision for an onerous contract is measured at the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the Company recognizes any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.

b. Contingencies related to claims, litigation, etc.

Provision in respect of loss contingencies relating to claims, litigation, assessment, fines, penalties, etc., are recognised when it is probable that a liability has been incurred, and the amount can be estimated reliably. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that the outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

x. Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

a. Current tax:

Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid in respect of taxable income for the year in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax comprises the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company:

a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts; and

b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

b. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and its tax base.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and, based on management's judgment, are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the balance sheet date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

The effect of changes in the tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognised as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or substantive enactment date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

a) the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and

b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

xi. Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earning per share data for its ordinary shares. Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss that is attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per share is determined by adjusting the profit or loss that is attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weightedaverage number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, except where the results are anti-dilutive.

xii. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include balance with banks and fixed deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at amortized cost in the balance sheet.

xiii. Statement of cash flows

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash transactions, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated. For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, Cash and cash equivalents includes bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management.

xiv. Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognises impairment allowances for Expected Credit Loss (ECL) on all the financial assets that are not measured at FVTPL:

ECL are probability weighted estimate of future credit losses based on the staging of the financial asset to reflect its credit risk. They are measured as follows:

• Financial assets that are not credit impaired - as the present values of all cash shortfalls that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

• Financial assets with significant increase in credit risk but not credit impaired - as the present values of all cash shortfalls that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial asset.

• Financial assets that are credit impaired - as the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows

Financial assets are fully provided for or written off (either partially or in full) when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

The Company accounts for investments in associates at cost and tests for impairment at each reporting date. At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are impaired. The financial assets are tested for impairment and impairment losses are incurred if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the net investment (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows from the net investment that can be reliably estimated.

xv. Segment Reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses whose results are regularly reviewed by the Company's chief operating decision maker (CODM) to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the Company's CEO (being the CODM) include items that are directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

			(Rs. In thousands)
Cash and Cash Equivalents		31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Cash on hand		-	-
Balances with banks		4,043.58	4,866.03
Fixed deposits with banks		25,310.03	50,000.00
Total	(1)	29,353.61	54,866.03
Bank Balance other than cash and cash equivalent			
Earmarked balances with banks		-	-
Total other bank balances	II	-	-
Total Cash and bank balances	(1+11)	29,353.61	54,866.03

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

2 Investments

(Rs. In thousands)

	A	s at 31 March 2	025		As at 31 March 2	024	
	At Fair Value				At Fair Value		
Particulars	Amortised cost	Through Other Comprehensiv e Income	Through Profit or Loss	Amortised cost	Through Other Comprehensive Income	Through Profit or Loss	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
Equity instruments	-	-	-		-	-	
Jana small finance bank Limited (Associate)* Unquoted (fully paid-up of Rs. 10/- each)	-	-	2,49,01,676.75	-	-	2,49,01,676.75	
Less:Investment Sold during the year	-	-	(7,88,137.37)		-	-	
Total - Gross (A)	-	-	2,41,13,539.38	-	-	2,49,01,676.75	
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(ii) Investments in India	-	-	2,41,13,539.38	-	-	2,49,01,676.75	
Total (B)	-	-	2,41,13,539.38	-	-	2,49,01,676.75	
Less: Allowance for Impairment loss - carried forward from last year (C)	-		1,52,45,033.17	-		25,68,371.17	
Less: Allowance for Impairment loss - during the current year (D)			57,46,621.10			1,26,76,662.00	
Add: Reversal of Allowance for Impairment loss for the year (E)	-	-	64,07,069.91	-	-	-	
Net Impairment loss carried forward (F= D-E)	-	-	1,45,84,584.36	-	-	1,52,45,033.17	
Total - Net G= A-F	-	-	95,28,955.02	-		96,56,643.58	
* Other basis of measurement such a	s cost may be ex	plained as a foo	otnote				

*Basis of Measurement

Investments represent the shares invested in its associate company Jana Small Finance Bank. The IPO of equity shares of Jana Small Finance Bank Ltd has been completed and the shares are listed in the stock exchanges with effect from 14th February 2024. The fair market value of shares of Jana Small Finance Bank as on March 31, 2025 is Rs. 407.05 and accordingly the investments are valued at fair market value as per IND AS 28-Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures and presented under Investments at Fair Value through profit or loss. The increase / decrease in the market value of share shall be recognised through Profit or loss in the statement of profit and loss.

	Number	of shares	Fair Value considered fo		Amount (in thousands)		
Particulars	As at 31 March As at 31 March 2025 2024		As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
Investments in Equity Instruments Jana Small Finance Bank Limited (Associate)* Unquoted (fully paid-up of Rs. 10/- each)	2,34,09,790	2,35,75,790	407.05	409.60	95,28,955.02	96,56,643.58	

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Rs. In thousands)

3	Other financial assets		31-March-2025	31-March-2024
	(I) Security Deposits	(I)	1,696.50	1,696.50
	(II) Others Receivables		-	14.75
			-	14.75
	Less: Impairment loss allowance		-	-
	Total Other receivables	(11)	-	14.75
	Total		1,696.50	1,711.25
			31-March-2025	31-March-2024
4			252 50	44.47
	TDS Receivable		252.59	44.17
	Total		252.59	44.17

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

5 Property, Plant and Equipment-Tangible assets

	Gross block				Depreciation				Net block		
	As at Additions/		Deductions/	Up to	As at	For the	On Deductions/	Up to	As at	As at	
	01-Apr-24	Adjustments	Adjustments	31-Mar-25	01-Apr-24	year	Adjustments	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	
Owned assets											
Computers and Printers	789.71	157.58	-	947.29	512.57	133.19	-	645.76	301.53	277.15	
Furniture and Fixtures	65.56	28.40	50.74	43.22	13.18	2.22	-	15.40	27.82	52.38	
Total	855.28	185.98	50.74	990.51	525.75	135.41	-	661.16	329.35	329,53	

Note:

(i) Title Deeds of Property

The Company is not having immovable properties. Accordingly, disclosure of title deeds related to immovable properties is not applicable.

(ii) Revaluation of Assets

During the year, the Company has not performed any revaluation of Property, plant and Equipment

(iii) Benami Property

The Company does not have any benami property and no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at 31 March 2025 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.

(iv) Registration of Charges with ROC

There are no Property, Plant and Equipment for the company existing as on March 31, 2025 which has been registered with the ROC.

ock
As at
31-Mar-24
-
-
-

(Rs. In thousands)

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Rs. In thousands)

7	Payables	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
	(I) Trade payables		
	(a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
	(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		-
	Total Trade payables		
			_

Trade Payables Ageing Schedule

(Rs. In thousands)

-

Particulars	Outstanding for	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years			
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-		
(ii) Others	-	-	-	-	-		
(iii) Disputed Dues MSME	-	-	-	-	-		
(iii) Disputed Dues Others	-	-	-	-	-		

(II) Other payables

31-March-2025 31-March-2024

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-

-

(a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises

(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises

Total Other payables

Based on the information available with the NBFC, there are no outstanding dues and payments made to any supplier of goods and services beyond the specified period under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 [MSMED Act]. There is no interest payable or paid to any suppliers under the said Act.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

8 Debt Securities

Debt Securities								
		As at Ma	rch 31,2025					
	At Amortised Cost	At Fair Value	Designated at	Total	At Amortised Cost	At Fair Value	Designated at Fair	Total
De die hee		Through profit	Fair value			Through	value through profit	
Particulars		or Loss	through profit			profit or Loss	or loss	
			or loss					
	1	2	3	4=1+2+3	5	6	7	8=5+6+7
Others - Non Convertible Debentures	70,57,430.90	-	-	70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90	-	-	52,81,180.90
Total (A)	70,57,430.90	-	-	70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90	-	-	52,81,180.90
Debt securities in India	70,57,430.90	-	-	70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90	-	-	52,81,180.90
Debt securities outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (B)	70,57,430.90	-	-	70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90	-	-	52,81,180.90

Particulars	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Debt securities in India (Secured)	-	-
Debt securities in India (Unsecured)	70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90
Debt securities outside India (Secured)	-	-
Debt securities outside India (Unsecured)	-	-
Total	70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90

a) Schedule of privately placed redeemable non-convertible debentures (at amortised cost)

(Amounts are in INR thousands)

Name of the Subscriber	No. of Debentures*	Series Name	Face Value	As at March 31,2025	As at March 31, 2024	Issue Date	Maturity Date	XIRR
TPG ASIA VI India Markets Pte. Ltd	24,300	Series Q1	100.00	46,35,722.94	34,45,022.94	25-May-23	30-Jun-26	49.00%
TPG ASIA VI India Markets Pte. Ltd	11,950	Series Q2	100.00	22,71,707.96	16,86,157.96	25-May-23	30-Jun-26	49.00%
IVY ICON Solutions LLP	1,500	Series R	100.00	1,50,000.00	1,50,000.00	13-Dec-23	13-Jun-25	12.00%
				70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90			

In case of certain Non convertible debentures, redemption premium payable is linked to share price of the JSFB shares. This constitutes an embedded derivative under Ind AS 109.

The above borrowings are unsecured. However, as part of sanction letter there is no requirement to submit Quarterly stock records as the company does not have any stock in hand.

9 Other Financial Liabilities	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Audit fee payable	275.00	275.00
Other Expenses Payable	-	-
Total	275.00	275.00
10 Provisions	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Provision for Employee Benefits	1,093.01	1,393.83
Total	1,093.01	1,393.83
11 Other Non - Financial Liabilities	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Statutory dues	806.60	69,628.74
Total	806.60	69,628.74

(Rs. In thousands)

12

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Rs. In thousands)

Equity Share capital		
	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Authorized *		
Equity Share Capital (As at 31 March 2025-Rs.35,00,00,000 (3,50,00,000 Equity shares at par value of Rs.10 each)	3,50,000.00	3,50,000.00
(As at 31 March 2024-Rs.35,00,00,000 (3,50,00,000 Equity shares at par value of Rs.10 each)		
Preference Share Capital (As at 31 March 2025-Rs.15,00,00,000 (1,50,00,000 Preference shares at par value of Rs.10 each) (As at 31 March 2024-Rs.15,00,00,000 (1,50,00,000 Preference shares at par value of Rs.10 each)	1,50,000.00	1,50,000.00
Total _	5,00,000.00	5,00,000.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up		
Equity Share Capital (As at 31 March 2025: Rs. 22,90,99,060 (22,909,906 Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up) ; As at 31st March 2024: Rs. 22,90,99,060 (22,909,906 Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up)	2,29,099.06	2,29,099.06
Total	2,29,099.06	2,29,099.06

Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the	31-Marc	ch-2025	31-March-2024		
beginning and at the end of the year	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	2,29,09,906	2,29,099.06	31,37,136	31,371.36	
Add: Issued during the year		-	1,97,72,770	1,97,727.70	
Outstanding at the end of the year	2,29,09,906	2,29,099.06	2,29,09,906	2,29,099.06	

(b) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares being issued, subscribed and fully paid up having a par value of ₹ 10/- each. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share.

The Company declares and pays dividend on equity shares in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. The company has not declared any dividend during the year to its shareholders.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the assets of the Company. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the equity shareholders.

(c)	Shares held by holding company/ultimate holding company	31-March-2025	(Rs. In thousands) 31-March-2024
	Jana Capital Limited and its nominees ('the Parent Company' or 'the Holding Company' or ' the Ultimate Holding Company")		
	Equity Share Capital (As at 31 March 2025: Rs.22,90,99,060 (2,29,09,906 Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up), (As at 31 March 2024: Rs.22,90,99,060 (2,29,09,906 Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up);	2,29,099.06	2,29,099.06
	Total	2,29,099.06	2,29,099.06

(d) Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

Name of the shareholder	31-March-2025		31-Marc	31-March-2024	
	Number of shares	% of holding in the class	Number of shares	% of holding in the class	
Jana Capital Limited and its nominees ('the Parent Company' or 'the holding company')	2,29,09,906	100	2,29,09,906	100	

As per records of the NBFC, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares. The Company has not issued bonus shares or shares for consideration other than cash during the five year period immediately preceding the reporting date.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

13	Other Equity	31-March-2025	(Rs. In thousands) 31-March-2024
(a)	Securities Premium Account		
. ,	Opening balance	2,34,70,823.61	1,44,89,614.79
	Add : Securities premium credited on share issue		89,81,208.82
	Less : Premium utilized for various reasons	-	-
	Premium on redemption of debentures	-	-
	For share issue expenses	-	-
	Closing balance	2,34,70,823.61	2,34,70,823.61
(b)	Statutory Reserve		
	Opening balance	30,339.16	30,339.16
	Add: Transferred during the year	-	-
	Less: Utilization on account of / Transfer to	-	-
	Closing balance	30,339.16	30,339.16
(c)	Retained Earning and Surplus/(deficit) in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
	Opening balance	(1,93,69,145.74)	(1,47,64,974.86
	Add: Net Profit/(Net Loss) for the current year	(18,60,134.53)	(46,04,170.88
	Transfer from reserves		-
	Less: Proposed dividends	-	-
	Interim dividends	-	-
	Closing balance	(2,12,29,280.27)	(1,93,69,145.74)
	Total Reserves and surplus	22,71,882.50	41,32,017.03
	Nature and purpose of reserves		
(a)	Securities Premium reserve		
	Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companie		y for limited purposes
(b)	Statutory Reserve		
	In terms of Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, NBFCs are required to create a reserve fu per cent of its net profit every year. The above requirement is to give intrinsic reserve could be used for purposes as stipulated by the Reserve Bank of India from to reserves for the year ended March 31, 2025.	strength to the balance shee	ets of the NFBCs. This
(c)	Retained Earnings		
()	Retained earnings are the profits/ (losses) that the Company has earned to date shareholders.	, less any dividends or othe	r distributions paid to
(d)	Debenture redemption reserve		

The Entity being an NBFC is exempted from creation of Debenture Redemption Reserve for Debentures issued through Private Placement Avenue.

(e) <u>Contingent Liabilities and commitments</u>

a	Contingent Liabilities	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
	Claims against the NBFC not acknowledged as debt	-	-
	Guarantees excluding financial guarantees	-	-
	Other money for which the NBFC is contingently Liable	-	-
	Total	-	-
ь	Commitments		
	Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for;	-	
	Uncalled liability on shares and other investments partly paid;	-	-
	Other commitments (specify nature).	-	-
	Total	-	-

Note :

- (i) The Company has not been declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- (ii) As per the information available with us, the Company is not having any relationship with struck off Companies during the year.
- (iii) The Company does not have any undisclosed income that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961
- (iv) During the period , the Company has not traded or invested in Crypto Currency or in Virtual Currency.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

14 Revenue from Operation

(Rs. In thousands)

Revenue nom operation					
	3 months ended	3 months ended	3 months ended	For the year	Previous year
Particulars	31-March-2025	31-December-	31-March-2024	ended	ended
		2024		31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Interest Income (A)					
Interest on deposit with Banks	957.53	884.62	98.29	2,291.81	457.78
Interest on Loans advanced	-	-	-	-	
Interest on Income tax refund	-	1.32	-	1.32	36.36
Total	957.53	885.94	98.29	2,293.13	494.14
Others (B)					
Reversal of Processing Fee	-	-	-	-	-
Receipt on Waiving off of Loan					
(Principal + Interest) payable to JCL	-	-	30,28,126.05	-	1,12,32,514.50
Total	-	-	30,28,126.05	-	1,12,32,514.50
Total (A+B)	957.53	885.94	30,28,224.34	2,293.13	1,12,33,008.64

15 Finance Cost

Particulars	3 months ended 31-March-2025	3 months ended 31-December- 2024	3 months ended 31-March-2024	For the year ended 31-March-2025	Previous year ended 31-March-2024
Interest on debt securities	4,48,562.50	4,48,562.50	14,53,949.13	17,94,250.00	27,83,549.77
Other Finance cost charges	-		22,968.20	-	3,06,781.81
Interest on borrowings	-		-	-	-
Total	4,48,562.50	4,48,562.50	14,76,917.34	17,94,250.00	30,90,331.59

16 Fair value changes on investments

Particulars	3 months ended 31-March-2025	3 months ended 31-December- 2024	3 months ended 31-March-2024	For the year ended 31-March-2025	Previous year ended 31-March-2024
Fair value changes on investments (Net)	(2,83,258.46)	43,22,617.72	1,26,76,662.00	28,079.35	1,26,76,662.00
Total	(2,83,258.46)	43,22,617.72	1,26,76,662.00	28,079.35	1,26,76,662.00

17 Employee Benefits Expense

<u>Particulars</u>	3 months ended 31-March-2025	3 months ended 31-December- 2024	3 months ended 31-March-2024	For the year ended 31-March-2025	Previous year ended 31-March-2024
Salaries and wages	4,504.85	5,885.28	3,872.04	20,373.32	18,722.73
Provision for leave encashment (Refer Note-1 below)	-		-	-	-
Total	4,504.85	5,885.28	3,872.04	20,373.32	18,722.73

Note:1

The Company has a Leave policy defined as per which employees are entitled to 21 workings days of privilege/earned leave during a financial year. The leave shall be credited at the beginning of the financial year for existing employees as at 01st April and for employees joined during the year the leave shall be credited on a proportionate basis.

As per the Company policy only 10 days of privilege leave from the current financial year can be carried forward to the next financial year: unused privilege leaves will be lapsed. Encashment of privilege leave will be possible at the time of separation on a pro rata basis.

18 Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Particulars	3 months ended 31-March-2025	3 months ended 31-December- 2024	3 months ended 31-March-2024	For the year ended 31-March-2025	Previous year ended 31-March-2024
on tangible assets (Refer note 5)	40.23	35.97	29.68	135.41	66.93
on intangible assets (Refer note 6)	-	-	-	-	-
Total Depreciation and amortization expense	40.23	35.97	29.68	135.41	66.93

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

19 Other Expenses

(Rs. In thousands)

	Particulars	3 months ended 31-March-2025	3 months ended 31-December- 2024	3 months ended 31-March-2024	For the year ended 31-March-2025	Previous year ended 31-March-2024	
	Rent, taxes and energy costs	105.96	157.59	39.38	10,536.36	752.58	
	Repairs and maintenance	133.07	-	17.16	398.41	129.94	
	Communication costs	42.32	36.75	25.20	134.47	104.76	
	Printing and stationery	14.75	10.20	-	57.05	37.86	
	Advertisement and publicity	84.46	75.46	35.64	261.56	147.96	
	Directors' fees, allowances and expenses	796.50	531.00	236.00	2,035.50	2,419.00	
	Auditor's fees and expenses	235.80	70.80	225.00	476.10	357.10	
	Other Audit Expenses	-	-	-	1.80	194.70	
	Legal and professional charges	2,809.13	477.83	2,334.32	6,531.96	41,627.35	
	Filing fees	30.80	22.40	-	57.40	-	
	Bank charges	10.17	5.80	0.01	19.79	16.67	
	Surveillance Fees	-	-	-	-	-	
	Travelling Expenses	114.32	81.50	14.87	299.00	109.79	
	Internal audit	50.00	-	50.00	59.00	109.00	
	Stamp and Franking charges	50.00	-	(7,058.57)	(1,914.90)	2,537.61	
	Other expenditure	-	(0.17)	0.00	636.08	2,851.96	
	Total	4,477.28	1,469.16	(4,080.99)	19,589.58	51,396.27	

Note : The following is the break-up of Auditor's remuneration (inclusive/exclusive of service tax)

		3 months ended 31-March-2025	3 months ended 31-December- 2024	3 months ended 31-March-2024	For the year ended 31-March-2025	Previous year ended 31-March-2024
b)	As auditor:					
	Audit Fees	235.80	70.80	225.00	476.10	357.10
	Total	235.80	70.80	225.00	476.10	357.10

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise st

20 Earnings/ Loss per share

Basic earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/loss for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/loss attributable to equity holders (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Net Profit / (Net Loss) as per the statement of Profit and Loss	(18,60,134.53)	(46,04,170.88)
Less: preference dividend after-tax (Refer Note 14(f))	-	-
Loss attributable to equity holders after preference dividend	(18,60,134.53)	(46,04,170.88)
Add: Interest on convertible preference shares	-	-
Loss attributable to equity holders adjusted for the effect of dilution	(18,60,134.53)	(46,04,170.88)
Weighted average number of equity shares for basic EPS*	2,29,09,906.00	31,37,136.00
Effect of dilution:		
Rights Shares Issued	-	1,97,72,770.00
Weighted average number of equity shares adjusted for the effect of dilution	2,29,09,906.00	2,29,09,906.00
Basic loss per share (INR)	(81.19)	(200.97)
Diluted loss per share (INR)	(81.19)	(200.97)

* The weighted average number of shares takes into account the weighted average effect of changes in treasury share transactions during the year.

21 Leases

The Entity has considered and evaluated the applicability of the standard IND AS 116 Leases which has been made effective from 01 April 2019 by the Government of India, through Ministry of Corporate Affairs Notification.

- As per Para 5 of INDAS 116, A lessee may elect not to apply the requirements in paragraphs 22-49 (Recognition and measurement criteria for leases) to

(a) short-term leases; and

(b) leases for which the underlying asset is of low value (as described in paragraphs B3-B8).

- Further as per Para 6 of the said standard If a lessee elects not to apply the requirements in paragraphs 22-49 to either short-term leases or leases for which the underlying asset is of low value, the lessee shall recognise the lease payments associated with those leases as an expense on either a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis. The lessee shall apply another systematic basis if that basis is more representative of the pattern of the lessee's benefit.

Considering the effect of the aforesaid paragraphs the entity determines the lease rental payments made during the period to be as as low value in nature thereby the said payments has been recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss in the financial year 2024-2025. This is in line with the treatment adopted by the entity for the previous financial year 2023-2024.

22 Related Party Disclosures: 31 March 2025

The Entity has identified and entered into transactions with the related parties. The details of the same is disclosed as under in accordance with IND AS 24 - Related Party Disclosures

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise st

A) Names of the related party	Nature of Relationship
i. Jana Capital Limited	Holding Company
ii. Jana Small Finance Bank (formerly known as Janalakshmi Financial Services Limited)	Associate Company
iii. Janaadhar (India) Private Limited	Group Company
iv. Jana Urban Foundation	Group Entity
v. Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan	Non-Executive Chairman and Director
vi. Mr. Abraham Chacko	Independent Director
vii. Mrs. Saraswathy Athmanathan	Independent Director
viii. Ms. Rajalakshmi Ambady	Independent Director
ix. Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	Managing Director and CEO
x. Mr. S.V Ranganath	Additional Director
xi. Mr. Gopalakrishnan S	KMP-Chief Financial Officer (Till 03-July-2024)
xii. Ms. Vidya Sridharan	KMP-Company Secretary (Till 29-July-2024)
xiii. Mr. Srinivas NS	KMP-Chief Financial Officer (From 04-July-2024 till date)
xiv. Ms. Krishi Jain	KMP-Company Secretary (From 01-Aug-2024 till date)
B) Related Parties - with whom transactions have taken place during the year	Nature of Relationship
i. Jana Small finance Bank (formerly known as Janalakshmi Financial Services Limited)	Associate Company
ii. Jana Urban Space Foundation	Group Company
iii. Mr. Abraham Chacko	Independent Director
iv Mr. S.V Ranganath	Additional Director
v. Ms. Rajalakshmi Ambady	Independent Director
vi. Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	Managing Director and CEO
vii. Mr. Gopalakrishnan S	KMP - Chief Financial Officer (Till 03-July-2024)
viii. Ms. Vidya Sridharan	KMP - Company Secretary (Till 29-July-2024)
ix. Mr. Srinivas NR	KMP - Chief Financial Officer (From 04-July-2024 till date)
x. Ms. Krishi Jain	KMP - Company Secretary (From 01-Aug-2024 till date)

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise st

Name of Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Transaction Value for the FY 2024- 2025	Amount Outstanding as at 31 March 2025	Transaction Value for the FY 2023- 2024	Amount Outstanding as at 31 March 2024
A) Related Entities					
	Inter Company Loan provided to Jana Capital Limited	-	-	(2,600.00)	-
	Inter Company Loan obtained from Jana Capital Limited	-		1,17,63,714.71	
	Inter Company Loan repaid to Jana Capital Limited	-		(8,25,600.00)	
	Waiver of Loan with interest	-	-	(1,12,32,514.51)	-
	Interest on Loan obtained from Jana Capital Limited	-		2,94,399.79	
i) Jana Capital Limited (JCL)	Repayment of Loan by Jana Capital Limited to Jana Holdings Limited	-	-	-	-
	Interest Received on loan	-	-	-	-
	Receipt of funds and Allotment of additional shares and share capital being held by Jana Capital Limited	-	(2,29,099.06)	91,78,936.52	(2,29,099.06)
	Interest accrual on NCD purchased in secondary market	-	-	(14,387.98)	-
	Investment in equity shares (net of impairment loss)	-		-	
	Loss on Sale of Investments	6,88,528.16		-	
	Investment sale vale	99,609.21	95,28,955.02	-	96,56,643.58
	Impairment Loss reversal during the period	28,079.35		1,26,76,662.00	
	Fixed Deposits balances matured	1,27,000.00		(30,000.00)	50,000.00
	Fixed Deposits placed during the year	(1,02,000.00)	25,310.03	80,000.00	
	FD Interest Income	2,291.81		398.87	14.75
	Receipt of funds and payment of NCD dues and charges through current account	-	-	-	
ii) Jana Small Finance Bank	Short Term Loan received through JSFB A/c	-	-	2,30,000.00	-
	Short Term Loan repaid through JSFB A/c with interest	-	-	(2,39,689.43)	-
	Amount received / (paid) towards professional services and other expenses	1,950.40	-	(30,039.61)	-
	Coupon Payment for NCD	(18,000.00)	-	-	-
	NCD's redeemed through Jana Bank Subscription Account	-	1,605.00	(2,36,44,235.74)	2,028.01
	NCD Subscription through Jana Bank Subscription Account	-		37,75,000.00	
	Inter bank transfer	47,900.00		17,19,506.00	
	Bank Charges	(19.81)		(16.66)	1
iii. Janaadhar (India) Private Limited	Reimbursement of expenses	-	-	(32.79)	-
iv. Jana Urban Space Foundation	Rental Expenses	(132.30)	-	-	-

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise st

B) Key Management Personnel					
i) Mr. Gopalakrishnan S	Salary and Incentives paid	(1,601.16)	-	(1,544.08)	-
n) mi. dopataki isinian 5	Reimbursement of expense	(10.08)	-	(30.44)	-
	Salary and Incentives paid	(626.66)	-	(1,432.90)	-
ii) Ms. Vidya Sridharan	Rental Expenses	(32.38)	-	(155.00)	-
	Reimbursement of expense	(60.78)	-	(104.98)	-
iii) Mr. Srinivas NR	Salary and Incentives paid	(1,679.13)	-	-	-
	Reimbursement of expense	(27.13)	-	-	-
iv) Ms. Krishi Jain	Salary and Incentives paid	(1,065.90)	-	-	
	Reimbursement of expense	(31.52)		-	
C) Directors					
i. Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan	Loan amount received	-	-	2,000.00	-
1. MI. Kallesii Kallalatiati	Loan amount repaid	-	-	(2,000.00)	-
ii. Mr. Abraham Chacko	Sitting fees paid	(517.50)	-	(810.00)	-
II. MI. Abraham Chacko	Reimbursement of expense	(21.75)		-	
iii. Ms. Saraswathy Athmanathan	Sitting fees paid	-	-	(360.00)	-
iv. Mr. S.V Ranganath	Sitting fees paid	(517.50)	-	(675.00)	-
v. Mc. Bajalakshmi Ambady	Sitting fees paid	(517.50)		-	-
v. Ms. Rajalakshmi Ambady	Reimbursement of expense	(12.89)		-	
vi. Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	Salary and incentives paid	(8,758.98)	-	(8,712.21)	-
	Reimbursement of expense	(22.42)	-	(24.49)	-

23 Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities

The fair value of other current financial assets, cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables investments trade payables, short-term borrowings and other financial liabilities approximate the carrying amounts because of the short term nature of these financial instruments.

The amortized cost using effective interest rate (EIR) of non-current financial assets consisting of security and term deposits are not significantly different from the carrying amount. Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired include cash and cash equivalents, security deposits, term deposits, and other financial assets.

24 Fair value hierarchy

The following is the hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique: •Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).
No financial assets/liabilities have been valued using level 1 fair value measurements.

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise st

Fair value measurement hierarchy of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities As at 31 March 2025

				(Amount are in INR thousands)		
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value	Total Carrying Amount	
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	29,353.61	-	-	29,353.61	29,353.61	
Bank balance other than cash and cash equ	-	-	-	-	-	
Investment in associates	95,28,955.02	-	-	95,28,955.02	95,28,955.02	
Other Financial Assets	-	-	1,696.50	1,696.50	1,696.50	
Financial Liabilities						
Payables	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt securities	-	-	70,57,430.90	70,57,430.90	70,57,430.90	
Other financial liabilities	-	-	275.00	275.00	275.00	

Fair value measurement hierarchy of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities as at 31 March 2024

				(Amount are in INR thousar		
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value	Total Carrying Amount	
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	54,866.03	-	-	54,866.03	54,866.03	
Bank balance other than cash and cash equ	-	-	-	-	-	
Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	
Investment in associates	96,56,643.58	-	-	96,56,643.58	96,56,643.58	
Other Financial Assets	-	-	1,711.25	1,711.25	1,711.25	
Financial Liabilities						
Payables	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt securities	-	-	52,81,180.90	52,81,180.90	52,81,180.90	
Other financial liabilities	-	-	275.00	275.00	275.00	

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, fixed deposits, trade payables, other payables and borrowings are considered to be the same as their fair values. Investments has been recognised based on the market value per share of the associate company Jana Small Finance Bank. The fair values of borrowings were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including own and counterparty credit risk.

25 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise of debt securities and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to invest in its operating entity. The Company's principal financial assets include investment in associate company, cash and cash equivalents, balances in banks other than cash and cash equivalents, refundable deposits that derive directly from its operations.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise st

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The senior management ensures that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below:

I Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rate and interest rate.

(a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the probability of unexpected fluctuations in interest rates. The Company has no exposure to interest rate risk as the debt securities of the Company are at fixed interest rates and not at variable rates.

(b) Foreign currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of an receivable/ payable will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the Company's functional currency (INR). The Company does not have any foreign currency transactions that would impact the profitability of the Company.

II Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from Cash and cash equivalent, company's investment in associates & other financial assets. The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure.

i) Credit risk management approach

The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The senior management ensures that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks. It is their responsibility to review and manage credit risk. It periodically reviews performance of investments in associates.

The below table shows the carrying amount of investments along with corresponding impairment losses and the net carrying amount:

31-March-2025 (Amount in thousan							
Particulars	Asset Group	Carrying Amount	Sale of Investments	Impairment Loss / (Reversal of	Carrying Amount and net of provision		
Investments in Associate	Investments at fair value through profit and loss	96,56,643.58	(7,88,137.37)	28,079.35	88,40,426.86		

31-March-2024

				(,
Particulars	Asset Group	Carrying Amount	Sale of Investments	Impairment Loss / (Reversal of	Carrying Amount and net of provision
Investments in Associate	Investments at amortized cost	2,23,33,305.58	-	1,26,76,662.00	96,56,643.58

(Amount in thousands)

Total

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise st

The below table shows the maximum exposure to credit risk by class of financial assets.

31-March-2025	(Am	ount in thousands)	
Particulars	Maximum Exposure to Credit risk	Fair Value of Collateral	Net Exposure
Financial Asset			
Cash and cash equivalents	29,353.61	-	29,353.61
Bank balance other than cash and cash equ	-	-	-
Investment in associates	95,28,955.02	-	95,28,955.02
Other Financial Assets	1,696.50	-	1,696.50
Total	95,60,005.13	-	95,60,005.13
31-March-2024		(Am	ount in thousands)
Particulars	Maximum Exposure to Credit risk	Fair Value of Collateral	Net Exposure
Financial Asset			
Cash and cash equivalents	54,866.03	-	54,866.03
Bank balance other than cash and cash equ	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-
Investment in associates	96,56,643.58	-	96,56,643.58
Other Financial Assets	1,711.25	-	1,711.25

Expected credit loss on other financial assets

Security deposits represent Other Financial Assets. Security deposits are measured at amortised cost. Based on the past trends, the Company has not written off any amount of receivable from the party. Such receivables carry insignificant probability of default, hence the credit risk is also very low.

97,13,220.87

97,13,220.87

-

Cash and cash equivalents and Bank balance

The Company holds cash and cash equivalents and bank balance of Rs. 29,353.61 thousands as at March 31, 2025 (INR 54,866.03 thousands as at March 31, 2024) The cash and cash equivalents are held with bank and financial institution counterparties with acceptable credit ratings.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

Note-25 continued

(Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

III Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises from mismatches in the timing of amounts of cash flows, which is inherent to the nature of Company's operations. Liquidity risk could lead to situations where the Company needs to raise funds and/or assets need to be liquidated under unfavourable market conditions. Measuring and managing liquidity needs are vital for effective operation of the Company by assuring the ability to meet its liabilities as they become due. The liquidity risk can be either (i) institution specific or (ii) market specific.

i. Liquidity risk management

Liquidity has to be tracked through maturity or cash flow mismatches. For measuring and managing net funding requirements, the use of a maturity ladder and calculation of cumulative surplus or deficit of funds at selected maturity dates is adopted as a standard tool commonly referred to as Structural Liquidity. The Maturity Profile, are used for measuring the future cash flows of the Company in different time buckets. The time buckets are distributed and considered are as per RBI guidelines and monitored by the Board.

ii. Maturity of financial liabilities

The following are the remaining contractual cashflows of financial assets and liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest receipts and payments.

	Note Contractual cash flows										
Particulars	no.	- , ,	Gross Nominal Outflow/Inflow	days	Over 1 month upto 2 Month	Over 2 months upto 3 months	Over 3 month & up to 6 month		Over 1 year & up to 3 years	Over 3 years & up to 5 years	Over 5 years
Financial liabilities											
Payables	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	8	70,57,430.90	70,57,430.90	-	-	1,50,000.00	-	-	69,07,430.90	-	-
Other financial liabilities	9	275.00	275.00	-	-	275.00	-	-	-	-	-
Total		70,57,705.90	70,57,705.90	-	-	1,50,275.00	-	-	69,07,430.90	-	-
Financial assets											+
Cash and cash equivalents	1	29,353.60	29,353.60	310.04	-	4,043.58	-	24,999.99	-	-	-
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	2	95,28,955.02	95,28,955.02	-	-	1,46,231.42	-	-	93,82,723.60	-	-
Other financial assets	3	1,696.50	1,696.50	-	-	-	-	-	1,696.50	-	-
Total		95,60,005.12	95,60,005.12	310.04	-	1,50,275.00	-	24,999.99	93,84,420.10	-	-

31-March-2025

Amount in INR thousands

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

Note-25 continued

(Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

31-March-2024

Amount in INR thousands

	Note	Note Contractual cash flows									
Particulars	no.	Carrying Amount	Gross Nominal Outflow/Inflow	days	Over 1 month upto 2 Month	Over 2 months upto 3 months	Over 3 month & up to 6 month	Over 6 Month & up to 1 year	Over 1 year & up to 3 years	Over 3 years & up to 5 years	Over 5 years
Financial liabilities											
Payables	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	8	52,81,180.90	52,81,180.90	-	-	-	-	-	52,81,180.90	-	-
Other financial liabilities	9	275.00	275.00	-	-	275.00	-	-	-	-	-
Total		52,81,455.90	52,81,455.90	-	-	275.00	-	-	52,81,180.90	-	-
Financial assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	1	54,866.03	54,866.03	54,591.03	-	275.00	-	-	-	-	-
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents		_	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	2	96,56,643.58	96,56,643.58	-	-	-	-	-	96,56,643.58	-	-
Other financial assets	3	1,711.25	1,711.25	-	-	14.75	-	-	1,696.50	-	-
Total		97,13,220.87	97,13,220.87	54,591.03	-	289.75	-	-	96,58,340.08	-	-

iii. Public Disclosure on Liquidity Risk

(i) Funding concentration based on significant counterparty (both Deposits and Borrowings)

S.No.	Num ber of signif icant count erpar ties	Amount (Rs.crore)	% of Total deposits	% of Total Liabilities
1	2	705.74	NA	73.82%

(ii) Top 20 large deposits (amount in Rs. crore and % of total deposits) - Not Applicable

(iii) Top 10 borrowings (amount in Rs. crore and % of total borrowings)

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 Note-25 continued

(Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

S.No.	Name of the Party	Amount (in crores)	% of Total borrowings
1	TPG ASIA VI India Markets Pte. Ltd	690.74	97.87%
2	IVY ICON Solutions LLP	15.00	2.13%
То	705.74	100.00%	

(iv) Funding Concentration based on significant instrument/product

S.No.	Name of the instrument/product	Amount (Rs.crore)	% of Total Liabilities
1	Non Convertible Debentures	705.74	73.82%

(v) Stock Ratios

S.No.	Particulars	Ratio
1	Commercial paper as a % of total	NIL
2	Commercial paper as a % of total	NIL
3	Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than 1 year) as a % of total liabilities	1.57%
4	Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than 1 year) as a % of total assets	1.57%
5	Other short term liabilities, if any as a % of total liabilities	0.01%
6	Other short term liabilities, if any as a % of total assets	0.01%

(vi) Institutional Set-up for liquidity risk management

- The company's Board of Directors has the overall responsibility of management of liquidity risk. The board decides the strategic policies and procedures of the company to manage liquidity risk in accordance with the risk tolerance/limits decided by it

- The company has a Risk Management Committee, which reports to the Board and is responsible for evaluating the overall risks faced by the company including liquidity risk.

- The company has a Asset Liability Committee which is responsible for ensuring adherence to the risk tolerance/limits for the company.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

26 Capital management

The adequacy of the Company's capital is monitored using, among other measures, the regulations issued by RBI. The primary objectives of the Company's capital management are to ensure that the Company complies with externally imposed capital requirements and maintains requisite credit ratings. The funding requirements are met through equity and non convertible debentures. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it according to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its activities. No changes have been made to the objectives, policies and processes from the previous years. However, they are under constant review by the Board.

The Company is a NOFHC of Jana Small Finance Bank Limited ('JSFB' or 'the Bank') and has no operation of its own. As per the terms and conditions of the license issued to the Bank to commence small finance bank business under Section 22 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 vide letter DBR.NBD. (SFB-JFS) No. 12881/16.13216/2016-17 dated 28 April 2017 ('Licensing letter'), the Company is required to comply with the provisions of paragraph 2(H)(ii)\ of the Guidelines for Licensing Of New Banks in the Private Sector dated 22 February 2013 which refers to Capital Adequacy ('CAR') compliance on a consolidated basis by the NOFHC as per RBI guidelines.

(i)	Gearing Ratio			
	Particulars		31-March-2025	31-March-2024
	Equity Share Capital		2,29,099.06	2,29,099.06
	Other Equity		22,71,882.50	41,32,017.03
	Total equity	(i)	25,00,981.56	43,61,116.09
	Borrowings other than convertible preference shares		70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90
	Less: cash and cash equivalents		(29,353.61)	(54,866.03)
	Total debt	(ii)	70,28,077.28	52,26,314.87
	Overall financing	(iii) = (i) + (ii)	95,29,058.84	95,87,430.94
	Gearing ratio	(ii)/ (iii)	0.74	0.55

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the financial year 2024-2025.

(ii) Consolidated CRAR

Particulars	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Common Equity Tier1 (CET1) capital	3,11,06,420.54	2,79,28,752.42
Other Tier 2 capital instruments	-	-
Total Capital	3,11,06,420.54	2,79,28,752.42
Risk weighted assets	19,30,66,223.00	17,51,75,896.98
CET1 capital ratio	16.11%	15.94%
Total capital ratio	16.11%	15.94%

27 Change in liabilities arising from financing activities

Particulars	01-Apr-24	Cash flows	Others*	Changes in fair values	Exchange difference	31-March-2025
Debt securities	52,81,180.90	-	17,76,250.00	-	-	70,57,430.90
Total liabilities from financing activities	52,81,180.90	-	17,76,250.00	-	-	70,57,430.90
Particulars	01-Apr-23	Cash flows	Others*	Changes in fair values	Exchange difference	31-Mar-24
Debt securities	2,25,45,346.93	(2,00,47,715.79)	27,83,549.77	-	-	52,81,180.90
Total liabilities from financing activities	2,25,45,346.93	(2,00,47,715.79)	27,83,549.77	-	-	52,81,180.90

*Others includes the effect of accrued but not paid interest on debt securities, amortisation of processing fees etc.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

28 Segment Reporting

The Company is NOFHC and has classified this as its business segment and accordingly there are no separate reportable segments in accordance with Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment".

29 Foreign Exchange Transaction

The Company does not have any foreign currency transactions entered during the year and hence there are no foreign currency earnings, outflows and forex gain or loss during the year.

Particulars	Amount
Foreign Currency Earnings	-
Foreign Currency Outflow	-
Forex Gain / Loss	-

30 Disclosure on Merger with Parent Company

The Board at its meeting held on October 21, 2019, and December 09, 2019, approved fast-track method for merging Jana Holdings Limited (JHL), being the wholly owned Non-Operating Financial Holding Company (NOFHC), with its Holding as well as Core Investment Company, Jana Capital Limited, after receiving the In-principle approval from the RBI on 10th August 2020. As per the existing guidelines, the requirement of having a NOFHC has been dispensed with by the RBI for setting up small finance Banks and Universal Banks. Further, such a merger of the wholly owned subsidiary with the Holding Company will simplify the compliances reported to various Regulatory Authorities, besides resulting in lower operating costs. After the receipt of the in-principle approval from the RBI, the Board of Directors of the transferee Companies met on 24th August 2020 and approved the Scheme of Amalgamation of Jana Holdings Limited (Wholly Owned subs1dlary) with Jana capital Limited (Holding Company).

Jana Capital limited, transferee Company, submitted necessary application to the Regional Director, South-East Region, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Hyderabad, on 6th November 2020 for obtaining approval of Amalgamation under Section 233 of the Companies Act, 2013. Regional Director, Ministry of Company Affairs, Hyderabad, vide letter dated 26th March 2021 rejected the application filed on 6th November 2020 for the merger of JHL with JCL, since JHL had obtained consent from the creditors to the extent of 82.78% in value as against the minimum threshold of consent from 90% of the creditors in value as required under Section 233 of the Companies Act, 2013 and, as such, the provisions of Section 233(1)(d) could not be fully complied with. The Board of Directors considered the aforesaid rejection order and resolved to file fresh merger

application subject to the approval of the Scheme by the Board of Directors, Shareholders, Creditors, and such other authorities as may be required. Accordingly, the Board of directors of both Jana Holdings Limited and Jana Capital Limited on November 14, 2022, have once again approved the scheme of amalgamation and resolved to apply afresh for the merger of the company with Jana Capital Limited, the Holding Company. In line with the decision of the Board of Directors, the company has taken steps to obtain affidavit in the prescribed Formats from the creditors and shareholders for the merger.

However. the Company, in the meanwhile, received a request from Jana Small Finance Bank Limited (JSFBJ regarding the merger and, due to certain commercial considerations, the Company has decided to put the merger on hold till the listing process of the Jana Small Finance Bank Is completed. JSFB shares have been listed with effect from 14th February 2024.

The Company received the In-principle approval afresh from RBI on July 29, 2024. Further, in order to mitigate the stamp duty implications associated with the approval of the merger scheme by the NCLT, the Company shifted its registered office from the State of Karnataka to the State of Tamil Nadu w.e.f. January 24, 2025, basis the approval of the Regional Director South East Region, Hyderabad, Ministry of Corporate Affair and other regulatory approvals and consequently the Clause II of the Memorandum of Association of the Company was altered to that extent.

The Board re-approved the draft scheme of amalgamation on February 3, 2025, as the previous approval was dated. The Company has obtained the consent from all the shareholders and debenture holders in the prescribed format. The Company has applied to the BSE for its in-principle approval and the same has been further commended to SEBI for approval. The Company has responded the queries raised by SEBI and the company has received the NOC from the BSE for the Merger.

31 Disclosure on COVID-19

The outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic had led to a nation-wide lockdown in March 2020. This was followed by localised lockdowns in areas with a significant number of COVID-19 cases. Following the easing of lockdown measures, there was an improvement in economic activity in the second half of fiscal 2021. India experienced a "second wave" of the COVID- 19 pandemic in April-May 2021 following the discovery of mutant coronavirus variants, leading to the re-imposition of regional lockdowns. These were gradually lifted as the second wave subsided.

The impact of COVID-19, including changes in customer behaviour and pandemic fears, as well as restrictions on business and individual activities, has led to significant volatility in global and Indian financial markets and a significant decrease in global and local economic activities. The slowdown during the year led to a decrease in loan originations and in collection efficiency of the target company.

India is emerging from the COVID-19 pandemic. The extent to which any new wave of COVID-19 will impact the Group's results will depend on ongoing as well as future developments, including, among other things, any new information concerning the severity of the COVID-19 pandemic, and any action to contain its spread or mitigate its impact whether government-mandated or elected by us.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

32 Capital to Risk Assets Ratio

The Company is a Non operating Financial Holding Company ('NOFHC') of Jana Small Finance Bank Limited ('JSFB' or 'the Bank') and has no operation of its own. As per RBI guidelines, the Company shall maintain minimum capital adequacy ratio ('CAR') at a consolidated level based on the prudential guidelines on Capital Adequacy and Market Discipline - New Capital Adequacy Framework (NCAF) issued under Basel II framework and Guidelines on Implementation of Basel III Capital Regulations of India, when implemented. For The Year Ended March 31, 2025 the Consolidated CAR is at 16.11% which is greater than the regulatory minimum of 15%. Refer Note-26(ii) above for the computation of the same.

33 Net Owned Fund

The Company is a NOFHC of Jana Small Finance Bank Limited ('JSFB' or 'the Bank') and has no operation of its own. In accordance with Section 45-IA of the RBI Act 1934, and Master Direction DNBR.PD.008/03.10.119/2016-17 dated September 1, 2016, the Company is required to adhere the prescribed net owned funds requirement of INR 200 Lakhs to carry on the business of a non-banking financial institution.

The Company has shortfall of the prescribed minimum net owned fund as of March 31, 2025 being (INR 677.79 crores). The main reason for shortfall is on account of accumulated losses which consists of cost of borrowings.

To resolve the issue, the Company evaluated the option to merge with Jana Capital Limited (the holding Company and a Core Investment Company) and accordingly filed an application for merger the position of which has been explained above as part of Note-30.

34 Leverage Ratio on a Standalone basis

The Company is a Non-Operating Financial Holding Company ('NOFHC') of Jana Small Finance Bank Limited ('JSFB' or 'the Bank') and has no operation of its own. As per RBI guidelines, the Company has a leverage ratio of **2.82 times** which is higher than the regulatory threshold of 1.25 times on a standalone basis For The Year Ended March 31, 2025.

35 Going Concern Basis of Accounting

The Company has incurred a net loss of INR 186.01 crores during the financial year ended March 31, 2025 (net loss of INR 460.42 crores during the year ended March 31, 2024), and despite the accumulated losses being at INR 2,122.93 crores, as on March 31, 2025, the Reserves and Surplus remain positive at INR 227.19 crores. However, breaches in the regulatory requirements such as net owned funds continue to exist. Despite that, the Company was able to successfully raise further debt and equity required for maintaining sufficient liquidity and meeting its obligations and is in a position to continue its business in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared under the going concern assumption.

36 Listing requirement for equity shares of Associate Company

As per Small Finance Bank Licensing Guidelines issued by the RBI, the equity shares of the Bank are required to be listed on a stock exchange in India within three years from the date of commencement of banking business i.e., March 27, 2021. The IPO of equity shares of Jana Small Finance Bank Ltd has been completed and the shares are listed in the stock exchanges with effect from 14th February 2024.

37 Other Disclosures

(i) Payment of Gratuity

The Payment of Gratuity is not applicable to the company as the number of employees of the company are less than 10 and hence no provision of gratuity has been provided in the books of accounts.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

(ii) Ratios

				As at	As at		
Ratio	Measurement	Numerator	Denominator	31-March-2025	31-March-2024	% Change	Reason for variance
	unit			Ratio	Ratio	-	
Current ratio	%	Current assets	Current liabilities	118.88%	78.57%	40.31%	Increase in Current Liability due to maturity of debt within 12 months. Corresponding increase made in Current assets to settle the dues.
Debt-equity ratio	Times	Total debt [Non-current borrowings + Current borrowings]	Total equity	2.82	1.21	161.09%	Increase in debt due to Additional Interest accrued, and Equity due to reversal of impairment loss during the period.
Debt service coverage ratio	NA	and amortisation and interest [Earnings = Profit after tax +	Interest expense (including capitalised) + Principal repayment (including prepayments)	NA	NA	NA	Not applicable
Return on equity ratio	%	Profit after tax	Average of total equity	-54.21%	-222.02%	167.81%	Increase due to profit made during the period on account of reversal of impairment loss
Inventory turnover ratio	NA	Costs of materials consumed	Average inventories	NA	NA	NA	Not applicable
Trade receivables turnover ratio	NA	Revenue from operations	Average trade receivables	NA	NA	NA	Not applicable
Trade payables turnover ratio	NA	Purchases	Average trade payables	NA	NA	NA	Not applicable
Net capital turnover ratio	%	Revenue from operations	Working capital [Current assets - Current liabilities	8.04%	-74992.73%	75000.77%	Increase in % due to decrease in revenue as compared to previous year and increase in working capital.
Net profit ratio	NA	Profit after tax	Revenue from operations	-81118%	-41%	-81076.76%	Decrease due to reversal of impairment loss accounted during the period and decrease in revenue recognised
Return on capital employed	%		Capital employed [Total assets - Current liabilities + Current borrowings]	-0.39%	-15.70%	15.30%	Variance not more than 25%
Return on investment	%	Profit after tax	Equity share capital + Instruments entirely equity in nature + Securities premium	-7.85%	-19.43%	11.58%	Variance not more than 25%

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

38 Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled.

			31-March-2025			31-March-2024	
		Within 12	After 12 months	Total	Within 12	After 12 months	Total
SI.No	Assets	months			months		
	Financial assets						
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	29,353.61	-	29,353.61	54,866.03	-	54,866.03
(b)	Bank balance other than cash and						
(D)	cash equivalents	-		-	-	-	-
(c)	Investments	1,50,000.00	93,78,955.02	95,28,955.02	-	96,56,643.58	96,56,643.58
(d)	Other financial assets	-	1,696.50	1,696.50	14.75	1,696.50	1,711.25
	Total financial assets	1,79,353.61	93,80,651.52	95,60,005.13	54,880.78	96,58,340.08	97,13,220.86
	Non-financial assets						
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	252.59	-	252.59	44.17	-	44.17
(b)	Property, plant and equipment	-	329.35	329.35	-	329.53	329.53
(c)	Other intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
(d)	Other non-financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total non-financial assets	252.59	329.35	581.94	44.17	329.53	373.70
	Total Assets	1,79,606.20	93,80,980.87	95,60,587.07	54,924.95	96,58,669.61	97,13,594.56
	Liabilities and Equity						
	Liabilities						
	Financial liabilities						
(a)	Payables						
	Trade payables						
	(i) total outstanding dues of						
	micro enterprises and small	-	-	-	-	-	-
	enterprises						
	Other payables						
	(i) total outstanding dues of						
	micro enterprises and small	-	-	-	-	-	-
	enterprises						
(b)	Debt securities	1,50,000.00	69,07,430.90	70,57,430.90	-	52,81,180.90	52,81,180.90
(c)	Other financial liabilities	275.00	-	275.00	275.00	-	275.00
	Total financial liabilities	1,50,275.00	69,07,430.90	70,57,705.90	275.00	52,81,180.90	52,81,455.90
	Non-financial liabilities						
(a)	Other non-financial liabilities	806.60	-	806.60	69,628.74	-	69,628.74
(b)	Provisions	-	1,093.01	1,093.01	-	1,393.83	1,393.83
	Total non-financial liabilities	806.60	1,093.01	1,899.61	69,628.74	1,393.83	71,022.57
	Equity						
(a)	Equity share capital	-	2,29,099.06	2,29,099.06	-	2,29,099.06	2,29,099.06
(b)	Other equity		22,71,882.50	22,71,882.50	-	41,32,017.03	41,32,017.03
	Total Equity	-	25,00,981.56	25,00,981.56	-	43,61,116.09	43,61,116.09
	Total Liabilities and Equity	1,51,081.60	94,09,505.47	95,60,587.07	69,903.74	96,43,690.82	97,13,594.56

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

39 Asset Liability Management (ALM)

Maturity pattern of Financial assets and Financial liabilities as on 31 March 2025

Particulars	Upto 1 month	1 to 2	2 to 3 months	3 to 6	6 months to	1 to 3 years	3 to 5	Over 5	Not	Total
		months		months	1 year		years	years	sensitive to	
									ALM*	
Financial assets										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	310.04	-	4,043.58	-	24,999.99	-	-	-	-	29,353.60
Bank Balance other than above	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	-	-	1,46,231.42	-	-	93,82,723.60	-	-	-	95,28,955.02
Other Financial Assets	-	-	-	-	-	1,696.50	-	-	-	1,696.50
Total	310.04	-	1,50,275.00	-	24,999.99	93,84,420.10	-	-	-	95,60,005.12
Financial liabilities										
Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Securities	-	-	1,50,000.00	-	-	69,07,430.90	-	-	-	70,57,430.90
Other financial liabilities	-	-	275.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	275.00
Total	-	-	1,50,275.00	-	-	69,07,430.90	-	-	-	70,57,705.90

*represents adjustments on account of EIR/ECL

Maturity pattern of assets and liabilities as on 31 March 2024

Particulars	Upto 1 month	1 to 2	2 to 3 months	3 to 6	6 months to	1 to 3 years	3 to 5	Over 5	Not	Total
		months		months	1 year		years	years	sensitive to	
									ALM*	
Financial assets										
Cash and Cash Equivalent	54,591.03	-	275.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	54,866.03
Bank Balance other than above	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	96,56,643.58	-	-	-	96,56,643.58
Other Financial Assets	-	-	14.75	-	-	1,696.50	-	-	-	1,711.25
Total	54,591.03	-	289.75	-	-	96,58,340.08	-	-	-	97,13,220.87
Financial liabilities										
Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Securities	-	-	-	-	-	52,81,180.90	-	-	-	52,81,180.90
Other financial liabilities	-	-	275.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	275.00
Total	-	-	275.00	-	-	52,81,180.90	-	-	-	52,81,455.90

*represents adjustments on account of EIR/ECL

Amount in INR thousands

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amounts are in INR thousands)

40 Disclosure required in terms of the Revised Regulatory Framework for NBFC issued by RBI on 10 November 2014-(Amounts included herein are based on current and previous year financials as per Ind AS)

a) Capital to Risk Assets Ratio

Particulars	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Common Equity Tier1 (CET1) capital	3,11,06,420.54	2,79,28,752.42
Other Tier 2 capital instruments	-	-
Total Capital	3,11,06,420.54	2,79,28,752.42
Risk weighted assets	19,30,66,223.00	17,51,75,896.98
CET1 capital ratio	16.11%	15.94%
Total capital ratio	16.11%	15.94%

b) Investments

S.No	Particulars	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
1	Value of Investments		
	(i) Gross Value of Investments		
	(a) In India	2,49,01,676.75	2,49,01,676.75
	(b) Outside India	-	-
	(ii) Sale of Investments		
	(a) In India	7,88,137.37	-
	(b) Outside India	-	-
	(iii) Provisions for Depreciation#		
	(a) In India	1,45,84,584.36	1,52,45,033.17
	(b) Outside India		
	(iv) Net Value of Investments		
	(a) In India	95,28,955.02	96,56,643.58
	(b) Outside India		
2	Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments		
	(i) Opening balance	1,52,45,033.17	25,68,371.17
	(ii) Add: Provisions made during the year#	28,079.35	1,26,76,662.00
	(iii) Less : Write-off / write-back of excess provisions during the year	-	-
	(iv) Closing balance#	1,52,73,112.52	1,52,45,033.17

This relates to impairment loss. Refer note 2 on Investment for details on impairment allowance.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

40 Disclosure required in terms of the Revised Regulatory Framework for NBFC issued by RBI on 10 November 2014 (continued) (Amounts included herein are based on current and previous year financials as per Ind AS)

c) Derivatives

(i) Forward Rate Agreement/ Interest Rate Swap

S.No	Particulars	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
(i)	The notional principal of swap agreements	-	-
(ii)	Losses which would be incurred if counterparties failed to fulfil their obligations under the		
	agreements	-	-
(iii)	Collateral required by the NBFC upon entering into Swaps	-	-
(iv)	Concentration of credit risk arising from the swaps	-	-
(V)	The fair value of the swap book	-	-

(Amounts are in INR thousands)

(ii) Exchange Traded Interest Rate (IR) Derivatives

S.No	Particulars	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
(i)	Notional principal amount of exchange traded IR derivatives undertaken	-	-
(ii)	Notional principal amount of exchange traded IR derivatives outstanding as on 31st March		
	of respective years	-	-
(iii)	Notional principal amount of exchange traded IR derivatives outstanding	-	-
	and not "highly effective"		
(iv)	Mark-to-market value of exchange traded IR derivatives outstanding and	-	-
	not "highly effective"		

Disclosures on Risk Exposure in Derivatives

(A) Quantitative Disclosures

Disclosure relating to risk management policies pertaining to derivatives is not applicable to the Company as the Company has not used derivatives during the year and previous year.

(B) Quantitative Disclosures

			31-Mar	rch-2025	31-Mai	rch-2024
S.No.	Part	icular	Currency Derivatives	Interest Rate Derivatives	Currency Derivatives	Interest Rate Derivatives
(i)	Derivatives (Notional Principal	Amount)				
	For hedging		-	-	-	-
(ii)	Marked to Market Positions [1]					
	a)	Asset (+)	-	-	-	-
	b)	Liability (-)	-	-	-	-
(iii)	Credit Exposure [2]		-	-	-	-
(iv)	Unhedged Exposures		-	-	-	-

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

40 Disclosure required in terms of the Revised Regulatory Framework for NBFC issued by RBI on 10 November 2014 (continued) (Amounts included herein are based on current and previous year financials as per Ind AS)

d) Exposures

(i) Exposu) Exposure to Real Estate Sector		in INR thousands)
Category		31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Direc	t Exposure		
(i)	Residential Mortgages -		
	Lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented	-	-
(ii)	Commercial Real Estate -	-	-
	Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estates (office buildings, retail space, multipurpose commercial premises, multi-family residential buildings, multi-tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition, development and construction, etc.). Exposure would also include non-fund based limits	-	-
(iii)	Investments in Mortgage Backed Securities(MBS) and other securitised		
	exposures -	-	-
	a. Residential	-	-
	b. Commercial Real Estate	-	-
Total Expo	osure to Real Estate Sector	-	-

(ii) Exposure to Capital Market

 (i) Direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity-oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt; (ii) Advances against shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs / ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual funds; (iii) Advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security; (iv) Advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advances; (v) Secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers; (vi) Loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's 	-	-
 basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs / ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual funds; (iii) Advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security; (iv) Advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advances; (v) Secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers; (vi) Loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / 	-	-
 convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security; (iv) Advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advances; (v) Secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers; (vi) Loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / 		
 by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advances; (v) Secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers; (vi) Loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / 	-	-
behalf of stockbrokers and market makers;(vi) Loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds /	-	-
	-	-
contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources;	-	-
(vii) Bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows / issues;	-	-
(viii) All exposures to Venture Capital Funds (both registered and unregistered)	-	-

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

41 Disclosure required in terms of the Revised Regulatory Framework for NBFC issued by RBI on 10 November 2014 (continued) (Amounts included herein are based on current and previous year financials as per Ind AS)

(e) Miscellaneous

(i) Registration obtained from other financial sector regulators

The Company has not obtained registration from other financial sector regulators.

(ii) Disclosure of Penalties imposed by RBI and other regulators

Penalties imposed by RBI and other regulators on the Company For The Year Ended March 31, 2025 is NIL. The details pertaining to FY 2023-2024 is mentioned as under:

Financial Year 2023-2024

Date	Regulator	Reason for Penalty	Amount in thousands (INR)
02-Jan-24	SEBI	Delay in submission of the notice of Record Date ISIN INE682V08018 SEBI/HO/DDHS/DDHS_Div1/P/CIR/2022/0000000103	10.80
31-Jan-24	SEBI	Non-submission of Intimation of Board Meeting regulation Circular no. SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/DDHS/DDHS_Div1/P/CIR/2022/0000000103 dated July 29, 2022	5.40
31-Jan-24	SEBI	Delay in submission of the notice of Record Date ISIN INE682V08091 SEBI/HO/DDHS/DDHS_Div1/P/CIR/2022/0000000103	10.80
20-Mar-24	SEBI	Delay in submission of the notice of Record Date ISIN INE682V08166. SEBI/HO/DDHS/DDHS_Div1/P/CIR/2022/0000000103	21.60

(iii) Ratings assigned by credit rating agencies and migration of ratings during the year

Instrument	Name of Rating Agency	Date of Rating	Rating	Previous Rating
	India Ratings and Research	31-Jan-25	IND BB/Stable	IND BB-/Stable

(iv) Net Profit or Loss for the period, prior period items and changes in accounting policies

There are no prior period items included in the current year's statement of profit and loss.

(v) Revenue Recognition

There is no revenue which has been postponed pending the resolution of significant uncertainties.

(vi) Draw Down from Reserves

The Company has not made any drawdown from reserves.

- (vii) Overseas Assets (for those with Joint Ventures and Subsidiaries abroad) The Company does not have any Overseas Assets (for those with Joint Ventures and Subsidiaries abroad).
- (viii) Off-balance Sheet SPVs sponsored (which are required to be consolidated as per accounting norms) The Company does not have any off-balance sheet SPVs sponsored.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

41 Disclosure required in terms of the Revised Regulatory Framework for NBFC issued by RBI on 10 November 2014 (continued)

(Amounts included herein are based on current and previous year financials as per Ind AS)

(f) Disclosure of Customer Complaints

	(Amounts are in INR thousands)		
SI. No.	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(a)	No. of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	-	-
(b)	No. of complaints received during the year	-	-
(C)	No. of complaints redressed during the year	-	-
(d)	No. of complaints pending at the end of the year	-	-

(g) Disclosure of Frauds reported during the year vide DNBS.PD.CC NO.256/03.10.042/2011-12 Dated 02 March 2012

	(Amounts are in INR thousands)		
Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
a. Persons involved			
Customers	-	-	
Collection Agency	-	-	
Dealer	-	-	
Total	-	-	
b. Type of Fraud			
Misappropriation and criminal breach of trust	-	-	
Fraudulent encashment/ manipulation of books of account	-	-	
Cheating and forgery	-	-	

42 Prior year comparatives

Previous year figures have been re-grouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification/ disclosure.

As per our report of even date

For MURALI & VENKAT

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 002162S

G. Satishchandra Partner Membership No: 027372 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Jana Holdings Limited CIN: U74900TZ2016PLC033423

Rajamani Muthuchamy Managing Director and CEO DIN:08080999 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

N

Srinivas NR Chief Financial Officer Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

R

Ramesh Ramanathan Chairman DIN:00163276 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025



Krishi Jain Company Secretary Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

MURALI & VENKAT

Chartered Accountants

The Members Jana Holdings Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of Jana Holdings Limited ("The Company'), its Associate M/s Jana Small Finance Bank Limited, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March, 2025, and the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. (Herein after referred to as "the Consolidated Financial Statements")

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('The Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of their Consolidated state of affairs of the Company and its Associate as at 31 March, 2025, and its Consolidated Loss, Consolidated changes in equity and its Consolidated cashflows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion:

- (i) The terms and conditions of the Certificate of registration issued to the Company by the RBI vide letter no. N-02.00275 dated 27 January 2017, requires to comply with prescribed Net Owned Fund requirement in accordance with Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and RBI's Master Direction DNBR. PD.008/03.10.119/2016-17 dated 1st September 2016. In Our Opinion, The Net Owned Funds of the Company as on 31 March, 2025, is in a Deficit of Rs. 67778.75 Lakhs, which is below the regulatory minimum of Rs. 200 Lakhs. The consequential impact of such non-compliance on the Consolidated Financial Statements is presently unascertainable. (Refer Note no. 32 to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements).
- (ii) The Company is a Non-operating Financial Holding Company ('NOFHC') of Jana Small Finance Bank Limited ('JSFB' or 'the Bank'). As per the terms and conditions of the license issued to the Bank to commence small finance bank business under Section 22 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, the Company is required to comply with the provisions of paragraph 2(H)(i) of the Guidelines for Licensing of New Banks in the Private Sector dated February 22, 2013, which refers to compliance of regulatory threshold of leverage ratio on a standalone basis by the NOFHC as per RBI guidelines.

For the year ended on 31st March, 2025, the Company had a leverage ratio of 2.82 times which is above the regulatory threshold of 1.25 on a standalone basis. The consequential impact of such non-compliances on the financial results is presently unascertainable. (Refer note: 33 to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements).

The matter was also qualified in our report on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025.

Other Matters:

We did not Audit the Financial Statements / Financial information of the Associate, Jana Small Finance Bank Limited, included in the Consolidated Financial Results, whose Financial Statements reflect total Assets of Rs. 38,46,36,165 thousand as at 31st March, 2025, total Revenue from Operations of Rs. 5,48,56,549 thousand, total Net Profit after Tax of Rs. 50,14,187 thousand for the year ended 31st march, 2025 as considered the consolidated financial statements. These in financial statements/financial information have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and the disclosures included in respect of the associate and our report in terms of sub sections (3) and (11) of Section 143 of the Act, insofar as it relates to the aforesaid Associate, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion on the consolidated Financial Results is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and reports of other auditors and the Financial Results certified by the Board of Directors.

We conducted our Audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company and its Associate in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

1. We draw attention to Note no. 30 to the Consolidated Financial Statements which describe the extent to which the COVID- 19 Pandemic will impact the Associate's Consolidated Financial Statements. Consequently, the impact on the Carrying Value of Investment in the Associate in the books of the Company will depend on the future developments.

- 2. We draw attention to Note no. 35 to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements describing the Listing requirement for equity shares of the Associate Company as per Small Finance Bank Licensing Guidelines by the RBI, in which the company has invested in equity holdings and the Associate Company (Bank) IPO of equity shares was completed and now the shares are listed in the stock exchanges with effect from 14th February, 2024.
- 3. We draw attention to Note no. 08 to the Statement, wherein the Company issued fresh debentures during the year on private placement basis to raise money mainly for redemption of debentures that were falling due. The said debentures were subscribed by the existing investors at an investor IRR of 49% to be accrued annually as agreed to in the Debenture trust deed signed between the Company and the debenture trustee. The said investor IRR agreed to is an outliner and the same is not to be found among the market rates which help discover fair value for accounting purposes.
- 4. We draw attention to Note no. 29 of the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements, which describes the merger of the Company with its holding Company, Jana Capital Limited.
- 5. We draw attention to Note no. 34 in the Consolidated Financial Statements, which indicates that the Company incurred a net loss on Standalone basis of INR 186.01 crores during the year ended 31 March, 2025 and has accumulated losses amounting to INR 2122.93 crores, as of that date. Further the Company has fixed term borrowings approaching maturity with prospects of repayment currently being evaluated by the management. Further, the Company is in breach of certain regulatory financial parameters as of 31 March, 2025 as stated here in above, in the Basis of Qualified Opinion section. These conditions indicate that may cast significant doubt on Company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, the Management is of the opinion that the Company was able to successfully raise further debt and equity required for maintaining sufficient liquidity and meeting its obligations and is in a position to continue its business in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared under going concern assumption.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The Other information comprises the information included in the Director's Report, but does not include the Consolidated Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Impairment Assessment of Investment in Equity Shares in the Associate

Refer Note no. 02 to the Consolidated Financial Statement with respect to the disclosures of Investment in the Associate.

The Investment in the Associate is recorded at cost and is tested for Impairment annually along with the share of Profit/Loss from the Associate. On 31 March 2025, Investment in the Associate amounts to INR 720.85 crores, considering the results of JSFB for the FY 2024-2025 as per IND AS. The Net worth of JSFB being computed as on March 31, 2025 per IND AS amounts to Rs. 3,234.67 crores and accordingly the share of associate being at 22.285% pertaining to JHL amounts to 720.85 crores.

The annual Impairment testing of value of Investment in the Associate is considered to be a key audit matter due to the materiality of Investment for the Company and the fact that process and methodology for assessing and determining the recoverable amount of Investment are based on certain assumptions, that by their nature imply the use of the management's judgment and prudence, in particular with reference to identification of Impairment. Our audit procedures in respect of this area include but are not limited to:

- i. The verification of the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls over approval, recording and monitoring of Impairment in Investments.
- ii. The Review of the management's Impairment assessment and assessed the reasonableness of judgements and assumptions used in such Impairment assessment.
- iii. The Assessment of the accuracy of the Impairment loss and evaluated the adequacy of the disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the with respect to the preparation of these Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company and of its Associates, ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company and its Associate financial reporting process of the Company and of its Associate

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted

in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exits, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

• Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entity and its Associate to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Audit of the Financial Statements of such entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of which we are the Independent Auditors.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Company and such other entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of which we are Independent Auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore, the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by section143(3) of the Act, We report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a. We have sought and, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion above, obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements.
 - b. Except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, in our Opinion, proper Books of Account as required by Law relating to preparation of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements.

- c. The Consolidated Balance Sheet, The Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in Agreement with the relevant Books of Account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- d. Except for the effects of the matter described in Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, in our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e. The matter described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion and Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section of our report, in our Opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the Company.
- f. On the basis of the written representations received from the Directors of the Company as on 31st March, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company and the Reports of the Statutory Auditors of its Associate Company, none of the Directors of the Company, its Associate Company is disqualified as on 31st March, 2025 from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- g. The Qualification relating to the maintenance of Accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above.
- h. With respect to the adequacy of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such Controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure-A".
- i. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position as at 31 March 2025.
 - ii. The Company and its Associate did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including Derivative Contracts.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company and its Associate Company incorporated in India.

iv. (a) The management has represented to us that to the best of their knowledge and belief that no funds (which are material either individually or in aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or

invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries. Based on reasonable audit procedures adopted by us, nothing has come to our notice that such representation contains any material misstatement.

(b) The management has represented to us that to the best of their knowledge and belief that no funds (which are material either individually or in aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(c) Based on reasonable audit procedures adopted by us, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contains any material misstatement.

- v. The Company has not declared any dividend during the Year.
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the company has used accounting software for maintaining its Books of Account for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2025 which has a feature of recording Audit Trail facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our Audit we did not come across any instances of the Audit Trail feature being tampered with.

As Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from 1 April, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on presentation of Audit Trail as per the Statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended 31 March, 2025.

- vii. With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the reports issued by the respective auditors of the Associate Company incorporated in India as referred in Para "Qualified Opinion", we report that, the respective auditor is of the opinion that CARO reporting is not applicable to such Associate Company.
- 2. As required by the Companies (Amended) Act, 2017, in our opinion, according to information, explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company and its Associate to its Directors is within the limits laid down under Section 197 of the Act and the rules thereunder.

For MURALI & VENKAT

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm's Registration Number: 002162S



Membership Number: 027372 UDIN: 25027372BMJLIR3668

Place: Bangalore Date: 30-05-2025

ANNEXURE 'A' – The Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") to the Independent Auditor's report of even date on the Consolidated Financial Statements of M/S. JANA HOLDINGS LIMITED

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements of Jana Holdings Limited ("the Company") and its Associate Company as of 31st March, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining Internal Financial Controls based on the internal controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the Guidance Note) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Guidance Note to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements includes obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial control with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of Internal Financial Controls stated in the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For MURALI & VENKAT CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm's Registration Number: 002162S



Membership Number: 027372 UDIN: 25027372BMJLIR3668

Place: Bangalore Date: 30-05-2025

JANA HOLDINGS LIMITED Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025

				(Rs. In thousands) As at
	Particulars	Note	As at 31-March-2025	45 at 31-March-2024
	ASSETS	Note -	51-Mai CII-2025	51-Mai CII-2024
(1)	Financial Assets			
• •	Cash and cash equivalent	1(i)	29,353.61	54,866.03
. ,	Bank balance other than (a) above	1(i) 1(ii)	27,555.01	54,000.05
(D) (C)	Derivative Financial Instruments	1(11)		
• •	Receivables		-	-
(-)	Loans		-	-
• •	Investments	2	72,08,471.44	-
(g)	Other financial assets	3	1,696.50	1,711.25
,	Non- Financial Assets			,
• •				
• •	Inventories	4	- 252.59	- 44.17
	Current tax assets (Net)	4	232.39	44.17
• •	Deferred tax assets (Net)		-	-
. ,	Investment Property Biological assets other than bearer plants		-	-
. ,		5	329.35	329.53
	Property, plant and equipment	5	529.55	329.33
	Capital work-in-progress Goodwill		-	-
• /		6	-	-
(i) (i)	Other intangible assets Other non financial assets	0	-	-
0)	Total Assets	-	72,40,103.49	56,950.98
		=	72,40,103.49	30,930.98
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
	LIABILITIES			
• •	Financial Liabilities			
(a)	Derivative Financial Instruments		-	-
(b)	Payables			
	(I) Trade Payables			
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than MSMEs	7	-	-
	(II) Other Payables			
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than MSMEs		-	-
	Debt Securities	8	70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90
(d)	Other financial liabilities	9	275.00	275.00
(2)	Non-Financial Liabilities			
(a)	Current tax liabilities (Net)		-	-
	Provisions	10	1,093.01	1,393.83
(c)	Deferred tax liabilities (Net)		-	-
	Other non-financial liabilities	11	806.60	69,628.73
(d)				
. ,	FOUITY			
(3)	EQUITY Fourity share capital	12	2,29,099,06	2,29,099.06
(3) (a)	EQUITY Equity share capital Other equity	12 13	2,29,099.06 (48,601.08)	2,29,099.06 (55,24,626.54)

Summary of significant accounting policies

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements 1-37 The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date

For MURALI & VENKAT Chartered Accountants ICALFirm Registration No.: 002162S

aliphohan G. Satishchandra

Partner Membership No: 027372

Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Jana Holdings Limited CIN: U74900TZ2016PLC033423

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Rajamani Muthuchamy Managing Director and CEO DIN:08080999

Place: Bengaluru

Date: 30-May-2025

Srinivas NR Chief Financial Officer Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

Ramesh Ramanathan Chairman DIN:00163276

Place: Bengaluru

Date: 30-May-2025

Hisu

Krishi Jain

Company Secretary Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

JANA HOLDINGS LIMITED Statement of Consolidated Profit and Loss For The Year Ended 31 March 2025

	Particulars	Note	For the year ended 31-March-2025	(Rs. In thousands) Previous year ended 31-March-2024
	Revenue from Operations			
(i)	Interest Income		2,293.13	494.14
(ii)	Dividend income	14	-	•
iii)	Rental Income	14	-	-
iv)	Others			1,12,32,514.50
I)	Total Revenue from Operations		2,293.13	1,12,33,008.64
II)	Other income		-	-
III)	Total Income (I+II) Expenses		2,293.13	1,12,33,008.64
i)	Finance costs	15	17,94,250.00	30,90,331.59
i)	Fees and commission expense		-	-
iii)	Net loss on fair value changes		-	-
	Net loss on derecognition of financial instruments			
iv)	under amortised cost category		-	-
	Impairment on financial instruments / (Reversal of	16	-	50,08,847.47
v)	Impairment Loss)			
vi)	Cost of materials consumed		-	-
vii)	Purchases of Stock-in-trade		-	-
viii)	Changes in Inventories of finished goods, stock-in- trade and work-in- progress		_	_
ix)	Employee benefits expense	17	20,373.32	18,722.73
x)	Depreciation and amortization	18	135.41	66.93
xi)	Others expenses	19	19,589.58	51,396.27
IV)	Total Expenses (IV)		18,34,348.31	81,69,364.99
V)	Net Profit / (Net Loss) before exceptional items, tax and share of loss of associate(III -IV)		(18,32,055.17)	30,63,643.65
VI)	Exceptional items		-	-
VII)	Net Profit / (Net Loss) before tax and share of loss of a	ssociate (V-VI)	(18,32,055.17)	30,63,643.65
VIIII)	Share of Net Profit/(Net loss) of the associate accounted for using equity method		1,71,098.06	25,06,276.87
IX)	Tax expense: (1) Current tax		-	
X)	Net Profit / (Net Loss) for the year (VII+VIII-IX)		(16,60,957.11)	55,69,920.53
XI)	Other Comprehensive Income Other Comprehensive Income			
XII)	Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the period (X -	+XI)	(16,60,957.11)	55,69,920.53
XIII)	Earnings per equity share	20		
	Basic (Rs.)		(72.50)	243.12
	Diluted (Rs.)		(72.50)	243.12

Summary of significant accounting policies See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date

For MURALI & VENKAT Chartered Accountants

ICAL Firm Registration No.: 002162S

G. Satishchandra Partner Membership No: 027372 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

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Rajamani Muthuchamy Managing Director and CEO DIN:08080999 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

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Srinivas NR Chief Financial Officer Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

Ramesh Ramanathan Chairman DIN:00163276 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

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Krishi Jain Company Secretary Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

Statement of Consolidated Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

(Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)		
	Year ended	Year ended
<u>.</u>	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit or (Loss) after tax	(16,60,957.11)	55,69,920.53
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortization expenses	135.41	66.93
Share of loss of the associate accounted for using equity method	(1,71,098.06)	(25,06,276.87)
Other non cash items on sale of investment	693.51	-
Loss on Sale of Furniture (Miscellaneous)	46.24	-
Impairment Loss / (Reversal of Impairment Loss on financial instruments)	-	50,08,847.47
Finance cost (Interest on debt securities)	17,94,250.00	27,83,549.77
FD interest income	(2,291.81)	
Operating loss before working capital changes and adjustments =	(39,221.83)	1,08,56,107.83
hanges in working capital		
Decrease/ (increase) in other financial assets and current tax assets	(193.66)	1,091.90
Decrease) / Increase in other financial liabilities	-	(60.00)
Decrease) / Increase in other non-financial liabilities	(69,122.96)	65,678.51
ash from (used in) operations	(69,316.62)	66,710.41
ash used in operations	(69,316.62)	66,710.41
ncome tax paid / Current tax assets (net)	-	-
et cash flows used in operating activities (A)	(1,08,538.45)	1,09,22,818.27
ash flow from Investing activities		
ayment for purchase of property, plant and equipment	(185.98)	(337.51)
roceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	4.50	
roceeds from sale of investments	98,915.70	
nterest on Fixed Deposits	2,291.81	-
let cash flow used in Investing activities (B)	1,01,026.03	(337.51)
ash flow from Financing activities	.,,.	()
roceeds from issue of shares	_	1,97,727.68
remium on issue of shares	<u>-</u>	89,81,208.82
roceeds from debt securities issued	<u>-</u>	37,75,000.00
nterest payment on debt security (actual)	(18,000.00)	-
Repayment of dues for debt securities	-	(2,38,22,715.79)
let cash flow from financing activities (C)	(18,000.00)	(1,08,68,779.29)
=		
let increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) ash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(25,512.42)	53,701.46
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	54,866.03 29,353.61	1,164.57 54,866.03
=	29,353.61	54,000.03
ash and cash equivalents comprise (Refer note 1)		
alances with banks		
On current accounts	4,043.58	4,866.03
On deposits with Banks	25,310.03	50,000.00
Fotal cash and bank balances at end of the year =	29,353.61	54,866.03
ee accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements		1-37

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date For MURALI & VENKAT **Chartered Accountants**

ICALFirm Registration No.: 002162S

G. Satishchandra Partner Membership No: 027372 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Jana Holdings Limited CIN: U74900TZ2016PLC033423

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Rajamani Muthuchamy Managing Director and CEO DIN:08080999 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

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Srinivas NR Chief Financial Officer Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

Ramesh Ramanathan Chairman DIN:00163276 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025



Krishi Jain Company Secretary Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For The Year Ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

A) Equity Share Capital

(1) Current Reporting Period - FY 2024-2025

Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period 01-April-2024	Equity Share Capital due to prior period	balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	equity share capital during the current	Balance at the end of the current reporting period 31-March-2025
2,29,099.06	-	2,29,099.06	-	2,29,099.06

2) Previous Reporting Period - FY 2023-2024

Balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period 01-April-2023	Equity Share Capital due to prior period	balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period 01-April-2023	equity share capital during the previous year	Balance at the end of the previous reporting period 31-March-2024
31,371.36	-	31,371.36	1,97,727.70	2,29,099.06

B) Other Equity

(1) Current Reporting Period - FY 2024-2025

				Reserves a	nd Surplus									
Particulars	Share application money pending allotment	Equity component of compound financial instruments	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	Statutory Reserve	Retained Earnings	Debt instruments through Other Comprehen sive Income	Equity Instrument s through Other Comprehe nsive Income	portion of Cash	Revalu ation Surplus	Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	Other items of Other Comprehensive Income (specify nature)	Money received against share warrants	Total
Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period 01-April-2024	-	-	-	2,34,70,823.61	30,339.16	(2,89,66,688.15)	-	-	-	-	-	-59,101.16	-	-55,24,626.54
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period 01-Apr-2024	-	-	-	2,34,70,823.61	30,339.16	(2,89,66,688.15)	-	-	-	-	-	-59,101.16	-	-55,24,626.54
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the current year	-	-	-	-	-	(16,60,957.11)	-	-	-	-	-	43,852.07		(16,17,105.04)
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share of Net Worth of JSFB pertaining to previous years	-	-	-	-	-	70,93,130.51	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,93,130.51
Premium on issue of shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Any other change (to be specified)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the current reporting period 31-March-2025	-	-	-	2,34,70,823.61	30,339.16	(2,35,34,514.75)	-	-	-	-	-	(15,249.10)	-	(48,601.08)

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For The Year Ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

2) Previous Reporting Period - FY 2023-2024

				Reserves a	nd Surplus									
Particulars	-	Equity component of compound financial instruments		Securities Premium	Statutory Reserve		Debt instruments through Other Comprehen sive Income	s through Other Comprehe	portion of Cash	Revalu ation Surplus	Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	Other items of Other Comprehensive Income (specify nature)	Money received against share warrants	Total
Balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period 01-April-2023	-	-	-	1,44,89,614.79	30,339.16	(3,45,36,608.67)	-	-	-	-	-	-2,38,410.45	-	(2,02,55,065.17)
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period 01-Apr-2023	-	-	-	1,44,89,614.79	30,339.16	(3,45,36,608.67)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,38,410.45)	-	(2,02,55,065.17)
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the previous year	-	-	-		-	55,69,920.53	-	-	-	-	-	1,79,309.28	-	57,49,229.81
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on issue of shares	-	-	-	89,81,208.82	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	89,81,208.82
Any other change (to be specified)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the previous reporting period 31- March-2024	-	-	-	2,34,70,823.61	30,339.16	(2,89,66,688.15)	-	-	-	-	-	(59,101.16)	-	(55,24,626.54)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolida 1-37

As per our report of even date

For MURALI & VENKAT Chartered Accountants

ICAL Firm Registration No.: 0021625 uphona.

G. Satishchandra Partner Membership No: 027372 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Jana Holdings Limited CIN: U74900TZ2016PLC033423

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Rajamani Muthuchamy Managing Director and CEO DIN:08080999 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

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Srinivas NR Chief Financial Officer Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

Ramesh Ramanathan Chairman DIN:00163276 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

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Krishi Jain Company Secretary Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

JANA HOLDINGS LIMITED Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

1 Company Overview

1.1 Reporting Entity

The Company was incorporated on 10 March 2016 to carry on the business of an Investment Company and to invest, buy, sell, transfer, deal in and dispose of any shares, stocks, debentures, whether perpetual or redeemable debenture, debentures, stocks, securities of any Government, Local Authority, Bonds and Certificates. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Jana Capital Limited. The Company has received certificate of registration for Non-Banking Financial Company ('NBFC') Non Operating Financial Holding Company ('NOFHC') from Reserve Bank of India, on 27 January 2017. As per the guidelines for licensing of new banks in the private sector issued by Reserve Bank of India, the Company, a Non-Operating Financial Holding Company, holds the investment in Jana Small Finance Bank (formerly known as 'Janalakshmi Financial Services Limited').

The Board at its meeting held on October 21, 2019, and December 09, 2019, approved fast-track method for merging Jana Holdings Limited (JHL), being the wholly owned Non-Operating Financial Holding Company (NOFHC), with its Holding as well as Core Investment Company, Jana Capital Limited, after receiving the In-principle approval from the RBI on 10th August 2020. As per the existing guidelines, the requirement of having a NOFHC has been dispensed with by the RBI for setting up small finance Banks and Universal Banks. Further, such a merger of the wholly owned subsidiary with the Holding Company will simplify the compliances reported to various Regulatory Authorities, besides resulting in lower operating costs. After the receipt of the in-principle approval from the RBI, the Board of Directors of the transferor and the Transferee Companies met on 24th August 2020 and approved the Scheme of Amalgamation of Jana Holdings Limited (Wholly Owned subs1dlary) with Jana capital Limited (Holding Company).

Jana Capital limited, transferee Company, submitted necessary application to the Regional Director, South-East Region, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Hyderabad, on 6th November 2020 for obtaining approval of Amalgamation under Section 233 of the Companies Act, 2013. Regional Director, Ministry of Company Affairs, Hyderabad, vide letter dated 26th March 2021 rejected the application filed on 6th November 2020 for the merger of JHL with JCL, since JHL had obtained consent from the creditors to the extent of 82.78% in value as against the minimum threshold of consent from 90% of the creditors in value as required under Section 233 of the Companies Act, 2013 and, as such, the provisions of Section 233(1)(d) could not be fully complied with. The Board of Directors considered the aforesaid rejection order and resolved to file fresh merger

application subject to the approval of the Scheme by the Board of Directors, Shareholders, Creditors, and such other authorities as may be required. Accordingly, the Board of directors of both Jana Holdings Limited and Jana Capital Limited on November 14, 2022, have once again approved the scheme of amalgamation and resolved to apply afresh for the merger of the company with Jana Capital Limited, the Holding Company. In line with the decision of the Board of Directors, the company has taken steps to obtain affidavit in the prescribed Formats from the creditors and shareholders for the merger.

However, the Company, in the meanwhile, received a request from Jana Small Finance Bank Limited (JSFBJ regarding the merger and, due to certain commercial considerations, the Company has decided to put the merger on hold till the listing process of the Jana Small Finance Bank Is completed. JSFB shares have been listed with effect from 14th February 2024.

The Company received the In-principle approval afresh from RBI on July 29, 2024. Further, in order to mitigate the stamp duty implications associated with the approval of the merger scheme by the NCLT, the Company shifted its registered office from the State of Karnataka to the State of Tamil Nadu w.e.f. January 24, 2025, basis the approval of the Regional Director South East Region, Hyderabad, Ministry of Corporate Affair and other regulatory approvals and consequently the Clause II of the Memorandum of Association of the Company was altered to that extent.

The Board re-approved the draft scheme of amalgamation on February 3, 2025, as the previous approval was dated.

The Company has obtained the consent from all the shareholders and debenture holders in the prescribed format. The Company has applied to the BSE for its in-principle approval and the same has been further commended to SEBI for approval. The Company has responded the queries raised by SEBI and the Company has received the NOC from the BSE for the Merger.

1.2 Statement of compliance

These Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS"), the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") (as amended). The Ind AS are prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendments Rules, 2016.

Jana Capital Limited ('the Parent Company' or 'the Holding Company') is a company incorporated in India, which holds 100% of Jana Holdings Limited ('the Company'). The Company holds 22.285% of Equity shares of Jana Small Finance Bank ('Associate').

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

1.3 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016. (As Amended from time to time)

The Consolidated Financial Statements up to year ended 31 March 2018 were prepared in accordance with the accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Act, read with with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP).

The Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2019 were the first set of Consolidated Financial Statements prepared in accordance with Ind AS.

The Company is regulated by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI'). RBI periodically issues/amends directions, regulations and/or guidance (collectively "Regulatory Framework") covering various aspects of the operation of the Company, including those relating to accounting for certain types of transactions. The Regulatory Framework contains specific instructions that need to be followed by the Company in preparing its Consolidated Financial Statements. The Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2025 have been prepared by the Company in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016, as amended from time to time, in this regard.

1.4 Functional and Presentation currency

These Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts are rounded off to the nearest thousands, unless otherwise indicated.

1.5 Basis of measurement

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis.

1.6 Significant areas of estimation, critical judgments and assumptions in applying accounting policies

The preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, as well as the disclosure of contingent liabilities. The Company's management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements are prudent and reasonable. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of the changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Any changes in the accounting estimates are reflected in the period in which such change in circumstances are made, and if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The key estimates and assumptions used in preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements are;

i. Fair value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of Financial Instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items.

ii. Determination of the estimated useful lives of tangible assets and the assessment as to which components of the cost may be capitalized.

Useful lives of tangible assets are based on the life prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. Use of assumptions is also made by the Company for assessing whether an asset may be capitalized and which components of the cost of the asset may be capitalized.

2 Significant accounting policies

The Company has applied the following Accounting Policies to all periods presented in these Consolidated Financial Statements.

i. Revenue recognition

Interest on fixed deposits is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable rate.

Dividend is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

ii. Finance Cost

Interest expense on financial liabilities is recognized on an accrual basis using effective interest rate (EIR) method. The EIR is the rate that discounts the estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial liability adjusted for upfront expenses. The interest expense is recognized on EIR method on a time proportion basis applied on the carrying amount for financial liability. Arranger fees, stamp duty charges and other fees that are integral to the effective interest rate on a liability are included in the effective interest rate.

Other fees and expenses such are recognized as and when they are incurred.

iii. Financial assets and liabilities

a. Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Except for items at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), all financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus or minus transaction costs that are directly attributable and incremental to the origination/acquisition of the financial asset.

Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and

- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest outstanding on the principal amount outstanding (SPPI).

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Amortized cost is calculated by considering any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR and reported as part of interest income in the Statement of Profit or Loss. The losses if any, arising from impairment are recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is measured at FVOCI, only if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and

- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are SPPI.

The loss allowance is recognized in other comprehensive income and does not reduce the carrying value of the financial asset. When the financial asset is derecognized the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Any financial instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVOCI, is classified to be measured at FVTPL.

In addition, the Company may also elect to classify a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is done only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch').

Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in profit or loss.

Classification and subsequent measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at either amortized cost or fair value based on the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

b. Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Except for items at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), all financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value plus or minus transaction costs that are directly attributable and incremental to the issue of the financial liabilities.

Subsequent measurement

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost except for financial liabilities at FVTPL. Such liabilities including derivatives that are liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

c. De-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized when

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

On de-recognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset derecognized) and the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) shall be recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss.

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expired.

d. Modifications of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets

If the terms of a financial asset are modified, the Company evaluates whether the cash flows of the modified asset are substantially different. If the cash flows are substantially different, then the contractual rights to cash flows from the original financial asset are deemed to have expired. In this case, the original financial asset is derecognized and a new financial asset is recognized at fair value adjusted for any eligible transaction costs.

If the cash flows of the modified asset carried at amortized cost are not substantially different, then the modification does not result in derecognition of the financial asset. In this case, the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognizes the amount arising from adjusting the gross carrying amount as a modification gain or loss in Statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognized in statement of profit or loss.

e. Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the statement of financial position when the Company has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends to settle on net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

f. Fair value measurement

'Fair value' is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

When one is available, the Company measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as 'active' if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Company uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

iv. Employee Benefits

The employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid, if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably. The Short term and long term employee Benefits are disclosed based on the period pending for due.

JANA HOLDINGS LIMITED Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

v. Property, plant and equipment

Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss if any. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use, the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and borrowing costs on qualifying assets.

When significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognized net within the statement of profit or loss.

Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company, and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values (at 0.01% except for leasehold improvements which are fully depreciated) using the Straight-Line Method (SLM) over their estimated useful lives, and is recognized in Statement of profit or loss.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Particulars	Useful Life
Furniture and Fixtures	10 Years
Computers and Printers	3 Years

The depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

Depreciation on additions / disposals is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from / up to the date on which asset is ready for use /disposed of.

vi. Other intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets, comprising of software are amortized on the basis of written down value method over the estimated useful life of the asset.

Particulars	Useful Life
Computer Software	3 Years

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

vii. Impairment (non-financial asset)

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit ('CGU') exceeds the recoverable amount, which is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. The fair value less costs to sell is arrived based on available data from binding sales transactions at arm's length, for similar assets. The value in use is based on a discounted cash flow (DCF) model, whereby the future expected cash flows discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.

Impairment losses are recognized in statement of profit or loss, when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit ('CGU') exceeds the estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognized in respect of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the unit (group of units) on a pro rata basis.

Non-financial assets that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

JANA HOLDINGS LIMITED Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

viii. Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currency of the Company at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions or at the average rate if such rate approximates the actual rate at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Foreign currency differences are generally recognized in Statement of profit or loss.

ix. Provisions and contingencies related to claims, litigation, etc.

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as finance cost.

a. Onerous contracts

A contract is considered as onerous when the expected economic benefits to be derived by the Company from the contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract. The provision for an onerous contract is measured at the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the Company recognizes any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.

b. Contingencies related to claims, litigation, etc.

Provision in respect of loss contingencies relating to claims, litigation, assessment, fines, penalties, etc., are recognised when it is probable that a liability has been incurred, and the amount can be estimated reliably. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that the outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

x. Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

a. Current tax:

Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid in respect of taxable income for the year in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax comprises the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts; and
- b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

b. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and its tax base.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and, based on management's judgment, are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the balance sheet date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

The effect of changes in the tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognised as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or substantive enactment date.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- a) the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

xi. Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earning per share data for its ordinary shares. Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss that is attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per share is determined by adjusting the profit or loss that is attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, except where the results are anti-dilutive.

xii. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include balance with banks and fixed deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at amortized cost in the balance sheet.

xiii. Statement of cash flows

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash transactions, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated. For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, Cash and cash equivalents includes bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management.

xiv. Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognises impairment allowances for Expected Credit Loss (ECL) on all the financial assets that are not measured at FVTPL:

ECL are probability weighted estimate of future credit losses based on the staging of the financial asset to reflect its credit risk. They are measured as follows:

• Financial assets that are not credit impaired - as the present values of all cash shortfalls that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

• Financial assets with significant increase in credit risk but not credit impaired - as the present values of all cash shortfalls that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial asset.

• Financial assets that are credit impaired - as the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows

Financial assets are fully provided for or written off (either partially or in full) when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

The Company accounts for investments in associates at cost and tests for impairment at each reporting date. At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are impaired. The financial assets are tested for impairment and impairment losses are incurred if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the net investment (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows from the net investment that can be reliably estimated.

xv. Segment Reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses whose results are regularly reviewed by the Company's chief operating decision maker (CODM) to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the Company's CEO (being the CODM) include items that are directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

				(Rs. In thousands)
1	Cash and Cash Equivalents		31-March-2025	31-March-2024
	Cash on hand		-	-
	Balances with banks		4,043.58	4,866.03
	Fixed deposits with banks		25,310.03	50,000.00
	Total	(1)	29,353.61	54,866.03
	Bank Balance other than cash and cash equivalent			
	Earmarked balances with banks			
	Total other bank balances	Ш	-	-
	Total Cash and bank balances	(+)	29,353.61	54,866.03

2 Investments

(Rs. In thousands)

		As at 31 March	2025	As at 31 March 2024				
		At Fair	⁻ Value		At Fai	r Value		
Particulars	Amortis ed cost	Through Other Comprehensive Income	Through Profit or Loss	Amortised cost	Through Other Comprehensive Income	Through Profit or Loss		
	1	2	3	4	5	6		
Equity instruments	-	-						
Jana small finance bank Limited (Associate)* Unquoted (fully paid-up of Rs. 10/- each)	-	-	46,35,961.26	-	-	19,50,375.10		
Share of Net Worth of associates from previous years			67,85,074.70			-		
% Change in Investment - Sale of Investment			(76,761.05)					
% Change in Investment - New Issue of Shares			1,039.03					
Share in the Profit/(loss) of associates of current year	-	-	1,71,098.06	-	-	25,06,276.87		
Share in the Other comprehensive income of current year	-	-	43,852.07	-	-	1,79,309.28		
Share of Associate from Share Premium and Other Reserves			2,84,168.63					
Total - Gross (A)	-	-	1,18,44,432.70	-	-	46,35,961.26		
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-		
(ii) Investments in India	-	-	1,18,44,432.70	-	-	46,35,961.26		
Total (B)	-	-	1,18,44,432.70	-	-	46,35,961.26		
Allowance for Impairment loss carried forward from last year (C)	-		-	-		-		
Allowance for Impairment loss during the current year (D)			-			-		
Reversal of Allowance for Impairment loss for the year (E)	-	-	-	-	-	3,72,886.21		
Net Impairment loss carried forward (F= D-E)	-	-	46,35,961.26	-	-	(3,72,886.21)		
Less: Impairment Loss recognised during the year						(50,08,847.47)		
Total - Net G= A-F	-	-	72,08,471.44	-	-	-		
* Other basis of measurement such as cost may be explained	as a foot	note						

*Basis of Measurement

Investments represent the shares invested in its associate company Jana Small Finance Bank. The IPO of equity shares of Jana Small Finance Bank Ltd has been completed and the shares are listed in the stock exchanges with effect from 14th February 2024. The fair market value of shares of Jana Small Finance Bank as on March 31, 2025 is Rs. 407.05 and accordingly the investments are valued at fair market value as per IND AS 28-Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures and presented under Investments at Fair Value through profit or loss at a standalone basis. The increase / decrease in the market value of share shall be recognised through Profit or loss in the statement of profit and loss.

The investments in Jana Small Finance Bank being the associate entity has been evaluated during the current year at a Consolidated basis amounting to Rs. 720.85 crores by considering the results of JSFB for the FY 2024-2025 as per IND AS. The networth of JSFB being computed as on March 31, 2025 per IND AS amounts to Rs. 3,234.67 crores and accordingly the share of associate being at 22.285% pertaining to JHL amounts to 720.85 crores.

Previous year figures have not been re-grouped / reclassified in this regard and the share of net worth of JSFB being attributable to JHL has been transferred to the reserves of the current year of JHL on a consolidated basis.

A) Computation of Associate Share of Profit / Loss

A) computation of Associate share of Front, 2033						
				(Rs. In thousands	5)	
		JSFB Results		% Share attributable to JHL		
Particulars				22.29%	22.54%	
		31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	
P&L as per IND AS of JSFB for FY 2024-2025		7,67,772.32	1,11,19,240.79	1,71,098.06	25,06,276.87	
OCI (Loss) / Gain of JSFB for FY 2024-2025		1,96,778.41	7,95,515.90	43,852.07	1,79,309.28	
Share of JSFB - Other Equity and Reserves		3,13,82,191.22	1,81,87,615.53	69,93,521.31	40,99,488.54	
		3,23,46,741.95	3,01,02,372.22	72,08,471.44	67,85,074.70	

Calculation of Consolidated Impairment Loss for the year ended March 31, 2025

	(Rs. In thousands)
Particulars	Amount
Investment Value at Cost as on March 31, 2024	46,35,961.26
Allowance for Impairment loss carried forward from last year	(46,35,961.26)
Reversal of Allowance for Impairment loss for the year	-
Allowance for Impairment loss during the current year	-
Share in the Profit/(loss) of associates during the year FY 2024-2025	1,71,098.06
Share in Other comprehensive Income during the year FY 2024-2025	43,852.07
Share of Net Worth of associates from previous years	69,93,521.31
Total Investment Value including share of Associate Profit / (Loss)	72,08,471.44
Reversal of Existing Investment Value to the extent it becomes Zero	-
Net Investment Value as on March 31, 2025	72,08,471.44
Net Impairment Loss for the FY 2024-2025 considered for consolidation purposes	-

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Rs. In thousands)

3	Other financial assets		31-March-2025	31-March-2024
	(I) Security Deposits	(1)	1,696.50	1,696.50
	(II) Others Receivables		-	14.75
			-	14.75
	Less: Impairment loss allowance		-	-
	Total Other receivables	(II)	-	14.75
	Total		1,696.50	1,711.25
			31-March-2025	31-March-2024
4	Current tax assets			
	TDS Receivable		252.59	44.17
	Total		252.59	44.17

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Rs. In thousands)

(Rs. In thousands)

5 Property, Plant and Equipment-Tangible assets

		Depreciation				Net block				
	As at 01-Apr-24	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	Up to 31-Mar-25	As at 01-Apr-24	For the year	On Deductions/ Adjustments	Up to 31-Mar-25	As at 31-Mar-25	As at 31-Mar-24
Owned assets						-	-			
Computers and Printers	789.71	157.58	-	947.29	512.57	133.19	-	645.76	301.53	277.15
Furniture and Fixtures	65.56	28.40	50.74	43.22	13.18	2.22	-	15.40	27.82	52.38
Total	855.28	185.98	50.74	990.51	525.75	135.41	-	661.16	329.35	329.53

Note:

(i) Title Deeds of Property

The Company is not having immovable properties. Accordingly, disclosure of title deeds related to immovable properties is not applicable.

(ii) Revaluation of Assets

During the year, the Company has not performed any revaluation of Property, plant and Equipment

(iii) Benami Property

The Company does not have any benami property and no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at 31 March 2025 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.

(iv) Registration of Charges with ROC

There are no Property, Plant and Equipment for the company existing as on March 31, 2025 which has been registered with the ROC.

6 Other - Intangible asset	ts
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			Amortization				Net block			
	As at 01-Apr-24	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	Up to 31-Mar-25	As at 01-Apr-24	For the year	On Deductions/ Adjustments	Up to 31-Mar-25	As at 31-Mar-25	As at 31-Mar-24
Computer Software	63.72	-	-	63.72	63.72	-	-	63.72	-	-
Total	63.72	-	-	63.72	63.72	-	-	63.72	-	-

JANA HOLDINGS LIMITED Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Rs. In thousands)

7	Payables	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
(I)	Trade payables		
• • •	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
(b)	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
	Total Trade payables	-	-

Trade Payables Ageing Schedule

(Rs. In thousands)

-

Particulars	Outstanding for f	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years			
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-		
(ii) Others	-	-	-	-	-		
(iii) Disputed Dues MSME	-	-	-	-	-		
(iii) Disputed Dues Others	-	-	-	-	-		

(II) Other payables

31-March-2025 31-March-2024

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(a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises

(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises

Total Other payables

Based on the information available with the NBFC, there are no outstanding dues and payments made to any supplier of goods and services beyond the specified period under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 [MSMED Act]. There is no interest payable or paid to any suppliers under the said Act.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

8 Debt Securities

Debt Securities								(Rs. In thousands)
		As at Ma	arch 31,2025			As at Ma	rch 31, 2024	
Particulars	At Amortised Cost	At Fair Value Through profit or Loss	Designated at Fair value through profit or loss	Total	At Amortised Cost	At Fair Value Through profit or Loss	Designated at Fair value through profit or loss	Total
	1	2	3	4=1+2+3	5	6	7	8=5+6+7
Others - Non Convertible Debentures	70,57,430.90	-	-	70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90	-	-	52,81,180.90
Total (A)	70,57,430.90	-	-	70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90	-	-	52,81,180.90
Debt securities in India	70,57,430.90	-	-	70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90	-	-	52,81,180.90
Debt securities outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (B)	70,57,430.90	-	-	70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90	-	-	52,81,180.90

Particulars	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Debt securities in India (Secured)	-	-
Debt securities in India (Unsecured)	70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90
Debt securities outside India (Secured)		-
Debt securities outside India (Unsecured)		-
Total	70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90

a) Schedule of privately placed redeema	ble non-convertible	debentures (at a	mortised cost)				(Amounts a	re in INR thousands)
Name of the Subscriber	No. of Debentures*	Series Name	Face Value	As at March 31,2025	As at March 31, 2024	Issue Date	Maturity Date	XIRR
TPG ASIA VI India Markets Pte. Ltd	24,300	Series Q1	100.00	46,35,722.94	34,45,022.94	25-May-23	30-Jun-26	49.00%
TPG ASIA VI India Markets Pte. Ltd	11,950	Series Q2	100.00	22,71,707.96	16,86,157.96	25-May-23	30-Jun-26	49.00%
IVY ICON Solutions LLP	1,500	Series R	100.00	1,50,000.00	1,50,000.00	13-Dec-23	13-Jun-25	12.00%
				70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90			

In case of certain Non convertible debentures, redemption premium payable is linked to share price of the JSFB shares. This constitutes an embedded derivative under Ind AS 109.

The above borrowings are unsecured . However, as part of sanction letter there is no requirement to submit Quarterly stock records as the company does not have any stock in hand.

9 Other Financial Liabilities	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Audit fee payable	275.00	275.00
Other Expenses Payable	-	-
Total	275.00	275.00
10 Provisions	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Provision for Employee Benefits	1,093.01	1,393.83
Total	1,093.01	1,393.83
11 Other Non - Financial Liabilities	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Statutory dues	806.60	69,628.73
Total	806.60	69,628.73

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Rs. In thousands)

12	Equity Share capital				
			_	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
	Authorized *				
	Equity Share Capital (As at 31 March 2025-Rs.35,00 par value of Rs.10 each)	Equity shares at	3,50,000.00	3,50,000.00	
	(As at 31 March 2024-Rs.35,00,00,000 (3,50,00,00 each)	0 Equity shares at pa	r value of Rs.10		
	Preference Share Capital (As at 31 March 2025-Rs. shares at par value of Rs.10 each) (As at 31 Marc Preference shares at par value of Rs.10 each)	, , , , , ,	,	1,50,000.00	1,50,000.00
	Total		_	5,00,000.00	5,00,000.00
	Issued, subscribed and paid up				
	Equity Share Capital (As at 31 March 2025: Rs. 22 of Rs.10 each fully paid up) ; As at 31st March Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up)			2,29,099.06	2,29,099.06
	Total		_	2,29,099.06	2,29,099.06
			In thousands		
(a)	Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the				
	beginning and at the end of the year	31-Marc	h-2025	31-March-	2024
		Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
	Outstanding at the beginning of the year	2,29,09,906	2,29,099.06	31,37,136	31,371.36
	Add: Issued during the year		-	1,97,72,770	1,97,727.70
	Outstanding at the end of the year	2,29,09,906	2,29,099.06	2,29,09,906	2,29,099.06

(b) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares being issued, subscribed and fully paid up having a par value of ₹ 10/- each. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share.

The Company declares and pays dividend on equity shares in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. The company has not declared any dividend during the year to its shareholders.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the assets of the Company. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the equity shareholders.

			(Rs. In thousands)
(c)	Shares held by holding company/ultimate holding company	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
	Jana Capital Limited and its nominees ('the Parent Company' or 'the Holding Company' or ' the Ultimate Holding Company")		
	Equity Share Capital (As at 31 March 2025: Rs.22,90,99,060 (2,29,09,906 Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up),	2,29,099.06	2,29,099.06
	(As at 31 March 2024: Rs.22,90,99,060 (2,29,09,906 Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up) ;		
	Total	2,29,099.06	2,29,099.06

(d) Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

	31-March-2025		31-March-2024	
Name of the shareholder	Number of shares	% of holding in the class	Number of shares	% of holding in the class
Jana Capital Limited and its nominees ('the Parent Company' or 'the holding company')	2,29,09,906	100	2,29,09,906	100

As per records of the NBFC, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

The Company has not issued bonus shares or shares for consideration other than cash during the five year period immediately preceding the reporting date.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

13	Other Equity	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
a)	Securities Premium Account		
	Opening balance	2,34,70,823.61	1,44,89,614.7
	Add : Securities premium credited on share issue	-	89,81,208.8
	Less : Premium utilized for various reasons	-	-
	Premium on redemption of debentures	-	-
	For share issue expenses	•	-
	Closing balance	2,34,70,823.61	2,34,70,823.6
)	Statutory Reserve		
	Opening balance	30,339.16	30,339.1
	Add: Transferred during the year	-	-
	Less: Utilization on account of / Transfer to	-	-
	Closing balance	30,339.16	30,339.1
)	Retained Earning and Surplus/(deficit) in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
	Opening balance	(2,89,66,688.14)	(3,45,36,608.6
	Add: Net Profit/(Net Loss) for the current year	(16,60,957.11)	55,69,920.5
	Transfer from reserves	70,93,130.506	-
	Less: Proposed dividends	-	-
	Interim dividends	-	-
	Closing balance	(2,35,34,514.74)	(2,89,66,688.1
I)	Other Comprehensive Income		
	Opening balance	(59,101.16)	(2,38,410.4
	Add: Net Profit/(Net Loss) for the current year	43,852.07	1,79,309.2
	Closing Balance =	(15,249.10)	(59,101.1
	Closing Balance = Total Reserves and surplus	(15,249.10) (48,601.08)	
a)	Total Reserves and surplus Nature and Securities Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.	(48,601.08) can be utilised only for li	(59,101.16 (55,24,626.53 mited purposes suc
	Total Reserves and surplus Nature and Securities Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Statutory Reserve In terms of Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, NBFCs are required to create a reserve fund an per cent of its net profit every year. The above requirement is to give intrinsic strenge	(48,601.08) can be utilised only for li d transfer therein a sum i gth to the balance sheets	(55,24,626.5) mited purposes suc not less than twent of the NFBCs. Th
	Total Reserves and surplus Nature and Securities Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Statutory Reserve In terms of Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, NBFCs are required to create a reserve fund and	(48,601.08) can be utilised only for li d transfer therein a sum i gth to the balance sheets	(55,24,626.5 mited purposes suc not less than twent of the NFBCs. Th
))	Total Reserves and surplus Nature and Securities Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Statutory Reserve In terms of Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, NBFCs are required to create a reserve fund an per cent of its net profit every year. The above requirement is to give intrinsic strenge reserve could be used for purposes as stipulated by the Reserve Bank of India from time to	(48,601.08) can be utilised only for li d transfer therein a sum i gth to the balance sheets	(55,24,626.5 mited purposes suc not less than twen of the NFBCs. Th
a) D)	Total Reserves and surplus Nature and Securities Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Statutory Reserve In terms of Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, NBFCs are required to create a reserve fund am per cent of its net profit every year. The above requirement is to give intrinsic streng reserve could be used for purposes as stipulated by the Reserve Bank of India from time to to reserves for the year ended March 31, 2025.	(48,601.08) can be utilised only for li d transfer therein a sum i gth to the balance sheets to time. However, no tran	(55,24,626.53 mited purposes suc not less than twent of the NFBCs. Th nsfer has been mac
5)	Total Reserves and surplus Nature and Securities Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Statutory Reserve In terms of Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, NBFCs are required to create a reserve fund and per cent of its net profit every year. The above requirement is to give intrinsic streng reserve could be used for purposes as stipulated by the Reserve Bank of India from time to to reserves for the year ended March 31, 2025. Retained Earnings Retained earnings are the profits/ (losses) that the Company has earned to date, less	(48,601.08) can be utilised only for li d transfer therein a sum i gth to the balance sheets to time. However, no tran	(55,24,626.5 mited purposes suc not less than twen of the NFBCs. Th nsfer has been mad
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(ii) As per the information available with us, the Company is not having any relationship with struck off Companies during the year.

(iii) The Company does not have any undisclosed income that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

(iv) During the period , the Company has not traded or invested in Crypto Currency or in Virtual Currency.

JANA HOLDINGS LIMITED Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Rs. In thousands)

14 <u>Revenue from Operation</u>

Particulars	For the year ended 31-March-2025	Previous year ended 31-March-2024
Interest Income (A)		
Interest on deposit with Banks	2,291.81	457.78
Interest on Loans advanced	-	
Interest on Income tax refund	1.32	36.36
Total	2,293.13	494.14
Others (B)		
Reversal of Processing Fee	-	-
Receipt on Waiving off of Loan (Principal + Interest) payable to JCL	-	1,12,32,514.50
Total	-	1,12,32,514.50
Total (A+B)	2,293.13	1,12,33,008.64

15 Finance Cost

Particulars	For the year ended 31-March-2025	Previous year ended 31-March-2024
Interest on debt securities	17,94,250.00	27,83,549.77
Other Finance cost charges	-	3,06,781.81
Interest on borrowings	-	-
Total	17,94,250.00	30,90,331.59

16 Impairment on Financial Instruments

Particulars	For the year ended 31-March-2025	Previous year ended 31-March-2024
Impairment Loss / (Impairment Loss reversal on Investments)	-	50,08,847.47
Total	-	50,08,847.47

17 Employee Benefits Expense

<u>Particulars</u>	For the year ended 31-March-2025	Previous year ended 31-March-2024
Salaries and wages	20,373.32	18,722.73
Provision for leave encashment (Refer Note-1 below)	-	-
Total	20,373.32	18,722.73

Note:1

The Company has a Leave policy defined as per which employees are entitled to 21 workings days of privilege/earned leave during a financial year. The leave shall be credited at the beginning of the financial year for existing employees as at 01st April and for employees joined during the year the leave shall be credited on a proportionate basis.

As per the Company policy only 10 days of privilege leave from the current financial year can be carried forward to the next financial year: unused privilege leaves will be lapsed. Encashment of privilege leave will be possible at the time of separation on a pro rata basis.

(Rs. In thousands)

18 Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Particulars	For the year ended 31-March-2025	Previous year ended 31-March-2024
on tangible assets (Refer note 5)	135.41	66.93
on intangible assets (Refer note 6)	-	-
Total Depreciation and amortization expense	135.41	66.93

19 Other Expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31-March-2025	Previous year ended 31-March-2024
Rent, taxes and energy costs	10,536.36	752.58
Repairs and maintenance	398.41	129.94
Communication costs	134.47	104.76
Printing and stationery	57.05	37.86
Advertisement and publicity	261.56	147.96
Directors' fees, allowances and expenses	2,035.50	2,419.00
Auditor's fees and expenses	476.10	357.10
Other Audit Expenses	1.80	194.70
Legal and professional charges	6,531.96	41,627.35
Filing fees	57.40	-
Bank charges	19.79	16.67
Surveillance Fees	-	-
Travelling Expenses	299.00	109.79
Internal audit	59.00	109.00
Stamp and Franking charges	(1,914.90)	2,537.61
Loss on sale of Investments	-	
Other expenditure	636.08	2,851.96
Total	19,589.58	51,396.27

Note : The following is the break-up of Auditor's remuneration (inclusive/exclusive of service tax)

		For the year ended 31-March-2025	Previous year ended 31-March-2024
b)	As auditor:		
	Audit Fees	476.10	357.10
	Total	476.10	357.10

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

20 Earnings/ Loss per share

Basic earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/loss for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/loss attributable to equity holders (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Net Profit / (Net Loss) as per the statement of Profit and Loss	(16,60,957.11)	55,69,920.53
Less: preference dividend after-tax (Refer Note 14(f))	-	-
Loss attributable to equity holders after preference dividend	(16,60,957.11)	55,69,920.53
Add: Interest on convertible preference shares	-	-
Loss attributable to equity holders adjusted for the effect of dilution	(16,60,957.11)	55,69,920.53
Weighted average number of equity shares for basic EPS*	2,29,09,906.00	31,37,136.00
Effect of dilution:		
Rights Shares Issued	-	1,97,72,770.00
Weighted average number of equity shares adjusted for the effect of dilution	2,29,09,906.00	2,29,09,906.00
Basic loss per share (INR)	(72.50)	243.12
Diluted loss per share (INR)	(72.50)	243.12

* The weighted average number of shares takes into account the weighted average effect of changes in treasury share transactions during the year.

21 Leases

The Entity has considered and evaluated the applicability of the standard IND AS 116 Leases which has been made effective from 01 April 2019 by the Government of India, through Ministry of Corporate Affairs Notification.

- As per Para 5 of INDAS 116, A lessee may elect not to apply the requirements in paragraphs 22-49 (Recognition and measurement criteria for leases) to

(a) short-term leases; and

(b) leases for which the underlying asset is of low value (as described in paragraphs B3-B8).

- Further as per Para 6 of the said standard If a lessee elects not to apply the requirements in paragraphs 22-49 to either short-term leases or leases for which the underlying asset is of low value, the lessee shall recognise the lease payments associated with those leases as an expense on either a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis. The lessee shall apply another systematic basis if that basis is more representative of the pattern of the lessee's benefit.

Considering the effect of the aforesaid paragraphs the entity determines the lease rental payments made during the period to be as as low value in nature thereby the said payments has been recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss in the financial year 2024-2025. This is in line with the treatment adopted by the entity for the previous financial year 2023-2024.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

22 Related Party Disclosures: 31 March 2025

The Entity has identified and entered into transactions with the related parties. The details of the same is disclosed as under in accordance with IND AS 24 - Related Party Disclosures

A) Names of the related party	Nature of Relationship
i. Jana Capital Limited	Holding Company
ii. Jana Small Finance Bank (formerly known as	Associate Company
Janalakshmi Financial Services Limited)	Associate company
iii. Janaadhar (India) Private Limited	Group Company
iv. Jana Urban Foundation	Group Entity
v. Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan	Non-Executive Chairman and Director
vi. Mr. Abraham Chacko	Independent Director
vii. Mrs. Saraswathy Athmanathan	Independent Director
viii. Ms. Rajalakshmi Ambady	Independent Director
ix. Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	Managing Director and CEO
x. Mr. S.V Ranganath	Additional Director
xi. Mr. Gopalakrishnan S	KMP-Chief Financial Officer (Till 03-July-2024)
xii. Ms. Vidya Sridharan	KMP-Company Secretary (Till 29-July-2024)
xiii. Mr. Srinivas NS	KMP-Chief Financial Officer (From 04-July-2024 till date)
xiv. Ms. Krishi Jain	KMP-Company Secretary (From 01-Aug-2024 till date)

B) Related Parties - with whom transactions have taken place during the year	Nature of Relationship
i. Jana Small finance Bank (formerly known as Janalakshmi Financial Services Limited)	Associate Company
ii. Jana Urban Space Foundation	Group Company
iii. Mr. Abraham Chacko	Independent Director
iv Mr. S.V Ranganath	Additional Director
v. Ms. Rajalakshmi Ambady	Independent Director
vi. Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	Managing Director and CEO
vii. Mr. Gopalakrishnan S	KMP - Chief Financial Officer (Till 03-July-2024)
viii. Ms. Vidya Sridharan	KMP - Company Secretary (Till 29-July-2024)
ix. Mr. Srinivas NR	KMP - Chief Financial Officer (From 04-July-2024 till date)
x. Ms. Krishi Jain	KMP - Company Secretary (From 01-Aug-2024 till date)

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

Name of Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Transaction Value for the FY 2024- 2025	Amount Outstanding as at 31 March 2025	Transaction Value for the FY 2023- 2024	Amount Outstanding as at 31 March 2024
A) Related Entities	1				
	Inter Company Loan provided to Jana Capital Limited	-	-	(2,600.00)	-
	Inter Company Loan obtained from Jana Capital Limited	-		1,17,63,714.71	
	Inter Company Loan repaid to Jana Capital Limited	-		(8,25,600.00)	
	Waiver of Loan with interest	-] -	(1,12,32,514.51)	-
	Interest on Loan obtained from Jana Capital Limited	-		2,94,399.79	
i) Jana Capital Limited (JCL)	Repayment of Loan by Jana Capital Limited to Jana Holdings Limited	-	-	-	-
	Interest Received on loan	-	-	-	-
	Receipt of funds and Allotment of additional shares and share capital being held by Jana Capital Limited	-	(2,29,099.06)	91,78,936.52	(2,29,099.06)
	Interest accrual on NCD purchased in secondary market	-	-	(14,387.98)	-
	Investment in equity shares (net of impairment loss)	-		-	
	Loss on Sale of Investments	6,88,528.16		-	
	Investment sale vale	99,609.21	72,08,471.44	-	-
	Share of Profit / Loss	1,71,098.06		25,06,276.87	
	Impairment Loss reversal during the period	-		50,08,847.47	
	Fixed Deposits balances matured	1,27,000.00		(30,000.00)	50,000.00
	Fixed Deposits placed during the year	(1,02,000.00)	25,310.03	80,000.00	
	FD Interest Income	2,291.81		398.87	14.75
ii) Jana Small Finance Bank	Receipt of funds and payment of NCD dues and charges through current account	-	-	-	
11) Jana Small Finance Bank	Short Term Loan received through JSFB A/c	-	-	2,30,000.00	-
	Short Term Loan repaid through JSFB A/c with interest	-	-	(2,39,689.43)	-
	Amount received / (paid) towards professional services and other expenses	1,950.40	-	(30,039.61)	-
	Coupon Payment for NCD	(18,000.00)	-	-	-
	NCD's redeemed through Jana Bank Subscription Account	-	1,605.00	(2,36,44,235.74)	2,028.01
	NCD Subscription through Jana Bank Subscription Account	-		37,75,000.00	
	Inter bank transfer	47,900.00	1	17,19,506.00	
	Bank Charges	(19.81)	1	(16.66)	
iii. Janaadhar (India) Private Limited	Reimbursement of expenses	-	-	(32.79)	-
iv. Jana Urban Space Foundation	Rental Expenses	(132.30)	-	-	-

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

B) Key Management Personnel					
i) Mr. Gopalakrishnan S	Salary and Incentives paid	(1,601.16)	-	(1,544.08)	-
n) Mi. Oopataki isinan 3	Reimbursement of expense	(10.08)	-	(30.44)	-
	Salary and Incentives paid	(626.66)	-	(1,432.90)	-
ii) Ms. Vidya Sridharan	Rental Expenses	(32.38)	-	(155.00)	-
	Reimbursement of expense	(60.78)	-	(104.98)	-
iii) Mr. Srinivas NR	Salary and Incentives paid	(1,679.13)	-	-	-
III) MI. SHIIIVAS NK	Reimbursement of expense	(27.13)	-	-	-
iv) Ms. Krishi Jain	Salary and Incentives paid	(1,065.90)	-	-	
	Reimbursement of expense	(31.52)		-	
C) Directors					
i. Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan	Loan amount received	-	-	2,000.00	-
1. Mr. Ramesh Ramanathan	Loan amount repaid	-	-	(2,000.00)	-
ii. Mr. Abraham Chacko	Sitting fees paid	(517.50)	-	(810.00)	-
	Reimbursement of expense	(21.75)		-	
iii. Ms. Saraswathy Athmanathan	Sitting fees paid	-	-	(360.00)	-
iv. Mr. S.V Ranganath	Sitting fees paid	(517.50)	-	(675.00)	-
. He Detalation to be d	Sitting fees paid	(517.50)		-	-
v. Ms. Rajalakshmi Ambady	Reimbursement of expense	(12.89)		-	
vi. Mr. Rajamani Muthuchamy	Salary and incentives paid	(8,758.98)	-	(8,712.21)	-
	Reimbursement of expense	(22.42)	-	(24.49)	-

23 Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities

The fair value of other current financial assets, cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables ,investments trade payables, short-term borrowings and other financial liabilities approximate the carrying amounts because of the short term nature of these financial instruments.

The amortized cost using effective interest rate (EIR) of non-current financial assets consisting of security and term deposits are not significantly different from the carrying amount. Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired include cash and cash equivalents, security deposits, term deposits, and other financial assets.

24 Fair value hierarchy

The following is the hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

•Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
 Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

No financial assets/liabilities have been valued using level 1 fair value measurements.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Fair value measurement hierarchy of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities As at 31 March 2025

				(Amount are	in INR thousands)
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value	Total Carrying Amount
Financial Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	29,353.61	-	-	29,353.61	29,353.61
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	-
Investment in associates	72,08,471.44	-	-	72,08,471.44	72,08,471.44
Other Financial Assets	-	-	1,696.50	1,696.50	1,696.50
Financial Liabilities					
Payables	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	-	-	70,57,430.90	70,57,430.90	70,57,430.90
Other financial liabilities	-	-	275.00	275.00	275.00

Fair value measurement hierarchy of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities as at 31 March 2024

				(Amount are	re in INR thousands)	
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value	Total Carrying Amount	
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	54,866.03	-	-	54,866.03	54,866.03	
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	-	
Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	
Investment in associates	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Financial Assets	-	-	1,711.25	1,711.25	1,711.25	
Financial Liabilities						
Payables	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt securities	-	-	52,81,180.90	52,81,180.90	52,81,180.90	
Other financial liabilities	-	-	275.00	275.00	275.00	

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, fixed deposits, trade payables, other payables and borrowings are considered to be the same as their fair values. Investments has been recognised based on the market value per share of the associate company Jana Small Finance Bank. The fair values of borrowings were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including own and counterparty credit risk.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

25 Capital management

The adequacy of the Company's capital is monitored using, among other measures, the regulations issued by RBI. The primary objectives of the Company's capital management are to ensure that the Company complies with externally imposed capital requirements and maintains requisite credit ratings. The funding requirements are met through equity and non convertible debentures. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it according to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its activities. No changes have been made to the objectives, policies and processes from the previous years. However, they are under constant review by the Board.

The Company is a NOFHC of Jana Small Finance Bank Limited ('JSFB' or 'the Bank') and has no operation of its own. As per the terms and conditions of the license issued to the Bank to commence small finance bank business under Section 22 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 vide letter DBR.NBD.(SFB-JFS) No. 12881/16.13216/2016-17 dated 28 April 2017 ('Licensing letter'), the Company is required to comply with the provisions of paragraph 2(H)(ii)\ of the Guidelines for Licensing Of New Banks in the Private Sector dated 22 February 2013 which refers to Capital Adequacy ('CAR') compliance on a consolidated basis by the NOFHC as per RBI guidelines.

(i)	Gearing Ratio			
	Particulars		31-March-2025	31-March-2024
	Equity Share Capital		2,29,099.06	2,29,099.06
	Other Equity		(48,601.08)	(55,24,626.54)
	Total equity	(i)	1,80,497.98	(52,95,527.48)
	Borrowings other than convertible preference shares		70,57,430.90	52,81,180.90
	Less: cash and cash equivalents		(29,353.61)	(54,866.03)
	Total debt	(ii)	70,28,077.28	52,26,314.87
	Overall financing	(iii) = (i) + (ii)	72,08,575.26	(69,212.63)
	Gearing ratio	(ii)/ (iii)	0.97	-75.51

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the financial year 2024-2025.

(ii) Consolidated CRAR

Particulars	31-March-2025	31-March-2024
Common Equity Tier1 (CET1) capital	3,11,06,420.54	2,79,28,752.44
Other Tier 2 capital instruments	-	-
Total Capital	3,11,06,420.54	2,79,28,752.44
Risk weighted assets	19,30,66,223.00	17,51,75,896.98
CET1 capital ratio	16.11%	15.94%
Total capital ratio	16.11%	15.94%

26 Change in liabilities arising from financing activities

Particulars	01-Apr-24	Cash flows	Others*	Changes in fair values	Exchange difference	31-March-2025
Debt securities	52,81,180.90	-	17,76,250.00	-	-	70,57,430.90
Total liabilities from financing activities	52,81,180.90	-	17,76,250.00	-	-	70,57,430.90
Particulars	01-Apr-23	Cash flows	Others*	Changes in fair values	Exchange difference	31-Mar-24
Debt securities	2,25,45,346.93	(2,00,47,715.79)	27,83,549.77	-	-	52,81,180.90
Total liabilities from financing activities	2,25,45,346.93	(2,00,47,715.79)	27,83,549.77	-	-	52,81,180.90

*Others includes the effect of accrued but not paid interest on debt securities, amortisation of processing fees etc.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

27 Segment Reporting

The Company is NOFHC and has classified this as its business segment and accordingly there are no separate reportable segments in accordance with Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment".

28 Foreign Exchange Transaction

The Company does not have any foreign currency transactions entered during the year and hence there are no foreign currency earnings, outflows and forex gain or loss during the year.

Particulars	Amount
Foreign Currency Earnings	-
Foreign Currency Outflow	-
Forex Gain / Loss	-

29 Disclosure on Merger with Parent Company

The Board at its meeting held on October 21, 2019, and December 09, 2019, approved fast-track method for merging Jana Holdings Limited (JHL), being the wholly owned Non-Operating Financial Holding Company (NOFHC), with its Holding as well as Core Investment Company, Jana Capital Limited, after receiving the In-principle approval from the RBI on 10th August 2020. As per the existing guidelines, the requirement of having a NOFHC has been dispensed with by the RBI for setting up small finance Banks and Universal Banks. Further, such a merger of the wholly owned subsidiary with the Holding Company will simplify the compliances reported to various Regulatory Authorities, besides resulting in lower operating costs. After the receipt of the in-principle approval from the RBI, the Board of Directors of the transferor and the Transferee Companies met on 24th August 2020 and approved the Scheme of Amalgamation of Jana Holdings Limited (Wholly Owned subsidiary) with Jana capital Limited (Holding Company).

Jana Capital limited, transferee Company, submitted necessary application to the Regional Director, South-East Region, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Hyderabad, on 6th November 2020 for obtaining approval of Amalgamation under Section 233 of the Companies Act, 2013. Regional Director, Ministry of Company Affairs, Hyderabad, vide letter dated 26th March 2021 rejected the application filed on 6th November 2020 for the merger of JHL with JCL, since JHL had obtained consent from the creditors to the extent of 82.78% in value as against the minimum threshold of consent from 90% of the creditors in value as required under Section 233 of the Companies Act, 2013 and, as such, the provisions of Section 233(1)(d) could not be fully complied with. The Board of Directors considered the aforesaid rejection order and resolved to file fresh merger

application subject to the approval of the Scheme by the Board of Directors, Shareholders, Creditors, and such other authorities as may be required. Accordingly, the Board of directors of both Jana Holdings Limited and Jana Capital Limited on November 14, 2022, have once again approved the scheme of amalgamation and resolved to apply afresh for the merger of the company with Jana Capital Limited, the Holding Company. In line with the decision of the Board of Directors, the company has taken steps to obtain affidavit in the prescribed Formats from the creditors and shareholders for the merger.

However. the Company, in the meanwhile, received a request from Jana Small Finance Bank Limited (JSFBJ regarding the merger and, due to certain commercial considerations, the Company has decided to put the merger on hold till the listing process of the Jana Small Finance Bank Is completed. JSFB shares have been listed with effect from 14th February 2024. The Company received the In-principle approval afresh from RBI on July 29, 2024. Further, in order to mitigate the stamp duty implications associated with the approval of the merger scheme by the NCLT, the Company shifted its registered office from the State of Karnataka to the State of Tamil Nadu w.e.f. January 24, 2025, basis the approval of the Regional Director South East Region, Hyderabad, Ministry of Corporate Affair and other regulatory approvals and consequently the Clause II of the Memorandum of Association of the Company was altered to that extent. The Board re-approved the draft scheme of amalgamation on February 3, 2025, as the previous approval was dated. The Company has obtained the consent from all the shareholders and debenture holders in the prescribed format. The Company has applied to the BSE for its in-principle approval and the same has been further commended to SEBI for approval. The Company has received the NOC from the BSE for the Merger.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

30 Disclosure on COVID-19

The outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic had led to a nation-wide lockdown in March 2020. This was followed by localised lockdowns in areas with a significant number of COVID-19 cases. Following the easing of lockdown measures, there was an improvement in economic activity in the second half of fiscal 2021. India experienced a "second wave" of the COVID- 19 pandemic in April-May 2021 following the discovery of mutant coronavirus variants, leading to the re-imposition of regional lockdowns. These were gradually lifted as the second wave subsided.

The impact of COVID-19, including changes in customer behaviour and pandemic fears, as well as restrictions on business and individual activities, has led to significant volatility in global and Indian financial markets and a significant decrease in global and local economic activities. The slowdown during the year led to a decrease in loan originations and in collection efficiency of the target company.

India is emerging from the COVID-19 pandemic. The extent to which any new wave of COVID-19 will impact the Group's results will depend on ongoing as well as future developments, including, among other things, any new information concerning the severity of the COVID-19 pandemic, and any action to contain its spread or mitigate its impact whether government-mandated or elected by us.

31 Capital to Risk Assets Ratio

The Company is a Non operating Financial Holding Company ('NOFHC') of Jana Small Finance Bank Limited ('JSFB' or 'the Bank') and has no operation of its own. As per RBI guidelines, the Company shall maintain minimum capital adequacy ratio ('CAR') at a consolidated level based on the prudential guidelines on Capital Adequacy and Market Discipline - New Capital Adequacy Framework (NCAF) issued under Basel II framework and Guidelines on Implementation of Basel III Capital Regulations of India, when implemented. For The Year Ended March 31, 2025 the Consolidated CAR is at 16.11% which is greater than regulatory minimum of 15%. Refer Note-26(ii) above for the computation of the same.

32 Net Owned Fund

The Company is a NOFHC of Jana Small Finance Bank Limited ('JSFB' or 'the Bank') and has no operation of its own. In accordance with Section 45-IA of the RBI Act 1934, and Master Direction DNBR.PD.008/03.10.119/2016-17 dated September 1, 2016, the Company is required to adhere the prescribed net owned funds requirement of INR 200 Lakhs to carry on the business of a non-banking financial institution.

The Company on a standalone basis has a shortfall of the prescribed minimum net owned fund as of March 31, 2025 being (INR 677.79 crores). The main reason for shortfall is on account of accumulated losses which consists of cost of borrowings.

To resolve the issue, the Company evaluated the option to merge with Jana Capital Limited (the holding Company and a Core Investment Company) and accordingly filed an application for merger the position of which has been explained above as part of Note-29 above.

33 Leverage Ratio on a Standalone basis

The Company is a Non-Operating Financial Holding Company ('NOFHC') of Jana Small Finance Bank Limited ('JSFB' or 'the Bank') and has no operation of its own. As per RBI guidelines, the Company has a leverage ratio of **2.82 times** which is higher than the regulatory threshold of 1.25 times on a standalone basis For The Year Ended March 31, 2025.

34 Going Concern Basis of Accounting

The Company on a standalone basis has incurred a net loss of INR 186.01 crores during the financial year ended March 31, 2025 (net loss of INR 460.42 crores during the year ended March 31, 2024), and despite the accumulated losses being at INR 2,122.93 crores, as on March 31, 2025, the Reserves and Surplus remain positive at INR 227.19 crores. However, breaches in the regulatory requirements such as net owned funds continue to exist. Despite that, the Company was able to successfully raise further debt and equity required for maintaining sufficient liquidity and meeting its obligations and is in a position to continue its business in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared under the going concern assumption.

35 Listing requirement for equity shares of Associate Company

As per Small Finance Bank Licensing Guidelines issued by the RBI, the equity shares of the Bank are required to be listed on a stock exchange in India within three years from the date of commencement of banking business i.e., March 27, 2021. The IPO of equity shares of Jana Small Finance Bank Ltd has been completed and the shares are listed in the stock exchanges with effect from 14th February 2024.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated)

36 Prior year comparatives

Previous year figures have been re-grouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification/ disclosure.

As per our report of even date

For MURALI & VENKAT

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 002162S

Palishohandraw

G. Satishchandra Partner Membership No: 027372 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Jana Holdings Limited CIN: U74900TZ2016PLC033423

Rajamani Muthuchamy Managing Director and CEO DIN:08080999 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

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Srinivas NR Chief Financial Officer Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

Ramesh Ramanathan Chairman DIN:00163276 Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025

Krishi Jain Company Secretary Place: Bengaluru Date: 30-May-2025